The Sydney Morning Herald.

PRICE THREEPENCE.—£3 PER ANNUM] VOL. XXIX. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1850. No. 4219 {CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS For one inch and under, 3s.; and 1s. for every additional inch for each insertion.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE AND LAUNCESTON.
CALLING AT EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.

THE STEAM SHIP SHAMROCK, George Gilmore, commander, will be despatched for the above ports on MONDAY, 2nd December, at 5 P.M.
JAMES PATERSON, Sec.
H. R. S. N. Co.'s Wharf. 9332

A REGULAR TRADER FOR MORETON BAY.

THE clipper Schooner FAVORITE, T. Stericker, Master, having part cargo engaged, will be despatched in a few days. For freight or passage apply to the Master, on board; or to
THOMAS CROFT, Commercial Wharf.

NOTE.—This very superior vessel's accommodations are first-rate, having a separate ladies' cabin—beds and bedding found. 9379

ONLY VESSEL FOR MELBOURNE.

THE BRIGANTINE HIRONDELLE, W. H. Saunders, commander, will be detained until Tuesday, the 26th instant, at the request of passengers. Has only room (disengaged) for three passengers in the cabin, and six in the steerage. The accommodations are fully equal to any in the trade. Beds, linen, &c., and the best wines and provisions found on board. For freight or passage apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to
E. M. SAYERS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 489, George-street. 9361

FOR HOBART TOWN.
Will be detained until Wednesday morning.

THE fine new packet brig EMMA, 170 tons, R. F. Pockley, commander.

As the request of passengers this vessel will be detained until Wednesday morning. She is now receiving freight. She has only two cabins disengaged, for which, or steerage passage, early application is necessary, on board, at the Queen's Wharf, or to
JOHN MACNAMARA, Queen street. 9414

FOR ADELAIDE.

THE WILD IRISH GIRL, for Adelaide, has room for two cabin passengers, and about four tons of light freight. Apply before 11 o'clock this day on board, at the Queen's Wharf, or to
JOHN MACNAMARA, Queen-street. 9415

AT BOTTS' WHARF.
FOR AUCKLAND.

THE clipper Brig MOA, 286 tons, Captain Norris, is loading, and will meet with her usual despatch. For freight or passage apply on board, to the Captain; or to
WILLIAM WRIGHT, Lower Fort-street.
November 20. 9275

FIRST VESSEL FOR AUCKLAND,
UNDER PENALTY TO SAIL ON TUESDAY NEXT, THE 26TH INSTANT, FULL OR NOT FULL.

THE favourite packet EMMA, 135 tons register, Henry T. Fox, Commander, loading at Willis' (Bon-Accord) Wharf, will sail as above (weather permitting). *Shippers are requested to complete their shipments, and pass their Customs Entries before two o'clock this day.* For freight, or *steerage* passage only, immediate application is necessary, to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 470, George-street. 9440

FOR PORT NICHOLSON AND PORT COOPER.

THE A1 SHIP ORIENTAL, Taylor, Commander, 607 tons, is now ready to take in stock and cargo for the above ports, and will meet with despatch.

This ship has excellent ventilation, an unusually favourable opportunity for shippers and passengers.

For further particulars, apply to
M. E. MURNIN, Queen-street.
November 4. 8118

FIRST SHIP FOR SAN FRANCISCO, VIA HONOLULU.
TO SAIL POSITIVELY ON THE 30TH INSTANT.

THE fine fast-sailing River built ship LOUISA BAILLIE, A1, 413 tons, Robert Roxby, commander, has room for a small quantity of light freight, and first-rate accommodations for cabin and steerage passengers. Apply to the Captain, on board; or, to
J. B. METCALFE.
November 21. 9233

FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE A1 SHIP HUDSON, Captain M'Neil, will sail from Newcastle for Panama on or about the 15th proximo. As the route via the Isthmus is doubtless the shortest to England, and not more expensive, the sailing of the Hudson presents a favourable opportunity to passengers desirous of proceeding home, with as much despatch as possible, as well as to invalids who wish to escape the boisterous and disagreeable passage of the Horn.

Passage to Panama, exclusive of wines and liquors, twenty-five guineas. Every information in regard to the passage across the Isthmus, and the sailing of the Steamers from Chagres (the Atlantic port) for England and the United States, given by applying to
F. W. CLARKE, Spring-street. 9311

FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE A1 teak-built ship EMERALD ISLE, 550 tons, Wells Holt, commander, will have quick despatch for San Francisco. For Freight, having room for a few tons of light measurement goods, or passage, both cabin and intermediate, apply to the Captain on board, at Miller's Point Wharf; to
LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.; or,
EDWARD N. BURGESS, No. 20, Macquarie-place. 9400

FOR SAN FRANCISCO,
ONE OF THE CELEBRATED NEW ORLEANS PACKETS.

THE fine clipper-built ship JACQUES LAFITTE, 700 tons burthen, A. B. Cooper, Commander, will sail from Newcastle for the above port on or about the 25th of December.

The splendid accommodations and style of living on board the Havre and New Orleans packets, is sufficiently well known to insure to the passengers by this ship comforts seldom to be found at sea.

For light freight, or passage, either cabin or steerage, apply to
D. N. JOUBERT, 589, George-street. 9400

NOTICE. — Passengers by the ship YORK are requested to pay in the balance of their passage money by Wednesday next, and receive receipts for the same. No baggage will be received on board unless the receipt of having paid the full amount be produced. 9102

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF HORSES.
FOR CALCUTTA.

THE well-known regular trader ROYAL SAXON, 713 tons new measurement. William Charlesworth, commander, will sail about the middle of December. For particulars apply at the Wharf.
R. TOWNS.
November 11. 8564

FOR CALCUTTA DIRECT.

TO sail in a few days, the A1 fast-sailing ship MARIA SOMES, 785 tons register, H. J. Naylor, Commander. For freight or passage apply to
MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.; or, to
Captain NAYLOR,
9166 At F. Mitchell and Co.'s, Queen's Wharf.

FIRST WOOL SHIP OF THE SEASON,
FOR LONDON.
TO SAIL ON THE 20TH DECEMBER.

THE A1 frigate-built passenger ship BLENHEIM, 800 tons, (belonging to Messrs. D. Dunbar and Sons,) A. S. MOLISON, commander, will sail as above, and carries a surgeon.

For freight, or for CABIN, INTERMEDIATE, and STEERAGE passage, apply on board, at Campbell's Wharf; to
J. B. METCALFE; or,
SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO., Spring-street.
Sydney, November, 1850. 9186

FOR LONDON.
UNDER ENGAGEMENT TO SAIL THE FIRST WEEK IN JANUARY.

THE well-known and splendid teak-built ship GENERAL HEWITT, 1000 tons burthen, John Gatenby, Commander.

Has superior accommodation for cabin and steerage passengers, and presents a good opportunity for families proceeding to England.

For freight of wool only, and for passage, apply on board; to
BROWN AND CO.; or, to
MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO. 8897

TO PASSENGERS AND SHIPPERS OF WOOL.
FOR LONDON,
TO SAIL ON THE 20TH JANUARY NEXT.

THE A1 frigate-built passenger ship WATERLOO, 900 tons, (belonging to Messrs. D. Dunbar and Sons,) HENRY NEATBY, commander, having her dead weight and 1200 bales wool engaged, will sail punctually to her time.

For CABIN, INTERMEDIATE, or STEERAGE passage, apply to
DONALDSON AND CO.; or,
SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO.
Sydney, November, 1850. 9187

FOR LONDON.

THE FINE BRIG SALACIA, A1, 296 tons, J. Armstrong, Commander. For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board; to SMITH, CAMPBELL, and Co.; or
J. B. METCALFE.
November 14. 8733

FOR LONDON.

THE fast-sailing first-class Ship COMMODORE, 489 tons register, J. Broadfoot, Commander, will have quick despatch. Has very superior accommodation for passengers. Apply to
CAMPBELL AND CO., or to
7087 ROBERT HOW.

FOR LONDON.
UNDER POSITIVE ENGAGEMENT TO SAIL DECEMBER 20.

THE A1 clipper barque PHŒNICIAN, 500 tons, Hugh Sproat, commander.

For freight of wool only, and for cabin and steerage passage, apply on board; to
GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO.; Or, to
MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO. 8895

FIRST WOOL SHIP FOR LONDON.
TO SAIL ON THE SIXTH DECEMBER.

THE fine first-class Ship MARY WHITE, J. H. Walker, Commander, 380 tons register, has only room for a few bales of wool. A limited number of cabin, intermediate, and steerage passengers will be taken at the lowest possible rates.

For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board, at Campbell's Wharf; or to
J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.; or,
L. AND S. SPYER. 9412

FOR LONDON.

THE fine A1 fast-sailing Ship HOOGHLY, 467 tons register, Alexander Sproul, commander; she has very superior accommodation for passengers, and a large portion of her cargo being engaged, she will be despatched early in the season. For freight or passage apply to
THACKER AND CO.,
9107 George-street.

FOR LONDON.
TO SAIL FEBRUARY 1, 1851.

THE new frigate BLACKWALL, pierced for 32 guns, 1000 tons, A1, 13 years, J. N. Thorne (late of the Walmer Castle), Commander.

This splendid ship, built expressly for the trade by her owners, Messrs. Green, of Blackwall, has first-rate accommodations for passengers.

For freight or passage apply to the undersigned, where plans of the accommodations may be seen.
WILLIAM HINDSON; or,
83 LYALL, SCOTT AND CO.

FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE fine fast sailing Liverpool-built barque LAURA, 330 tons register, Captain Robert Dambrill, is now ready to receive cargo, and will have quick despatch.

For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, at the Flour Wharf; or to
SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO., Sussex-street.
November 20. 9246

FOR LONDON.
FOR WOOL AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE splendid new barque WILLIAM AND MARY, A1, 536 tons, Robert Peter, commander.

This vessel is now on her first voyage, and having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will have quick despatch. Has superior accommodation for cabin and steerage passengers. Apply to
FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.; or, to
9408 GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE first-class British built barque, VICTORIA, 358 tons register, William Linnington, commander. The Victoria having arrived in ballast, can be despatched immediately. Apply to Captain Linnington, on board; or, to
FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.
16th November. 9002

SHIP TASMANIA.—£1500 wanted on bottomry of said ship. Tenders for the above sum will be received until Monday, noon. For further particulars apply to W. TUCKER, 421, George-street.
November 20. 9179

BALMAIN ANNIVERSARY REGATTA, ST. ANDREW'S DAY, Saturday, 30th November.

COMMITTEE—
Messrs. E. W. Layton
P. Goold
F. H. Wilson
R. Mackay
R. G. Mackean
Frederick Ford.

UMPIRE—Mr. John Bramwell
SECRETARY—Mr. Thomas Nalder
TREASURER—Mr. Alexander Gray.

FIRST MATCH.
For all Gigs pulling four oars. First prize, £8 8s.; second ditto, £1 1s.

SECOND MATCH.
For Sailing Boats not exceeding *thirteen* feet on the keel. First prize, £8 8s.; second ditto, 10s. 6d.

THIRD MATCH.
For Skiffs pulling two oars, to be rowed by Amateurs only. First prize, £8 8s.; second ditto, £1 1s.

FOURTH MATCH.
For Sailing Boats not exceeding *sixteen* feet on the keel. First prize, £10; second ditto, 15s.

FIFTH MATCH.
For all Yachts. First prize, £20; second ditto, £2 2s.

SIXTH MATCH.
For Licensed Watermen, pulling a pair of sculls, in skiffs that have been *bona fide* licensed for watermen at least three months previous to the race. First prize, £5; second ditto, 10s. 6d.

SEVENTH MATCH.
For Licensed Wood Boats. First prize, £8; second ditto, 10s. 6d.

EIGHTH MATCH.
For *bona fide* Whaleboats. First prize, £10; second ditto, £1 1s.

NINTH MATCH.
For Ballast Boats. First prize, £8; second ditto, 10s. 6d.

TENTH MATCH.
For Yatchs not exceeding *five* tons. First prize, £12; second ditto, £1 1s.

ELEVENTH MATCH.
For Skiffs pulling a pair sculls, by Amateurs only. First prize, £5; second ditto, 10s. 6d.

TWELFTH MATCH.
For a Gig and Dingy. Prize, £2.

The Courses, Entrance Fees, Regulations, &c., the same as published in *Bell's Life*, of to-day.

Entrances to be made between the hours of five and eight o'clock P.M., on Monday next, the 25th instant, at the Committee Rooms, Burnbank Hotel, Balmain, and draw for stations at the same time.

Applications for Booths, to be made to the Secretary, on or before Wednesday next.

By order of the Committee,
THOMAS NALDER,
9441 Honorary Secretary.

PORT PHILLIP.

THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES will purchase approved Bills payable at Melbourne or Geelong.

By order of the Board of Directors.
9383 J. BAILLIE, Secretary.

THE MAYORALTY.—In the Domestic Intelligence of Monday last, it is stated, that a requisition signed by upwards of a thousand citizens, was presented to the Mayor, soliciting him to stand for re election as Mayor for 1851. Can the same authority state if the persons canvassing signatures are employed by the transportationists, and whether the present Mayor's name was included in the 449 large employers of labour that petitioned the Queen for the resumption of transportation; or, if Mr. Wentworth was informed previous to his amendment placing the election of Mayor in the hands of the citizens, that the re-election of the present Mayor could be secured; and that in the face of the anti-transportation movement, show the Home Government that a majority of citizens are favourable to that odious system.
AN OLD CITIZEN.

N.B.—Mr. Allen is opposed to transportation in any form. 9420

TO THE CITIZENS OF SYDNEY.

FELLOW-CITIZENS, — In consequence of the address to you from Mr. Alderman Thurlow, offering himself as a candidate for the Mayoralty of 1851, in which he states that he has been promised the vote of the present Mayor, an impression appears to have gone abroad that Mr. Hill is not himself a candidate.

In order therefore to prevent any such impression, the friends of Mr. Hill are anxious to explain to the citizens how the matter really stands.

At the Election of Mayor for the year 1850, by the City Council, Mr. Hill remarked to Alderman Thurlow, that "as you are going to vote for me now, if you are a candidate next year I shall vote for you;" this promise Mr. Hill is prepared to fulfil, but without prejudice to his acceptance of the invitation of a very large body of his *fellow-citizens*, UPON WHOM, and not upon the Council, has (under the New Act) devolved the duty of electing the Mayor.

Mr. Hill IS THEREFORE A CANDIDATE, nor has he the slightest intention of withdrawing from the contest.

"SOME OF MR. HILL'S FRIENDS."
November 23. 9403

NEW ENGLAND.

NOTICE.—The undersigned beg to inform the residents of New England that intend forwarding their wool, &c., by the Port Macquarie line, during the coming season, that the undersigned will be prepared to receive the same into their Stores, and ship it with despatch, free of charge, to THEIR vessels. Also, all return loading can be supplied, or taken charge of and stored until sent for, if directed to the care of
COHEN AND CO.,
November 10. Port Macquarie.

N.B.—C. and Co. beg to remark that there is now, and always has been, an over abundance of grass and water on the Port Macquarie line of road to New England. 9381

DIOCESAN BOARD OF MISSIONS.

THE first meeting of the Committee will take place at St. James' Vestry on Monday next, 25th instant, at twelve o'clock, on urgent and important business.
W. B. CLARKE,
GEORGE CRAWLEY.
Secretaries.
Sydney, November 23.

THE ALPACA.

AT a General Meeting of gentlemen interested in the projected importation of the Alpaca into this colony, held yesterday, November 21, pursuant to advertisement.

It was resolved that a Committee of five gentlemen be appointed to obtain subscriptions towards the expense of importing 150 to 200 Alpacas, and that so soon as the sum of one thousand pounds is subscribed, the Committee be requested to report to a future General Meeting their views as to the best mode of carrying out this scheme in the most economical and effective manner.

The Committee to consist of—
JOHN LAMB, ESQ., M.L.C.
T. S. MORT, ESQ.
ROBERT TOOTH, ESQ.
G. R. GRIFFITHS, ESQ., J.P.
FRANCIS MITCHELL, ESQ.

As it is in every respect of the utmost importance that the Committee be at once enabled to complete the arrangements in contemplation for carrying out the above resolution, it is earnestly requested of those parties who purpose taking an interest in this adventure that they will without delay communicate to either of the abovenamed gentlemen, or to the Honorary Secretary, the amount they propose to invest.

List of subscriptions already notified:—

	£	s.	d.
John Lamb	50	0	0
Thomas S. Mort	50	0	0
Mort and Brown	50	0	0
James Chisholm	100	0	0
Griffiths, Fanning, and Co	50	0	0
Bogue and Co.	50	0	0
James Simmons, jun.	50	0	0
Clark Irving	50	0	0
Thomas Holt, jun,	50	0	0
W. H. Suttor	50	0	0
Michael Metcalfe	50	0	0
John Grahame	60	0	0
J. S. Rodd	20	0	0
Robert and Edwin Tooth	25	0	0
R. M. Robey	20	0	0
Edwin Hickey	25	0	0
Kemp and Fairfax	25	0	0
Francis Mitchell	20	0	0
George Thorne and Co.	20	0	0
B. C. Rodd	5	0	0
	£820	0	0

JOHN GRAHAME,
Honorary Secretary,
8, Jamison-street.
Sydney, November 22. 9367

MONEY TO LOAN FOR 10 YEARS, AT 8 PER CENT. INTEREST.

CASH Advances will be made to Shareholders in the Metropolitan and Counties Building Society, on Thursday, the 5th day of December next, at 4 o'clock, P.M., upon a basis of 8 per cent. interest; and the Borrowers will have the advantage *of paying off* PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST *by easy fixed monthly payments* during the above period, or for 5, 7, 12 or 14 years, if preferred.

NO BACK SUBSCRIPTIONS ARE REQUIRED IN THIS SOCIETY.

The Entrance Fees are limited to 10s. per Share.

Head office, 486, George-street.
ROBERT A. FITZGERALD,
9404 Manager.

CIRCUS ROYAL.

AT MALCOLM'S, ADELPHI HOTEL, YORK-STREET.
ENTIRE CHANGE OF PERFORMANCE.

MR. LA ROSIERE, grateful for the liberal patronage which has crowned his efforts to produce that novel race of amusement, respectfully intimates, that no exertions will be spared to produce New Feats of Horsemanship, and increase the Stud, to merit a continuance of crowded houses.

THIS EVENING, November 23, the performances will commence with an Act, entitled CUPID IN THE SOOT BAG, Master Glover.

Act 2—BRIGAND CHIEFS, Messrs. Gard, Clark, and Williams.

Act 3—CLOWN'S FROLIC ON HORSEBACK, Master Glover.

Act 4—CORDE VOLANTE, and Feats of Strength while suspended by his feet from a flying cord, Mr. Clark.

Act 5—DWINDLED LOVE IN A SACK, by Mr. La Rosiere.

Act 6—The celebrated Mares, MAY FAIRY and BLACK BESS, will go through a number of extraordinary and surprising tricks, such as Jumping through Hoops, Leaping over Five-barred Gates, &c. They will be assisted by Mr. Gard, the Clown, who has a great *Re Gard* for them. The Young Clown, Mr. Glover.

Act 7.—POLKA ON STILTS, Mr. La Rosiere.

Act 8—STEEPLE CHASE, in which the Clown will appear on his splendid Racer, Beeswing; and the Mares Black Bess and May Fairy, (the sagacity of which has been so much admired,) Dancing Jack and Young Plover.

Riding Master, Mr. Feuillade. Old Clown, Mr. Gard. Young Clown, Master Glover.

Open every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday Evening, at 7 o'clock; performances to commence quarter before eight. Boxes, 3s.; Pit, 2s; Gallery, 1s. Half-price to the Boxes at nine o'clock; Children under twelve half-price. Carriages to be in attendance at half-past 10 o'clock. 9390

GUNDAGAI GENERAL STORE.

THE Settlers and Inhabitants of the Murrumbidgee and Tumut districts are respectfully informed that this establishment, under the management of Mr. DAVISON, will be carried on so as to furnish all supplies at the lowest rates, and if taken in quantity, at a small advance on importing prices.
ROBERT DAVISON AND CO.
Gundagai, November 15. 9372

EXOTIC NURSERY,
DOUBLE BAY, SOUTH HEAD ROAD.

MICHAEL GUILFOYLE (for some time Gardener to T. S. Mort, Esq., and formerly with Messrs. Knight and Perry, Nurserymen, London) begs to inform the public that he intends carrying on the business of a Nursery and Seedsman, under the patronage and support of his present employer, at the above place: and that on and after the first day of January next, he will be prepared to execute on the most reasonable terms, any orders with which he may be favoured, his determination being to sell at *such prices as will enable every one to purchase*; and as he will have access to the best and most extensive collections in the colony (independent of his arrangements for regular shipments of new and rare things from home and elsewhere) he need scarcely say that he will be able to supply the choicest descriptions both of trees and shrubs, and also of stove and greenhouse plants, bulbs, &c., &c.

Parties in the colonies, and also those residing in the interior, will find their orders well and cheaply executed; and from Mr. G.'s long experience in England in the packing of plants for long voyages, they may rely upon receiving what they send for in the best possible condition.

☞ A Catalogue will be ready on the 1st day of January next.

P.S. A respectable youth wanted as an apprentice. 9374

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE LONDON ART UNION.

THE two Engravings just arrived from London, from the above Association, may be framed at
GROCOTT'S,
FOR THIRTY SHILLINGS THE PAIR,
Or One Pound for the print entitled
SABRINA,
And Fifteen Shillings for the one entitled the ENTRY INTO JERUSALEM, in the new and fashionable
OAK AND GOLD FRAMES.
Specimens of which may be seen at the
MUSIC SALOON, 486, George-street.
The cheapest house in the colony for Carving, Gilding, and Picture Frame Making. 9425

MR. FLETCHER, DENTIST, 22, Hunter-street, a few doors from George-street, begs to inform his Friends and the Public generally, that he continues to stop decayed Teeth with the greatest success, without giving pain, and undertakes to supply Artificial Teeth on the most complete principle of self-adhesion, having no Clasps or Springs of any kind, and being perfectly natural in their appearance.

CHARGES:—

	£	s.	d.
A single artificial tooth, from	0	10	0
A complete set, from	8	0	0
Stopping	0	5	0
Scaling and cleaning	0	10	0
Extracting	0	2	6

Mr. F. can refer to persons of the highest respectability, and also wishes it to be understood, that no Charge will be made unless satisfaction be given.

Hours of attendance, from ten till five. 9411

THE SYDNEY COURIER, published in connexion with the Society of Licensed Victuallers.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1850.

CONTENTS:

A full report of the debate in the Commons on the final passing of the
AUSTRALIAN COLONIES BILL.
Also, a reply to the *Freeman's Journal* strictures on the claims and demands of the Licensed Victuallers. A full digest of European and Colonial News, &c., &c.

Office of the *Sydney Courier*,
George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel. 9398

JUST PUBLISHED, Price 6d.,
MOORE'S COMMERCIAL SHEET ALMANAC for 1851.

CONTENTS:—Eclipses of the Sun and Moon; Jewish Feasts and Fasts; Supreme Court Holidays; Insolvent Court; Bank Holidays and Discount Days; Savings' Bank; Sydney Corporation; Councillors, Aldermen, and Assessors of each Ward; Custom House Fees; Colonial Government; Executive Council; Members of the Boards of Education; Phases of the Moon; Rising and Setting of the Sun; Tide Table; Gardener's Calendar; Rate of Postage; Law Calendar; Custom House Duties; Bonded Stores; License Fees; Departures of Steamers and Coaches; Post Towns; Cure for the Bite of a Snake; with a copious Chronology of Remarkable Events, Births and Deaths of Illustrious Men.

SYDNEY: Published by J. MOORE, 327 and 328, George-street, opposite St. Andrew's Cathedral. Sold in Parramatta by E. Mason; Moreton Bay, J. Swan, *Courier* Office; Maitland, J. Broderick; Morpeth, J. Reilly; Bathurst, J. Lonergan; Geelong, J. Wiles. 9449

IN THE PRESS,
AND SHORTLY WILL BE PUBLISHED,
FORD'S AUSTRALIAN BOOK ALMANACK, for 1851, with engraving of the Port and City of Sydney.

The Contents will appear in a future advertisement.

NOTE.—Persons desirous of advertising will find the above a suitable medium, being a constant reference for twelve months, with a circulation of not less than 1500.

Advertisements can only be received until This Evening, the 23rd instant.

Terms, very moderate.
W. AND F. FORD,
Booksellers and Publishers,
9346 554, George-street.

TO ADVERTISERS.

FORD'S AUSTRALIAN BOOK ALMANACK, to appear about the 1st December. Those parties who have kindly promised their advertisements for FORD'S AUSTRALIAN BOOK ALMANACK, for 1851, are requested to forward them by This Evening, at latest, to avoid disappointment.
W. AND F. FORD,
Booksellers and Stationers,
9347 554, George-street.

BOOKS EX WATERLOO.

THE Nemesis of Faith, by J. A. Froude, M. A., late Fellow of Exeter College, Oxford, 2nd edition, 8s. 6d.

The book becomes in its soul-burning truthfulness, a quite invaluable record of the fiery struggles and temptations through which the youth of this nineteenth century has to force its way in religious matters. * * Especially is it a great warning and protest against three great falsehoods. Against self-deluded word orthodoxy and bibliolatry, setting up the Bible for a mere dead idol, instead of a living witness to Christ. Against frothy philosophic Infidelity, merely changing the chaff of old systems for the chaff of new, addressing men's intellects and ignoring their spirits. Against Tractarianism, trying to make men all belief, as Strasburghers make geese all liver, by darkness and cramming. * * * Against these three falsehoods, we say, does the book before us protest; after its own mournful fashion, most strongly when most unconsciously.—*Fraser's Magazine.*

Bulwer's Novels, cheap edition; Rienzi, 4s. 6d.; Eugene Aram, 4s. 6d.; Pelham, 4s. 6d.; Paul Clifford, 4s. 6d.; Last of the Barons, 6s.

Ainsworth's Novels, cheap edition; Windsor Castle, Rookwood, Crichton, Miser's Daughter, Tower of London, Saint James', Old Saint Paul's, 1s. 6d. per volume.

Illustrated London Spelling Book, 1s. 6d.
W. R. PIDDINGTON,
Bookseller, Stationer, and Printseller,
485, George-street.
9310 *Exactly* opposite the Barrack-gate.

DICKENS' WORKS.
CHEAP EDITIONS.

JUST LANDED, ex Waterloo, the following popular Works, by Charles Dickens—
Barnaby Rudge, 5s.
Pickwick Papers, 6s.
Martin Chuzzlewit, 6s.
Nicholas Nickleby, 6s.
Old Curiosity Shop, 5s.

W. R. PIDDINGTON,
Bookseller, Stationer, and Printseller.
485, George-street,
Exactly opposite the Barrack Gate. 9271

EX LATE ARRIVALS.

RICH DE LAINES, at 7s. 6d. the dress, (only a few left at 4s. 6d.)
Ditto new designs and long lengths, at 8s. 6d., 9s. 6d., 10s. 6d.
Striped barège and rich balzorines; printed muslins, good qualities and new styles, 4s. 6d., 5s. 6d., and 6s. 6d. the full dress
Small pattern de laines and challie plaid, for children's dresses.
Cashmere and barège square and long shawls
5-4 and 7-8 prints from 4½d. per yard, fast colours
Several cases of the above beautiful goods, decidedly the cheapest ever offered, just opened at
M. HOLROYD'S,
Settlers' Warehouse,
9368 Opposite the Hay Market.

BONNETS, RIBBONS, PARASOLS
FLOWERS, BREDES AND HOODS, &c.

SEVERAL HUNDRED new and fashionably shaped bonnets, in whole and pearl straw, Luton, Dunstable, whipped Rutland, and rice plat, vandyke, fluted, pearl edge, and plain chip, commencing at 9½d., 10½d., 1s., 1s. 3d., 1s. 9d., and upwards
Infants' braided cachmere and satin hoods, bonnets, and hats
Drawn bonnets, in coloured batiste
Infants' and boys' Dunstable hats, 1s., 1s. 6d., 2s.
New bonnet ribbons, 4½d., 6d., 7½d. per yard
Ditto cap ditto, 1d., 1½d., 2d. and 2½d. ditto
Whisker blond, from 1d. per yard
Pink, sky, and green illusion blond quilling
Tarlatan muslin, 2 yards wide, in white, pink, sky, royal and French blue, amber, jonquill, and green
Bredes, at 3½d., 6d., 7d., and 10d. per pair
A great variety of fancy neck ties, at 7½d., 9d., 10d., and 1s. each
Parasols, in plain and fancy gingham, from 10½d.
Ditto ditto, silk, figured, and Claremont, from 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d.
Habit shirts, from 9½d. each; worked collars, 2½d., 3½d., 6d., and 1s. each
Chemisettes, gloves, hosiery, lace goods, and flowers, in endless variety

The above goods are in first-rate condition, and worthy the attention of ladies requiring a really good article at the smallest advance on English cost.

M. HOLROYD,
Settlers' Warehouse,
9369 Opposite the Haymarket.

THE NEW BONNETS mentioned in Wednesday's *Herald* are now to be seen at JAMES SMYTH'S. He has a few of the White Paris Chip Bonnets left at 6s. 9d., and a beautiful assortment of the *white* rice, from 1s. 11d. Having only a few of the papier maché goods left, comprising tea trays, albums, cane racks, card cases, portfolios, desks, &c., the remainder will be sold at English cost.
438, George-street,
Next the Commercial Bank. 9428

DRAPERY GOODS.

FOR SALE by the undersigned,—Invoices of drapery and other goods, in great variety, comprising the following:—
Black and coloured Orleans
Cobourgs
Ribbons
Calico and cotton shirts
Swiss Shirtings
Cap lace
Hosiery
Jaconets and Silesias
Madapolams
Towellings
Osnaburghs
9-8 longcloths
White cotton and India-rubber braces
Wigan sheetings
Printed cotton sheets
Grey calicoes
Forfars
Blue serge shirts
Moleskins
Nankeens
Sewing silk and cotton
&c., &c., &c.

THACKER AND CO.,
8911 George-street.

SHIRTS, SHIRTS, SHIRTS,
Well cut, well made, and of good materials, at
SMITH'S COLONIAL SHIRT MANUFACTORY,
37, *Park-street.*

SHIRTS made at the above Manufactory combine the chief modern structural improvements, which consist in the arrangement of the parts on the neck and shoulders, so as to secure an easy and perfect fall of the front on the wearer, and fitting equally well without a waistcoat.

The flattering success which has followed the untired exertions of J. T. S. to meet the wants and wishes of his numerous patrons, has stimulated him to render the best article for the price that it is possible to produce, which at all times may be depended upon for wear, and are superior in every respect to any imported to this colony.

A general assortment of shirts kept ready-made, consisting of small men's, middle size ditto, and men's, large men's, and outside ditto, extra length shirts
Superior regatta and yacht shirts, Scotch twill and bush ditto
Boys' and youths' white shirts, of every size and quality
Shirts kept ready for use
Every description of shirts made to measure or pattern
Gentlemen's Welsh flannel and merino under vests and drawers, long cloth and elastic cotton ditto, silk bandannas, cravats, collars, braces, boot hose, &c.
Ladies and children's under clothing, drawers, night dresses, slips, shirts, &c.
Ladies' outfits executed.

OUTFITS FOR ENGLAND, &c., executed with despatch, and cabins fitted with every thing necessary for the voyage.

Sheets, pillow slips, towels, blouses, jackets, &c., &c.

N.B.—A respectable youth wanted. 8814

FLOOR-CLOTHS.

HARE'S Patent Floor-cloths, which are celebrated for superiority to any other in the colony, in great variety and of superb designs suitable for rooms, halls, stairs, gigs, &c., on sale at
LENEHAN'S,
Upholstery and Floor-cloth Establishment,
287, Castlereagh-street.

Spring Vans on Hire for the removal of Furniture, &c. 7150

WELLINGTON BOOTS.—On Sale, Gents'. very best calf Wellington Boots—well worth 25s.—for 17s. 6d. per pair, at
J. M. ILLIDGE'S,
369, George-street, opposite the Market.

N.B.—A few pairs of the very superior Wellington Boots at 12s. 6d. are still on hand. 9424

STOCKMEN'S BOOTS.
SHEPHERD'S BOOTS.
MINER'S BOOTS.

MEN'S, Women's, and Children's Colonial-made Boots and Shoes, of all sorts and sizes, constantly on hand, or made to order, at
J. M. ILLIDGE'S,
9423 369, George-street, opposite the Market.

FANCY MERCHANDISE.

THE undersighed has lately opened a beautiful assortment of fancy commodities of British and Foreign manufacture, including a rich variety of BOHEMIAN GLASS and CHINA Ornaments, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Cabinetware, Brushware, and COMBS, Walking Canes, and a choice selection of Toy Goods.

HENRY PARKES,
Fancyware Depôt and Ivory Turning Manufactory, Hunter-street.
Right hand from George-street. 8963

FIREPROOF ROOFING.
GALVANIZED SHEET IRON.

ON SALE, Galvanized Sheet Iron, in sheets 6 feet x 2 feet
6 feet x 2½ feet
48 inches x 14 inches

This incorrodible material is now generally used in England, and the colonies, as well as the United States, for roofing verandahs, and all other building purposes, for which, from its durable nature, it is so well adapted.

E. C. WEEKES AND CO.,
97 450, George-street.

HAMBURGER AND SONS have received, ex the late arrivals, in addition to their former well selected stock—
Richly worked silk crotchet reticules, and ladies' and gentlemen's purses—the latest Paris fashions
An assortment of fans, garnitures de bureau, bronze inkstands, pearl paper knives and penholders, silver mounted and other smelling bottles, carved staghorn brooches, snuff boxes, and paper knives, agate seals and penholders, porte-monnaies, and a variety of fancy articles
ORNAMENTS, in Bohemian and Venetian glass, porcelain, and alabaster—a choice selection
Jullien's etudes à deux crayons, and coloured
Porcelain tête-à-tête dejeuners
GERMAN CLOCKS, brass works, warranted, from 14s.
Ladies' and gentlemen's watches, musical boxes
Eau de Cologne, DOUBLE, the ONLY genuine, from F. M. Farina, No. 4711, Cologne
English and French perfumery, a most varied assortment, at London and Paris prices
Brushes and combs of every description
PARIS KID GLOVES of the very best quality

H. and S., importing all their own goods, will warrant every article of superior quality, and their prices will bear comparison with any other house in Sydney.
476, George-street. 8440

FIFTY CRATES AND HOGSHEADS OF CHOICE EARTHENWARE.

MESSRS. WOODS AND MEEHAN invite the attention of Storekeepers and Dealers to the above, now landing, ex Waterloo and Ganges, viz.:—
Choice dinner sets, new patterns
Ditto toilet sets, ditto ditto
Breakfast cups and saucers, in great variety
Bowls, flowing blue
Ditto, blue printed
Ditto, dipped
Assorted crates willow, cheese, breakfast, pie, and dinner plates
Ditto ditto, fancy ditto ditto ditto ditto
Ditto ditto, jugs, in sets, new patterns
Breakfast sets, torquoise, drab, and F. mulberry
Ditto ditto, white and gold
Tea ditto, ditto ditto
Crates white, blue, printed, and F. blue chambers

GLASS.
Decanters, in great variety
Tumblers, ditto ditto
Wines, ditto ditto
Jellies, custards, and sweetmeats.

The above goods are a very superior lot, and well worthy the attention of intending purchasers.

N. B.—All goods packed with the greatest care.
455, George-street, nearly opposite the Post Office. 9431

THE EARLY CLOSING MOVEMENT.

IN consequence of the general public call for Early Closing of the shops of the metropolis, ROBERT APPLETON, determined never to be in opposition to the voice of the public, begs leave to notify that his extensive MATTRASS MANUFACTORY and FURNITURE BAZAAR, (in which every article required for the complete furnishing of the mansion or the smallest tenement can be obtained on the most reasonable terms) will be closed EVERY EVENING, AT HALF-PAST SIX O'CLOCK PRECISELY.

R. A. therefore, to prevent disappointment, requests that particular notice will be paid to this.

N.B.—His stock of mattrasses, palliasses, bolsters, pillows, &c., &c., is unrivalled in the colony, for cheapness and excellence of make.

Mattrasses, seamen's and servants', from 2s. 6d. upwards. Bolsters, from 1s. 6d. Pillows, from 6d.

Observe—Mattrass and Furniture Bazaar, corner of Pitt and Park streets.

N.B.—Wanted a respectable lad, about fourteen years of age, to assist in the Pawn office, 131, Bathurst-street, opposite Wright's Brewery. 9137

BETTER NEWS FOR THE BIRDS.

NEW CANARY SEED, just landed in excellent condition, and for sale in any quantity at (5d.) five-pence per lb.
At THOMAS TAYLOR'S,
Australian Grocery, Provision, Wine, and Spirit Warehouse,
8780 452, George-street, Sydney.

GUNPOWDER.—
Coarse blasting
FF in 1 lb. and ½ lb. cannisters
FFF in ditto ditto
Tower proof in ditto ditto
FF in papers
FFF in ditto
For sale by
8909 THACKER AND CO.

ARROWROOT.

JUST RECEIVED, about 25 Cwt. of of the finest Arrowroot ever landed in the colony; it will be sold cheap, and in lots to suit purchasers.
J. CALDWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
9434 200, Pitt-street.

THRASHING MACHINE. — For sale, a first-rate new English-made four-horse portable Thrashing Machine, complete, ready for work. Apply to the undersigned; if by letter, prepaid. This is a favourable opportunity of procuring a really good article CHEAP. The machine must be sold to close an account. Early application is necessary.
JOHN STRUTH,
9262 Sussex-street, Sydney.

BAR IRON.—The undersigned having lately received some large shipmenst of bar, bolt, bundle, and sheet iron, of 1st and 2nd quality, begs to acquaint country storekeepers, blacksmiths, and others, that he is now selling the above at the same price as any other importer, and that sizes may be chosen to suit the wishes of his customers.
THOMAS WOOLLEY,
Iron Yard, King-street.
Sydney, November 9. 8482

TO COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS, BLACKSMITHS, COOPERS, AND OTHERS.

BEST CROWN BAR and ROD IRON
B.B. Horse shoe ditto
Sheet iron and boiler plate
Hoops (assorted sizes)

The undersigned are selling their well assorted stock of the above (*which is of the best quality*), at as *low* a *price* as any other House in Sydney.
IREDALE AND CO.,
9096 Iron Stores, 371, George-street.

ON SALE, at JAMES SIMMONS' Australian Mart, MARKET-STREET EAST,
Pampanga, Zebu, and Tael sugar
Best Patna rice
Pint and quart pickles
Pint and quart salad oils
Price's sperm candles
10 lb. woolpacks and woolbagging
Hyson, hysonskin, and Congou teas, various brands
Sandeman's superior port wine, in cases of 1, 2, and 3 dozen
Duff Gordon's superior golden sherry in 1 dozen cases
Middlemore's superior saddlery
And a variety of other goods suitable for town and country purchasers. 9209

FOR SALE, the Arab, sailing boat; built by Mr. Reynolds, about 16 feet keel, cutter rigged. Will be sold at a low figure. Nearly new. Can be seen, with all particulars, at Mr. A. REYNOLDS'S, Waterview Bay, Balmain. 9394

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.

NOVEMBER. 22.—John Potter, United States barque, 165 tons, Captain Mitchell, from Panama the 24th August, in ballast.

DEPARTURES.

November 22.—Juno, barque, 2 2 tons, Captain Orr, for the South Sea Islands. Passengers—Mr. T. W. Campbell, Master C. Campbell, Rev. M Deurittet, Mr. P. Harvey.

November 22.—Rebecca, brig, 227 tons, Captain Simpson, for Moreton Bay.—Passengers—Mrs. Simpson, Mr. E. Price.

November 22.—Constantinople, barque, 317 tons, Captain Young, for Hokianga.

November 22.—Deborah, schooner, 121 tons, Captain Chalk, for the South Sea Islands.

November 22.—Phœbe, schooner, 89 tons, Captain Nickson, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mr. George Garnton, wife, and two children, Miss Keaney, Joseph Davison, H. Eavelin, J. Coffey, J. Spering.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

THIS DAY.—Spray, for Launceston; Emigrant, for Hokianga; Bernecia, for Coco's Island; Mary Ann, for Geelong; William Hill, for Geelong; Maukin and Helen S. Page, for Auckland; Effort for Wide Bay.

CLEARANCES.

November 22.—Effort, schooner, 47 tons, Captain Thompson, for Wide Bay. Passengers—Mr. Ayers, Mr. Walker, and six steerage.

November 22.—William Hill, brig, 119 tons, Captain Skey, for Geelong. Passengers—Mrs. Skey, Mr. and Mrs. Guthrie, Misses E. and M. Dawson, Masters J. and W. Guthrie, Mr. Carfrae.

November 22.—Maukin, brig, 106 tons, Captain Bowden, for Auckland. Passengers—Mr. Wells, Miss Matthews, Mrs. and Miss M'Cook, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Mackintosh.

November 22.—Helen S. Page, barque, 226 tons, Captain Church, for Auckland. Passengers—Mr. Graham, Mrs. Graham, Mr. Neaves, J. H. Bass.

COASTERS INWARDS.

November 22.—Elizabeth Cohen, 43, Watson, from Port Macquarie, with 395 bushels maize, 2400 staves, 8500 feet cedar, 84 hides; Phantom, 23, Settree, from Brisbane Water, with 9000 feet timber, 15,000 shingles, and 14,000 laths; Rainbow, 19, Pennington, from Brisbane Water, with 9000 feet timber, and 15,000 shingles; William the Fourth, steamer, 104, Sullivan, from Wollongong, with 5 bags wheat, 20 bags potatoes, 226 kegs butter, 14 casks ale, 40 pigs, and 30 calves; Sylph, 23, Lucey, from Brisbane Water, with 8000 feet timber, and 2440 staves; Victory, 19, Solomon, from Brisbane Water, with 6750 feet timber and 2000 shingles; Young Queen, 31, Thompson, from Newcastle, with 38 tons coals; Active, 40, Melville, from Newcastle, with 56 tons coals; Brothers, 27, M'Cauley, from Newcastle, with 35 tons coals; Sister, 44, Hannah, from Newcastle, with 58 tons coals, and 100 hides; Jenny Lind, 33, Farnsworth, with 45 tons coals; Thistle, steamer, 127, Mulhall, from Morpeth, with 15 bundles sheepskins, 18 bales wool, 10 boxes candles, 6 kegs tobacco, 63 bushels barley, 42 bushels maize, 43 trusses hay, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

November 22.—Phantom, 23, Settree; Rainbow, 19, Pennington; Victory, 19, Solomon; Sylph, 23, Lucey; all for Brisbane Water, in ballast; William the Fourth, steamer, 104, Sullivan, for Wollongong, with sundries; Catherine, 26, Nicholson, for Twofold Bay, with sundries; Jenny Lind, 33, Farnsworth; Brothers, 27, M'Cauley; Sister, 44, Hannah; Active, 40, Melville; Jane Williams, 33, Rowlands; Scout, 23, Louther; Young Queen, 31, Thompson; all for Newcastle, in ballast; Maitland, steamer, 104, Paine, for Morpeth, with sundries.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the Post Office as follow:—

FOR ADELAIDE.—By the Wild Irish Girl, this evening, at 6.

FOR HOBART TOWN.—By the Swan, this evening, at 6.

FOR THE MAURITIUS.—By the North Esk, on Monday evening, at 6.

FOR CALCUTTA.—By the Maria Soames, on Tuesday evening, at 6.

FOR LONDON.—By the Salsette, on Monday evening, at 6.

FOR MANILA.—By the Augustine Heard, on Monday evening, at 6.

FOR AUCKLAND.—By the Emma, on Monday evening, at 6.

EXPORTS.

November 22.—Maukin, brig, 106 tons, Captain Bowden, for Auckland: 100 cases geneva, 20 boxes soap, Campbell and Co.; 40 cases geneva, 1 hogshead brandy, George Moss; 8 cases 5 bales drills, 200 bags sugar, 20 hogsheads ale, 10 hogsheads porter, 20 kegs paint, 1 case 2 bales shirts, 25 casks beer, 18 quarter-casks vinegar, 2 casks chains, 2 cases sundries, 39 cases oilman's stores, 5 kegs soda, 12 bundles hay rakes, 4 corn-dressing machines, 10 half-chests tea, 4 cases cottons, 1 bale linens, 1 case saddlery, 4 horses, 50 sheep, 1 patent windlass, 3 tons coals, 16 ploughs, 25 casks split peas, 4 barrels raisins, 2 caroteels currants, W. Wright; 18 chests 6 half-chests tea, 5 bags coffee, 27 bags sugar, 20 bags rice, 2 hogsheads sherry, J. Hughes; 1 box 1 cask almonds, 4 bags coffee, 1 bag nuts, 1 case castor oil, 1 bag pimento, 17 casks beer, 1 cask lime juice, 1 pocket hops, 1 hogshead bricks, 1 case biscuit powder, 1 hogshead 42 bags salt, 1 case earthenware, 2 cases vinegar, 30 boxes candles, 1 cask raisins, 1 bag pepper, 1 chest 4 half-chests tea, 32 mats sugar, 2 casks treacle, 1 hogshead loaf sugar, 1 hogshead basket salt, 1 case figs, 1 cask ginger, 10 bags rice, 2 cases blue, A. Fairfax; 4 kegs ironmongery, 1 pair smith's bellows, 2 bars steel, 1 iron tyre, 1 case acids, 1 case stationery and drapery, Samuel Wells; 84 bags sugar, 2 casks molasses, 2 bags oatmeal, 2 bags coffee, 1 case fruit, 1 bag nuts, J. Caldwell; 1 roll lead, 3 boxes tin, 1 guaging rod, 1 case blacking, J. M'Can; 21 bags maize meal, J. Macnamara; 1 truss drapery, M'Arthur, Little, and Co.; 2 cases drapery, J. Meyers; 1 pocket hops, Smith, Campbell, and Co.; 1 case drugs, E. Youngman and Co.; 50 bags flour, H. Dent; 1 case books, J. Murphy; 141 bags maize, C. Diment.

November 22.—Helen S. Page, barque, 226 tons, Captain Church, for Auckland: 13 chests 18 half-chests tea, 20 bags rice, 3 casks soda water, 1 parcel percussion caps, 1 cask shot, 1 cask chandlery, 1 case curry powder, 2 cases haberdashery, R. Waterston; 3 cases, 1 trunk haberdashery, Price, Favenc, and Gywn; 12 quarter casks, 5 hogsheads sherry, 18 cases champagne, 10 cases Burgundy, 10 hogsheads ale, 23 casks bottled ale, 38 boxes glass, 4 kegs varnish, 3 cases medicines, 1 cask blocks, 30 boxes candles, 1400 sheep, 10 cases wine, R. Dagge.

November 22.—William Hill, brig, 119 tons, Captain Skey, for Geelong: 2 cases cigars, 2 hogsheads wine, 1 case shoes, 1 box merchandise, 15 bags coffee, 1 case varnish, 4 bundles steel, 1 cask and 1 case hardware, 3 pockets hops, G. Thorne and Co.; 65 cases wine, 23 cases Australian nectar, J. V. Lavers and Co.; 5 cases wine, R. C. Gordon; 6 cases merchandise, J. G. Cohen; 72 boxes glass, L. and S. Spyer; 49 cases port wine, 10 quarter-casks vinegar, Griffiths, Fanning, and Co.; 160 mats sugar, Australasian Sugar Company; 3 cases Russell's patent roasting stoves, P. N. Russell; 40 tons coals, 10 kegs tobacco, 3 casks merchandise, 32,000 feet pine, 3 bags barley, 4 bags arrowroot, 6 kegs colonial tobacco, 24 coils wool-lashing, E. M. Sayers; 50 quarter-casks wine, J. Guthrie; 5 cases and 1 bale merchandise, C. Newton and Brother; 1 keg butter, J. Sougal.

PORT PHILLIP.

ARRIVALS.—November 12. Gwalior, barque, 404 tons, Edwards, from Manila, August 30th; Dart, brig, 154 tons, Collins, from Sydney, 4th instant. 14. Minerva, schooner, from New Zealand, with 56,000 feet pine. 15. Stebonheath, ship, from Adelaide. Pilot, schooner, from Hobart Town.

IMPORTS.—November 12. Gwalior, from Manila: 1 muster box, 11,738 bags sugar, 20 cases cigars, 95 packages cordage, 7 coils bale lashing, Griffiths, Fanning, and Co.: 15 tons sapan wood, 2 butts and 2 hogsheads wine, a quantity of mats, Order.

NEWCASTLE.—Arrivals: Tuesday, November 19. Brutus, U. S. ship, from Panama; Martha, U. S. ship, from San Francisco. Departures: November 22. Sarah Abigail, and Acquitnet, for San Francisco. The Cameo is loaded, and the Sarah, for New Zealand, is also full, leaving the following vessels to load according to their turns:—Emily, Lanark, Ralph Bernal, Cachelot, Cadet, Jacques Lafitte, Eliza Francis, Ark, Brutus, Martha, Ann, and Cadet.

The Brutus, U. S. ship, from Panama, arrived at Newcastle, brings no later news than the recent arrivals from San Francisco.

The John Potter, from Panama the 24th August, reports having spoken the whaling ship Hooghly, of Warren, U. S., in lat. 5 south and long. 112 west, out 12 months, with 50 barrels sperm oil; also, the Hercules, of New Bedford, off the Marquesas Islands, on the 7th October, with 250 barrels sperm oil, out 12 months; and the Lion, of New Bedford, out 10 months, with 70 barrels sperm oil. The John Potter had a fine passage from Panama, until making this coast, fourteen days ago; since that time she encountered a succession of S.S.W. gales, and the captain being a stranger, she was unable to make the port until yesterday morning.

MERCHANT SEAMEN.—His Excellency the Governor has directed it to be notified, that a license has been issued to Mr. William Fitchett, of the town and port of Geelong, to enable him to hire, engage, supply, and provide seamen to be entered on board merchant ships, during the year commencing on the 18th of the present month.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

November.		SUN rises	SUN sets	HIGH WATER morn.	HIGH WATER even.
23	SATURDAY	5 2	6 58	10 23	10 41
24	SUNDAY	5 1	6 58	11 0	11 20

Moon, last quarter, 10·37 P.M., November 26.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

THIS EVENING, NOVEMBER 23,

WILL be presented the Drama entitled SALLY IN OUR ALLEY. Sir John Flambeau, Mr. Rogers; Claws, Mr. F. Howson; Isaac Perch, Mr. Griffiths; Captain Harpoon; Mr. Belfield; Old Frank, Mr. Spencer; Flags, Mr. Willis; Harry Bloom, Mr. J. Howson; Weed, Mr. Collins: Lady Flambeau, Mrs. Gibbs; Sally, Mrs. Guerin. Pas de Deux, the Misses Griffiths. After which, the Burlesque, entitled THE MERCHANT OF VENICE. Solo, on the Flutina, Mr. G. B. Howard. Pas Seul, Miss Hart. To conclude with the Farce entitled POOR PILLICODDY!

THE

Sydney Morning Herald.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1850.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

SEPARATION.

OUR Port Phillip friends appear to have lost their senses on the Separation question. Business suspended for four days, illuminations, fireworks, thanksgiving services in the Churches, royal salutes, processions—these are the topics in the papers received yesterday. Why this excitement should be felt we in Sydney are at a loss to tell. When the revenues of the two districts were ordered to be kept separate, the only benefit likely to accrue from separation was effected, and that event, important as it was, was scarcely noticed. But whether with reason, or without reason, on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of last week, the people of Melbourne determined to throw care to the dogs, and have a holiday, or four holidays; and in order that *all* might enjoy themselves, the very printers were excused from work, and the Melbourne newspapers, which never agreed before, determined that from Thursday to Tuesday they would suspend their usual publications.

On the Wednesday, the day after the news arrived (not of the bill having become law, but of its having passed the House of Commons), a royal salute was fired by the military from four field pieces which are stationed at Melbourne, and three cheers, led off by Mr. Superintendent LA TROBE, were given for the QUEEN, and three for the new colony bearing her name. In the evening, there was a general illumination, of which we have given an outline in another column. Some of the transparencies were amusing, and show the ignorance of the great bulk of the people of the real state of the case. They do not appear to be aware that the whole of the Port Phillip revenue is expended, and has for years been expended, within the district. On the Thursday, all the churches and places of worship were to be opened, and thanksgiving services to be held. In the evening, there was to be another illumination. On Friday, the Princess Bridge was to be opened. There was to be a grand procession, with the Chief Constable on horseback at the head, and the SUPERINTENDENT, with two aides-de-camp, at the tail, and of which schools, and trades, and Freemasons, and Oddfellows, were to form a part; and in the centre of which was to be a platform on wheels, carrying a printing press, from which an account of the proceedings was to be struck off as the procession moved along. On Saturday, there was to have been a dinner, but as there were some doubts whether any one could be got to cook it, or a room large enough to hold the company, it was given up, and we are not aware what was to be substituted for it. The "Grand Separation Fancy Dress Ball" is to come off next Tuesday.

We notice that the *Melbourne Daily News* declares that the whole affair originated with a party of fussy idlers. We are not in a position to say how far our contemporary is correct; but let them originate with whom they might, it is clear that in their separation rejoicings nearly the entire population of Melbourne was taking an active part.

NAVIGATION OF THE MURRAY.

IT may be remembered that, in 1848, we published a series of articles in this journal, attempting to answer the question—"Are the rivers of Australia navigable?" The answer given was the result of a very careful collocation and comparison of the various data supplied by the explorers and surveyors of those rivers; and as the authorities were given with references to volumes and pages, nothing could be fairer than the method pursued in the investigation of the question, by one who had never had an opportunity of personal acquaintance with the conditions of these rivers. In the 6th number of the papers alluded to, (see *Sydney Morning Herald*, May 18, 1848,) occurs the following passage:—

The day-dreams of the correspondent of the *South Australian Register*, respecting his "700 miles of navigable waters"—"exceeding all the navigable waters of the Thames, the Severn, the Mersey, the Humber, and many other English rivers put together,"—must, it is to be feared, by the facts detailed in these papers, be altogether disproved: for all that can be said is, that in times when the rivers of Australia are neither in flood nor quite dried up, there may be some few miles here and there navigable, but as to transporting hides, wool, tallow, &c., from the back settlements of New South Wales by river carriage to Southern Australia, it is an idea which can only be entertained by one who sees rivers marked upon a map, and measuring their length by scale, thinks of little else. Even "the beautiful and majestic Murray," as he terms it, is little else.

This conclusion was justified by the statements upon which it was founded.

These papers, as we have been told, elicited some attention in South Australia; and speculation as to the possibility of navigating the Murray has been since awakened. The Government of the Colony some time since offered a premium to such as should navigate the River in a steamer of a certain draught of water, from the Goolwa to the Darling. Subsequently, in September and October last, his Excellency Sir HENRY YOUNG has himself undertaken the exploration of the river, taking soundings as he went, in a boat rowed by aborigines, the distance to and fro being nearly 1400 miles. The result of his navigation has been published in an official memorandum, dated 25th October, 1850; and to this document it is intended now to refer in continuation of the previous papers, and in order to correct whatever may have been erroneous in the statements from which the information was derived.

Sir H. YOUNG, contrary to the statements referred to, seems to have discovered a channel by which vessels of small draught, carefully navigated, may ascend, at this period of the year, the whole way. He does not appear to deny the occurrence of falls, or rapids, or impediments (mentioned by previous explorers, who must have met with them, else they would not have mentioned them); but he calls them "insignificant," and adds "thoughout the entire distance there is a channel most amply deep and wide for steamers of a greater draught of water than that of the limit prescribed by the Legislature of South Australia to the competitors for the premium for the successful navigation of the River Murray, from the Goolwa to the Darling." And as this distance is said to be 680 miles, the editor of the *South Australian Register* is so far justified in saying there are "700 miles of navigable waters."

Let us take a brief review of Sir H. YOUNG's discoveries.

From the Darling to the Rufus seventy soundings were taken, giving depths between 8 feet and 21 feet, the average being twelve feet. The shallow water was near Moourua, Mr. EDWARD BAGOT's station in New South Wales, 40 miles from the Darling. In June, it is said, 3 to 4 feet of water prevail on each side of the sand bank.

At the Darling, the flood mark on the trees was 11 feet high, Sir H. YOUNG makes the width 100 yards and the depth 12 feet. The Darling is about a mile above the junction now crossed by a substantial ferry-punt, worked by a rope, and capable of crossing a loaded dray and its team.

The Murray is said to be 290 yards wide, the width it has retained from the Murrumbidgee and Lachlan.

At the Rufus, which is 9 miles long, and from 2 to 8 feet deep, the flood mark was 9 feet high; the flood when there rising 10 inches in 7 days.

From the Rufus to Moorundi, 150 soundings were taken; the average depth 12 feet, between 9 and 24 feet.

From Moorundi to Point Pomonda on Lake Alexandrina, 63 soundings were taken; the depths were from 9 to 76 feet; only one instance occurred of each of the extremes. The usual depths were 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 fathoms. The deep water is in the south side of the river, in a line with a granite rock, 30 miles from Wellington.

The lake itself, reported by previous explorers, to be shallow, has a channel 9 feet deep, between Point Pomonda and Point Sturt, a distance of 25 miles.

From Point Sturt to the Goolwa the distance is 15 miles, the breadth of water exceeding half a mile, with a channel 300 yards wide, and a depth of 9 feet. Close to the old police station house at Goolwa there is a depth of 19 feet.

In September, the water of the creek (not mentioned—? the Rufus) ran into the river, in October it ran from the river into the creek. The river was rising towards the middle of October at the rate of about two inches a day. *Scarcely any rain* had fallen on the Darling this year and no flood was expected. As before stated, Sir H. YOUNG says, the flood usually occurs in October and shows itself in the Darling earlier than in the Murray.

The heavy gale of the 13th October, the severest gale of wind ever known in South Australia (of which we experienced the effects in this colony) caused the waters of the Lake Alexandrina to flow up the Murray, which it raised upwards of 2 feet during that night. They subsided on the following Tuesday. This effect was felt as far as Mr. BAKER's run, (late METCALFE's).

[Such effects as these are common, where extensive tracts of water are entered by rivers or channels, and are exposed to wind. The sea, for instance, at the chops of the British channel, often rises 30 feet above its usual level during heavy gales from south-west. The water sometimes remains at permanent flood for 36 hours in Poole Harbour; and on the coast of Suffolk and Essex a north-west gale causes the water heaped up in the German Ocean on the coasts of Jutland to produce a flood by reflection. This is similar to the storm-tide in a hurricane, which so heaps up the water that ships have been frequently thrown far up from the sea into the interior of the land.]

In the previous articles on the Murray mention was made of "*snags*." Sir H. YOUNG says, in September and October, 1850, the fallen trees above Moorundi were all visible, easily removable, nowhere numerous, and not of very frequent occurrence. He adds, that these trees would be covered in times of flood, and to detect them would require vigilance or local knowledge.

At the Rufus several fallen trees extend far into the river. Near the station of Messrs. CHAPMAN and HAYES, beyond Moorundi, the boat struck upon one of the snags, but was uninjured. In the upper part of the river, shoals were visible every three or four miles, the water being deeper than usual opposite to them; the channel is discerned easily from the high bank indicating the deeper water.

Such is the result of Sir H. YOUNG's exploration. On the whole, it does not appear that there is any material difference from the accounts previously given: and the discrepancies would be, probably, found to arise from periodical differences in the quantity of water. There is no necessity to quote from the previous articles on this subject; the curious reader may refer to them at his option.

Since the expeditions of former explorers, from whom former extracts were made, the country along the Murray has become gradually occupied. Sir H. YOUNG says, there is no vacant run with river frontage for stock; but there are stockholder claimants for all parts of country from the Goolwa to the Darling, 680 miles. He saw tracks of cattle and sheep everywhere; and the animals appeared to be in good condition.

The alluvial land varies in breadth from half a mile to three miles on the borders of the rivers. There is abundance of timber, particularly about Moorundi.

He alludes also to the report, that in the region between the Burra Burra ranges and Laidly's Ponds, there are wide available tracts of good land having good water beneath the surface.

This must be a more profitable country than that north of the Murrumbidgee, where water is difficult to be found.

A dense population, Sir H. YOUNG suggests, would soon find means to dam out the river floods and make reservoirs of rain water.

The climate on the river is described as "sharply cold in the early morning; cool and pleasant after sunset; and fiercely hot at mid-day in the scrubs and on the water.

The aborigines are in great numbers, unoffending, useful, and obliging. At every station some few were engaged in the service of the stockholders.

Notwithstanding all these circumstances, there is nothing advanced to shake the justness of the opinion, that the produce of New South Wales proper cannot in this way find its passage to Adelaide. Whatever Sir H. YOUNG's exploration may have done to elicit the capabilities of the Murray, the uselessness for transport of the Darling, the Lachlan, &c., remains as it was. The account of the premium steamer's expedition will be awaited with great interest and anxiety.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT.—FRIDAY.

BEFORE His Honor Mr. Justice THERRY, and a Special Jury of four.

BURY v. RICHARDSON.

Mr. DARVALL (with whom was Mr. FISHER), in opening the plaintiff's case, said this was what is called a squatting case, and therefore one that would require the greatest attention at the hands of the Jury; the issue of it was of the utmost importance to the parties concerned. The plaintiff is not a resident in the colony; he has never been here; but still has set a good example, and invested here large sums of money in cattle and sheep. The defendant sometime since was in the employ of Mr. Walker, who lives near the station in question; but no doubt his employer, finding that the defendant's stock were getting too numerous to be fed as hitherto, caused him to remove them. Under this pressure, the defendant, as is the custom with such trespassers, forced himself, with his stock, on a neighbouring run. This defendant sat himself down on the plaintiff's run, known by the name of the Belar, in the district of Bligh. The declaration contains three counts—the first complaining of trespasses committed to the run generally, the second and third to different parts of the same run. The defendant has pleaded not guilty, that the plaintiff was not possessed, and that the closes in question were the freehold of him the defendant. The Belar was first taken up in the year 1832, by a person of the name of Hayes; he remained in possession for some time, holding under a license. Hayes then sold to Roberts He, also under license, held the same station for a long time, and then sold the station, cattle, and sheep to the plaintiff. The defendant first commenced to trespass in March, 1849; and when told not to do so, said he would, as he had a license from the Crown for so doing. The defendant, he was informed, finding that a verdict was likely to go against him, has decamped—leaving no one behind except a poor old woman; so that the plaintiff has no chance of being paid his costs incurred by this action. The usual evidence of occupation by the plaintiff and the previous possessors will be given, leaving no doubt that the plaintiff is entitled to the station in question. It may possibly happen that occasionally the defendant's cattle, or even other persons', may have trespassed on the station in question; and on this ground the defendant perhaps will attempt to prove that the plaintiff was not in the exclusive possession of the Belar station. The plaintiff seeks damages because of the defendant's trespasses with sheep, the plaintiff's cattle were driven away, and prevented from being as fat as they otherwise would have been.

Several witnesses were called, who gave the usual evidence as is given in such uninteresting cases, except to the parties concerned. It was proved that the station was first taken up by Mr. Hayes, who conveyed to Mr. Roberts, who sold the station, sheep and cattle on it, to the plaintiff. It was proved that the plaintiff had never been in the colony, and some technical difficulties in point of evidence were raised as to proof of the sale to the plaintiff, inasmuch as it was not proved that the party who took possession was the agent of the plaintiff. This difficulty was partially got over. It was proved that Mr. Dawson took possession from Roberts, and subsequently a Mr. Beresford took possession, as he said, being employed by the plaintiff. From the several witnesses it was extracted on cross-examinasion that the run in question was almost always fed over by stragglers from the nighbouring stations, in addition to the stock of the plaintiff. The alleged trespasses by the defendant's sheep were fully proved, and that when he was warned off he said he had a right to feed there, as he was licensed from the Crown so to do.

Mr. BROADHURST moved for a nonsuit on two grounds—first, that the evidence did not establish that the plaintiff ever had any possession of the run at all in question; and, secondly, that if a *prima facie* possession was shown in the plaintiff, the evidence showed that it was not such an exclusive possession that would enable the plaintiff to maintain trespass; the evidence throughout being consistent that the stragglers spoken of were not incidental stragglers, but that all the neighbours had an equal right to feed their stock over the same station.

His HONOR said he would not withdraw the case from the Jury.

Mr. BROADHURST, in addressing the Jury for the defendant, admitted that squatting cases were the most embarrassing and difficult that are ever brought into a Court of Justice; embarrassing equally to the counsel and to the Jury, and he was almost at a loss to say, whether he would rather be in such a case counsel or juror. He would remark in the outset, that the case was so opened on the other side that the learned counsel could not have had any very great reliance upon the strength of his case, for it was rather unusual to indulge in such observations and topics. If his own instructions were correct, he would be enabled to show, that even if the defendant could not establish an undoubted right to the run, yet he would show that the plaintiff had not established, and could not establish, such an exclusive right to the possession as would enable him to maintain the action. His instructions were, as indeed it was almost as clear as noonday upon the plaintiff's own showing, that this run which the plaintiff calls "Belar," but which the defendant calls "Tanabar," was, until the defendant took it up in March 1849, a portion of the country over which every one in common fed over. This fact will be abundantly proved by the testimony of numerous of the resident squatters. The defendant went there in 1849, considering that part as hitherto unoccupied; he applied for a license of the property, under the name of Tanabar, and by that name got a license. The defendant says that which he calls Tanabar is no part of Belar, but had been until he took it up, no-man's land. The case is one of a peculiar hardship upon the defendant; it was in fact an attempt of oppression of a rich man against a poor man. The defendant, when he took up the station, commenced making improvements, giving value to it thereby, which it possessed not before, for he has sunk a well, &c. It had been said that the defendant fearing the result of this action had abandoned the run; this he was informed was not the case, and was merely asserted to prejudice the case. He would prove that the defendant was in the full occupation still of the run.

Numerous witnesses proved that the *locus in quo*, which the plaintiff contended was part of Belar, was, until permanently occupied by the defendant, fed on by the cattle of the several adjoining stock owners. Some of the witnesses proved that the defendant was still in occupation, and that he made various improvements.

Mr. DARVALL replied at some length.

His HONOR summed up at some length, and with great care. Alluding to the issues, he said the main struggle arose upon the plea that denied the plaintiff's possession. For the plaintiff to recover, said his Honor, he must prove that he had possession either actual or constructive, and which possession must also be exclusive. The mere fact, however, that stragglers were on the station, would not defeat that exclusive occupation. As to the evidence adduced on either side,—and which was entitled to the greatest weight,—they, the jury, were the constitutional judges, and they alone would have to decide this question, always of difficulty in a peculiar case of this description The damages were not so much sought as the possession of the land.

The Jury retired for about five minutes, and found a verdict for the plaintiff, £100 damages.

Attorney for the plaintiff, Mr. Burton Bradley; and for the defendant, Mr. Adams.

HOLLINGDALE v. BROCKSTAYNE.

Mr. BROADHURST said, this was an action of trespass, to which the defendant had suffered judgment by default, brought under the following circumstances. The plaintiff, a very young man, under 21 years of age, was standing under an archway, about half-past eight at night, in George-street, near the defendant's premises, when the latter rushed out and assaulted him. The plaintiff, defendant, and the former's uncle, went to the lock-up house, when the defendant accused the plaintiff of being illegally on his premises. He was locked up that night (the 29th August) and next morning was brought up before the Police Court, when of course the ridiculous charge failed. The learned counsel asked for liberal damages, because of the indignity suffered by his client through the conduct of the defendant.

One witness was only called, who proved the whole case.

Mr. DARVALL addressed the jury in mitigation of damages; the charge he said broke down at the Police Office, because the bench held that the passage where the plaintiff was, was not exclusively that of the defendant.

His HONOR left the case with the jury as one where the question was simply as to amount of damages.

The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff, damages, £20.

Attorney for the plaintiff, Messrs. Williams and Nichols; and for the defendant, Mr. Parry Long.

CAUSE LIST FOR TO-DAY.—M'Intyre v. Lang; Doe dem. Sterling v. Todhunter; Roche v. Toogood.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENT COURT.

FRIDAY.

BEFORE W. H. KERR, Esq., Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates.

In the estate of Robert Bubb, a first meeting was held. Claims were proved to the amount of £6.

In the estate of Joseph Armstrong, a first meeting. Claims amounting in the whole to £17 15s. 4d. were proved.

In the estate of William Pendray, the elder, an adjourned single meeting; further adjourned until Friday next.

NEW INSOLVENT.

William Hartley, of Parramatta-street, Sydney, bootmaker. Amount of debts, £148 12s. 6½d. Assets—personal property, £52; outstanding debts, £15 2s. 9d. Amount of deficiency, £81 9s. 9½d. Mr. William Perry, official assignee.

MEETING THIS DAY.

In the estate of William Melville, an adjourned second meeting, at half-past ten o'clock.

SPIRITS AND TOBACCO.

STOCK on Hand 16th November.—*Rum*, the produce of sugar: West India, B.P., 79,303 gallons; East India, B.P., and Mauritius, 17,904 gallons; Foreign States, 13,408 gallons; *Arrack*, date and palm-tree rum, and other foreign spirits not otherwise enumerated, 3932 gallons; Brandy, 111,856 gallons; Geneva, 64,007 gallons; whiskey, 10,046 gallons; liqueurs, 204 gallons; British spirits, 5488 gallons; fig and Cavendish tobacco, 130,953 pounds; leaf tobacco, 1296 pounds; cigars, 14,769 pounds; snuff, 3441 pounds.

Received during the week.—*Rum*, the produce of sugar; West India, B.P., 949 gallons; East India, B.P., and Mauritius, 120 gallons; Brandy, 293 gallons; Geneva, 2274 gallons; fig and Cavendish tobacco, 8359; leaf tobacco, 589 pounds; cigars, 591 pounds.

Delivered for Home Consumption.—*Rum*, the produce of sugar: West India, B.P., 2476 gallons; East India, B.P., and Mauritius, 1389 gallons; Foreign States, 203 gallons; brandy, 1398 gallons; Geneva, 542 gallons; whiskey, 81 gallons; British spirits, 58 gallons; fig and Cavendish tobacco, 7167 pounds; cigars, 462 pounds.

Delivered for Exportation.—*Rum*, the produce of sugar: West India, B.P., 248 gallons; Foreign States, 11 gallons; brandy, 1011 gallons; Geneva, 560 gallons; fig and Cavendish tobacco, 8213 pounds; cigars, 190 pounds.

Stock on Hand 23rd instant.—*Rum*, the produce of sugar: West India, B.P., 77,528 gallons; East India, B.P., and Mauritius, 16,635 gallons; Foreign States, 13,194 gallons; *Arrack*, date and palm-tree rum, and other foreign spirits not otherwise enumerated, 3932 gallons; Brandy, 109,740 gallons; Geneva, 65,179 gallons; whiskey, 9965 gallons; liqueurs, 204 gallons; British spirits, 5430 gallons; fig and Cavendish tobacco, 123,923 pounds; leaf tobacco, 1885 pounds; cigars, 14,708 pounds; snuff, 3441 pounds.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MESSRS. PICKERING AND LUCAS.—At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture and General Merchandise.

MR. STEWART.—At the Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Mares, Colts, Pigs, Harness, &c.

POLICE OFFICE.—The sitting magistrates yesterday were the Mayor, Alderman Egan, Mr. Brenan, Mr. J. R. Wilshire, Mr. M'Lerie, and Mr. Towns. Messrs. J. Alexander, D. Allan, and J. O'Neill Brenan have been summoned for to-day.

ALARMING FIRE.

A VERY serious fire took place yesterday evening in the house occupied by Mr. Youngman, chemist and druggist, of Hunter-street. The fire originated in the second story of the house, in a room apparently used as a store-room, from the ignition of a quantity of phosphorus, by what means we have not as yet been able to ascertain. Ladders were procured, and by the active efforts of a few courageous men the flames were kept under for upwards of half-an-hour, at which period the Corporation engine arrived. It was, however, at least half-an-hour more before it was got to work; and we regret to say, also, that the police arrangements were, for a considerable time, worse than useless. After the arrival of Mr. M'Lerie, the Superintendent, this was in some degree remedied, but not until a very serious accident had occurred by the breaking of a ladder, which was allowed to be overcrowded. The engine having begun to play, a considerable number of packages of phosphorus and other combustible materials were thrown from the window and otherwise removed from the premises. That the whole range of buildings was not in flames, was owing to the determined courage and activity of a few men, and particularly of a seaman. He was, at a later period, ably assisted by several of his shipmates—but his own conduct was beyond all praise. We fear that he must have been severely injured; but we shall endeavour to find out his name, in order that he may be suitably recompensed. The fire communicated with the adjoining house, but was speedily got under. In the house in which it first broke out, it was burning upwards of two hours. We have heard of such a thing as a fire brigade in this city, but certainly it did not show itself in any substantial shape last night. We however forbear any hasty comment on the conduct of the city authorities, until we shall have had time to ascertain full particulars. The house is insured in the Imperial, and the stock in the Sydney Fire Insurance Company.

A COCKATOO BIRD.—A man named Josiah Denman, per ship Bolivar, 1841, a day or two since turned adrift from a colonial sentence at Cockatoo Island, and having in his possession a pass, dated the 16th instant, for fourteen days, to proceed to Moreton Bay for the purpose of obtaining his ticket of leave, yesterday made his appearance before the police bench for having been found illegally on the premises of Messrs. Brown, of George-street, wine merchants. George Smith, night watchman, on passing up the passage by the side of Mr. Lloyd's auction mart, about two o'clock yesterday morning, saw a man on the roof of a building attached to Mr. Lloyd's premises, and close to a sky light, Smith called on him to come down, but instead of doing so he walked over the the roof towards Messrs. Brown's premises and dodged about for about an hour, until by knocking up Mr. Brown's storekeeper, Smith and Ryan (also a private watchman) obtained access to the rear of the premises, secured their man, and handed him over to Constable Calhoun. Prisoner said, in defence, that he picked up with a female friend, with whom he went to sleep where he was found; on awaking he found that the woman had "served" him of his money and bolted. The Bench dealt with him under the Vagrant Act, and sentenced him to two years' hard labour in Darlinghurst Gaol.

THE SLAUGHTERING ACT.—Mr. Cleeve, of Charlotte-place, yesterday pleaded guilty to an information filed against him for a breach of the Act for the regulation of slaughter-houses in the city of Sydney, for having living swine upon his premises, whereby he became liable to a penalty of £10. Mr. Cleeve explained, that on the preceding afternoon the pigs spoken of were brought into town for the purpose of being sent on board ship; they were sent down to the wharf, but, the ship's boat having left before their arrival, and there being no place to leave them, they were of necessity brought to his premises until morning; at daylight they were again sent down to the wharf and shipped. Their Worships were of opinion that no wilful violation of the Act had taken place, and that under the circumstances, a penalty of 1s., with 5s. costs, would meet the justice of the case.

COMMITTAL.—A Chinaman, named Eu, in the service of Mr. Towns, was, yesterday, committed to take his trial for stealing three worsted neck-ties, valued at 3s. 6d., the property of his master.

THE WEATHER IN THE SQUATTING DISTRICTS.—In our country news column will be found intelligence from several parts as to the weather. From other letters which reached Maitland on Sunday evening, the 17th, we gather the following information. A letter from the Barwon states that they had had a good deal of rain, and that plenty of feed was springing up. A letter from the Namoi states that there had been fine rains, and that the feed was pretty good, particularly at Johnson's crossing-place. A letter from Coonabarabran. Bligh district, dated 12th November, states that there was no appearance of rain, and that they were very much in want of it. A letter from Wee Waa, Namoi River, does not say whether there had been rain or not, but mentions that the country was in a very bad condition. A letter from the Namoi River, dated Narrabry, November 11, says, "Very little rain, not more than will supply the back water on runs for one month, when, if no more rain falls, hundreds of cattle will perish for want. The sheepholders on this river generally have sustained great loss in their stock, I believe as much from the want of hands as from the drought; we have all sustained great losses in our teams of horses and oxen.—*Maitland Mercury*.

ROADS.—His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, having deemed it expedient to open and make parish roads, to be maintained at the expense of the parishes through which they pass, from Newcastle and Maitland towards Brisbane Water, and as far as the crossing place at Dora Creek, notice is given in yesterday's *Government Gazette*, that a survey or tracing, showing the intended line of the road, is deposited in the Office of the Surveyor-General, and all persons interested therein are to transmit in writing to the Clerk of the Executive Council, within one month, any well grounded objection which may exist to the formation of the road.

NEW FREUGH, PATRICK'S PLAINS.—The Justices assembled at Court of Petty Sessions, Singleton, have appointed a public pound at New Freugh, on the Maitland Road, about half-way between Black Creek and Singleton; and Mr. William Batley Hutchinson to be keeper of the said pound.

SEPARATION REJOICINGS.

(*From the Melbourne Argus.*)

THE ILLUMINATION NIGHT.

NOTWITHSTANDING the exhilirating influence of the glad tidings just received, we were not prepared to anticipate so universal and so harmonious a demonstration as that which is drawing to a close as we hastily write these lines. We unhesitatingly assert that there never was an occasion in any city in any part of the world in which the residents so readily, so cheerfully, and so unanimously united in giving expression to their joy. Every house was illuminated. Even the most dirty hovels in the most dirty of all the dirty lanes in the city followed the example of their neighbours, and gave some token of rejoicing; whilst no expense was spared by those who could afford it, in getting the assistance of artists and artisans to decorate their houses. The principal feature of the demonstration was its universality, for although many very creditable and well executed designs were exhibited, there was a want of material for effective display in the shape of illumination lamps, but the substitutes were so excellent, as to leave little room for regret on that score.

The citizens began the illumination a little before 8 o'clock, and by a short time afterwards the city became a blaze of lights. The wind blew strongly and hotly from the north, and the dust became most unpleasant, but nothing did, and nothing could prevent even the ladies from participating in the excitement of the evening. The night was in other respects favourable, the darkness adding to the effect. About nine o'clock rain fell in showers, and rendered the amusements safe and more agreeable. It may be said, indeed, that the envious sky put out its hundred thousand lights in acknowledgment that it was eclipsed—and then wept in its defeat.

During the evening fireworks were discharged from the high grounds in the neighbourhood of the city, and rockets intersected each other in the air. From all quarters the reports of firearms resounded for some hours in quick succession. Tar barrels blazed in the streets, bonfires in the distance: and all was merriment.

Such an occasion may never occur again, but we cannot conclude this brief notice without speaking in the highest terms of the conduct of the inhabitants, their zeal, their promptitude, and their maintenance of good order. No accident, and no disturbance occurred worth noticing; the engines have resigned their situations in disgust at having had nothing to do, and timid alarmists have at this hour gone to bed to dream of, but not to be awakened by the cry of fire.

It would be impossible to give a full detail of all the various devices displayed, but the following comprises the objects which appeared most attractive during our perambulations.

COLLINS-STREET.

Every house in the business part of Collins street without an exception, was illuminated; indeed the public feeling was so strong that if any churlish being had declined to give expression of rejoicing on such an occasion, the probability is the *popular indignation would have been exhibited in a very summary manner!!!* The scene presented in this street was most cheering and exhilirating. During the whole evening it was crowded with people, and every countenance as well as every house seemed illumined with joy. The following are amongst the principal objects which attracted attention in this street—

The Prince Albert Inn.—A transparency, "Hail, Victoria."

Mr. Germain Nicholson.—Some well executed transparencies, with inscriptions in fancy letters, "Welcome Separation," "Advance Victoria," with the Rose, Shamrock, and Thistle.

Mr. William Clarke, Stationer.—A transparency representing Her Majesty the Queen crowning the youth Victoria, and underneath, the magic word "Liberty." At another window was a design with the words, "Hark! Victoria is Free."

Mr. Hood, Chemist.—A comical transparency, representing the Past, Present, and Future. The Past represents Port Phillip in extreme innocence saying to a very thievish-looking customer, "I say, Bill, wont you vote us it all back again?" "Go away with you, young 'un," he replies, "it can't be done." The "Present" is represented by the Queen's bestowal of freedom upon the colony, to the great mortification of the queer customer aforesaid, who becomes very desponding, and seems to have a foreboding that a bag which is announced to contain £60,000, will be taken from him, as he can hold it no longer. The "Future" represents the £60,000 man in a worse plight than people in gaol. The boy has secured the bag, and asks his quondam friend, "How it goes with him now?" "Very badly, Jack, look at me now," says Fagan, imploringly, with hat in one hand, and in the other a large bill, announcing that "The light of other days has faded."

His Worship the Mayor, Mr. Nicholson, in addition to the illumination of his house, had a very neat transparency with the words "Britons Rejoice," in large and variegated letters.

Mr. Redfern—"Victoria" in fancy letters.

The Club House exhibited, at each upper window a neat and appropriate design.

Mr. Jacobs—Victoria Bazaar, "Port Phillip is Separated from Sydney," "Advance Victoria," and "Peace and Plenty."

Mr. R. Spence—V. R. and ship, "Separation" and "Advance Victoria."

Messrs Stubbs and Son—A wreath surrounding the British Ensign, and a balloon ascending inscribed "Separation."

Mr. Shaw's Furniture Rooms.—V. R. and Crown.

Mr. Levy, Albert House—Star of Lamps.

Mr. Richardson, Ironmonger—This establishment was well illuminated, and transparencies exhibited, V. A., Crown, &c.

E. and I. Hart, Waterloo House—A very tasty V. R., formed of flowers.

S. and R. Gregory, Ironmongers—A large transparency representing Britannia, Commerce, and Liberty, but the effect was lost from want of light.

Mr Germain Nicholson—"God Save our Queen," V., Crown, A., and underneath "Peace and Plenty."

Gazette Office—Apparently a Thistle.

Mr. Ham, engraver.—A large transparency, in which the province of Victoria is represented by a female figure sitting on a throne, supported by Britannia as a protector; on her right and left the colonists are represented, rejoicing that their adopted country Victoria takes her place in the scale of British Colonies; in the centre are various emblems of agriculture, the fine arts, science, and architecture. A group of figures in the foreground are emblematic of education, the squatting interests, commerce, &c. On the right hand are some aborigines, in various positions; one figure is on the ground, and some missionaries are endeavouring to raise him, and instructing him in the way to rise from his uncivilised condition. Behind them are some of the black police in their uniform, and the background is completed by a group of colonists; this transparency, one of the best exhibited, was the work of Mr. [illegible], an artist.

The Victoria and Tasmania Society.—The rooms of this Society, over Mr. Bell's Auction Mart, were illuminated, and a transparency commemorative of the founding of the Society, and a full-length and well executed portrait of the Queen were displayed.

Donaldson and Budge.—The transparencies at this establishment were amongst the most chaste of those exhibited.

J. Wilkie, music warehouse.—A transparency representing a lyre, and the words "Rejoice with music for Separation." A band played during the evening, and a large crowd collected in front of the shop.

The Mechanics' Institute.—The transparencies at this building were worthy of the Institution, both as regards the selection of the subjects and the execution. There were three in number: the centre one represented an emblematical figure displaying a portrait of her Majesty the Queen, with the words "Loyal, Separate, and Free" inscribed. The design on the right hand of this represented the Province of Victoria as Hercules strangling the snake "Transportation." And on the left was a representation of Spartacus bursting his chains. They were all excellently drawn and painted.

Mr. Nicholson, grocer, had several excellent transparencies, one representing the Lysander just arriving in Hobson's Bay, with a view of the Light-house at Gellibrand's Point, and the Flag-staff at William's Town indicating her arrival. Another design portrayed Sydney in the form of a bowed down old man, who with a broken heart—no man could look anything like him unless broken hearted—"This is the way to Sydney." It is a painful separation evidently. "Good bye, old boy," says Port Phillip, "won't you shake hands before you go?" Another design of a crown and V.R. was conspicuous. A well executed figure, pouring plenty from the horn, with the motto, "Plenty for everybody," completed the creditable arrangements of this establishment.

Mr. Cashmore, draper.—A transparency with one of the best conceptions exhibited. Victoria was represented as a balloon rising above another balloon, described as Sydney: both were connected by a rope. "We can't hold on any longer," says some one in the Sydney balloon. "Let go then," replies a voice from the other, "we can take care of ourselves." The design was surmounted by a crown, between V.R., in variegated letters.

William Williamson, draper, &c.—This was one of the best displays in town. In the centre window was a profile of her Majesty the Queen, surmounted by a crown, and, under, the motto "Union is strength." On each side of the centre piece was a transparency, one representing a ship at sea, bales of wool, the wheat sheaf, the kangaroo, and above a plough with the inscription "prosperous and free, by land and by sea." The other transparency was the St. Andrew's Arms, surmounted with a border of the thistle and the motto "nemo me impune lacessit."

The *Argus* Office.—This establishment, from its position, formed, as indeed it does every night in the week, a conspicuous object. Unfortunately it is always illuminated.

ELIZABETH-STREET.

The greatest amount of fun was in this street; in spite of all that had been said and threatened the boys insisted upon letting off their squibs and fireworks, and rolling their tar barrels, and although at first there was we believe some attempt at interference, the impossibility of carrying out the determination of the police soon became apparent, and every license was granted to the multitude. This is no time for enquiring into the danger of such a practice. All that we need care about now is the pleasure of recording that no accident occurred of any kind, so far as we have been able to learn.

The illuminations in this street were very general, and a number of devices were exhibited, amongst which the principal are the following:—

B. Davis, tobacconist—Ship approaching the Bay, and "a welcome to Victoria." A female figure seated on the World unfurling a flag, "Freedom."

Mr. Dickenson, haberdasher—A design representing "the effect of Separation," in a descending parachute (Sydney) and a rising balloon (Victoria).

Mr. Thomas Johnson, Clarence Hotel—In addition to the general illumination of this establishment, a transparency was exhibited, "God save the Queen."

Mr. Wood, William Tell Inn, V. A. and a Crown, (transparency.)

Mr. O'Shannassy, linen draper, decorated his establishment with a rich display of flowers and illuminated windows.

Mr. Ewers, confectioner, displayed Britannia and the British Lion, (uncommonly ferocious), a well drawn George and Dragon, and a carved figure of Victoria handsomely robed, displaying to the crowd the Separation Bill with her own royal name attached to it.

Mr. John Bignell, Bush Inn, had three transparencies, one representing the Sydney Dragon disgorging the Land Fund, which pleasant prospect the design shows to be brought about by a stab from the spear "Separation." The second transparency portrays Britannia addressing her children Victoria and Sydney thus, "You are naughty children, I must indeed separate you; Philip, my boy, go, and be sure you behave like a man; Sydney, my good fellow, do not interfere with the boy." Sydney, (far inferior to Phillip in personal appearance) says to Britannia, "It's a d— shame mother, the boy can't take care of himself." "Don't believe him ma, (says the youthful prodigy) I can take care of myself, you'll see if I don't beat Sydney." The boy is represented as well furnished with "gold." A third transparency represents a ship, at sunset, bringing news of the intelligence, and "Welcome Separation," surmounting a figure representing the genius of Victoria.

SWANSTON STREET.

The shops on each side of this street were illuminated, and the principal houses from one end to the other exhibited lights at the windows.

Mr. Ward had a transparency of Victoria, and a "Welcome Separation."

Messrs. M'Kinnon and Cree—A transparency "It is good to be free," and "Welcome Separation," "Exalt the nation," &c.

Mr. Overton, confectioner—The gas works at Mr. Overton's were brought into operation and afforded one of the most interesting novelties. In the interior of the shop was a crown of gas lights, and V. R. on each side. The brilliancy of the lights contrasted remarkably with the others. On the outside of the shop was a neat transparency illuminated by gas.

The Rainbow Inn—Mr. Michell's house—was conspicuous in the street from the number of lights displayed.

BOURKE-STREET.

The St. Patrick's Hall was distinguished by the handsome lamp of stained-glass presented by Mr. Timothy Lane.

This street presented a particularly striking appearance when viewed from the higher portions of the city, the whole length being one chain of lights.

Mr. Cantlon, Bull and Mouth Inn. This establishment was brilliantly illuminated; green boughs ornamented the building, and a transparency of a large crown graced the principal window.

Mr. Wilkinson, Britannia Inn. A ship, and other emblems, in a transparency.

Mr. Montgomery. A large transparency, with the words "loyal and free."

QUEEN STREET.

The Queen's Head Hotel presented the best appearance in this street, from the number of windows in the house, which were all illuminated.

The Union Bank was also partially illuminated.

There was a display of lights at the Theatre.

The Crown Inn, the Manchester, and the other Hotels were also illuminated.

At the Britannia, there were several transparencies, the most popular of which was the idea, which appears to have been a favourite one, of representing "Victoria" as a rising balloon, and a descending one. A flight of fancy, in this case, varied the sentiment by so-

presenting the balloon as collapsed, and out of the falling car tumbles what must have been intended for the "gentleman in black."

In this street as in all the others, the illumination was universal.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

The Court House was illuminated in every window, and presented a splendid appearance. At the Government Offices there was also a grand display of lights, and the Police Office, Custom House, Post Office, and other public departments also did ample honour to the occasion by the authority and direction of his Honor the Superintendent.

LONSDALE-STREET.

In this street, which has been added to the town, it may be said, in the last three years, the citizens were not behind the more populous parts of the city. Every house showed a light, and many of the designs were creditable to the occupants of the houses and to the artists.

Mr. Heales, coach manufacturer, presented a design of the Flag-staff Hill, the bonfire and the arrival of the ship bringing news of Separation; in other windows were the mottoes "Justice has prevailed." "Our bonds are broken." "Sons of Freedom rejoice." And the "Australian Arms," with the inscription "Prosperity to the city and trade of Melbourne." "Be just and fear not." "Fear God and honour the Queen." Mr. Robert Ferguson, Linen Draper, exhibited a transparency, representing Sydney in the person of an old and decrepid man, borne down by grief and remorse, exclaiming, "Oh! Port Phillip we have lost thee, what shall I, poor Sydney, do without you." Port Phillip was represented as a vigorous young man, acting with a real Marquis of Waterford liberality, pouring gold from a large sack, with a prodigality that well depicted the recklessness of a young man just arrived at maturity, and coming into his property. He says to his friend Sydney—"Through my youth you have fleeced me, now I bid you adieu—good by, John!" A bale of wool representing the wealth of Port Phillip, and to give grace to the design a dove hovered above, bearing an olive branch.

Mr. George Say, George and Dragon.—Three very chaste and elegant transparencies; one representing her Majesty delivering the Bill after having obtained the Royal assent; another of St. George killing the dragon, very beautifully painted, and another very handsome design.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE trade have been doing a fair amount of business during the week. The declining rates of carriage having induced several of the storekeepers to forward their orders for Christmas supplies, large quantities of Fruits are taken for the interior, the price continuing moderate. Tobacco is held firmly by the trade for full rates, with a brisk demand. Rice is quoted at 20s. to 21s. per bag for Patna, by the only holder. Teas remain without alteration in price, though large quantities are being forwarded to the interior. Orders for Sugar, for country trade, come in freely—several lots have been closed for by the trade and for refining purposes, consequently our hitherto low stock has since been much reduced: there is no Taal in the market, and only a small parcel of Zebu, which is quoted higher; Pampanga is held by importers at 18l. to 19l. per ton. There is only one ton of Coffee in first hands, which is held at 9d. per lb.

R. HARNETT, Broker.

Sydney, November 23.

PRODUCE CIRCULAR.

A LARGE amount of business has been done in our Wool Market during the past week, but the season can hardly be considered as fairly opened yet. Prices for the parcels of wool sold have been *fully* maintained. Tallow and Hides also fully command former quotations.

PRICES CURRENT.

WOOL.

	s. d.		s. d.
Superior clips	0 0	to	0 0
Fair to good	1 0		1 1½
Low to middling	0 9½		0 11½
Locks, skins, pieces, &c.	0 5		0 9
Grease	0 5¼		0 6¼

TALLOW.

Beef	£26 10 0	to	£0 0 0
Mutton	27 10 0		28 2 6

	s. d.		s. d.
Hides, each	4 0		6 0
Sheepskins, per lb	0 3½		0 5

MORT AND BROWN, Auctioneers.

Sydney, November 22.

SYDNEY MARKETS.—FRIDAY.

FIRST, FLOUR, &c.—Mr. Breillat's report:—Scarcely any wheat has been brought to market during the last week. A small quantity of Van Diemen's Land and Port Fairy remains in the hands of the importers, which is held for 4s. 6d. to 4s. 9d. per bushel. Flour remains the same: fine 10l. 10s., and seconds 9l. 10s., but the market is extremely bare. At Mr. Barker's mills the prices given during the week for wheat have been from 3s. 9d. to 4s. 3d. for colonial, and for one lot of imported 4s. 4½d. Bran 8d. to 9d. per bushel. Biscuit 11s. for cabin and 13s. for ship, per cwt. At the Victoria Mills, wheat is quoted at 4s. to 4s. 3d.; fine flour 10l. to 10l. 10s., and 8l. 10s. to 9l. for second quality; bran 8d. to 9d. per bushel.

CATTLE, &c., FOR SLAUGHTER.—The supply of good stock is diminishing rather than otherwise, and accounts from the interior are not such as to warrant the expectation of a better for some considerable time. A lot of 111 bullocks were sold at 30s. for 30, 42s. for 35, and 40s. for the remainder; another lot of 40 realized 42s.; 112 were sold at 47s., 130 at 48s., and 10 at 60s. Three lots of sheep, without wool, sold, one of 800 head, at 4s. 9d., 200 at 5s., and the third of 1200 at 5s. 6d. Calves at very figure between 10s. and 28s. Lambs 7s. Pigs have advanced in price, owing to the scarcity of sheep and horned cattle; small shop pigs being worth 3½d., and large fat pigs 2d. to 2½d. per lb.

BUTCHERS' MEAT.—The wholesale butchers supply the best quality beef at 2d., second at 1½d., and inferior at corresponding prices as low as 0¾d.; mutton, 1d. to 1½d.

HORSES.—Mr. Stewart's sales of horses during the past week number 41 head; of these, 21 realised prices from 2l. to 12l. each. The remainder were a lot of unbroken colts and fillies, at the Cattle Market, for which the average may be given at 4l. 7s. 6d.

HAY MARKET.—The price for hay at the Campbell-street market, has ruled since last report, at from 3l. to 3l. 10s. for new, and 4l. to 5l. for old, per ton. Straw, 2l. to 3l. Green fodder, 6d. to 7d. per dozen bundles by the load.

GEORGE-STREET MARKET.—New colonial potatoes, 6l. to 7l.; Derwent, 5l. to 5l. 10s. per ton. Salt butter, 4d. to 5d., fresh, 7d. to 8d.; cheese, 6d. to 7d.; bacon, 4½d. to 5½d.; lard, 3d. per lb. Fowls, 2s. 6d. to 2s. 9d.; ducks, 3s. 6d. to 3s.; geese, 4s. 6d. to 4s. 8d.; turkeys, 3s. to 5s.; ditto, male birds, 11s. to 12s.; wild ducks, 2s. to 2s. 6d. per couple. Roasting pigs, 2s. 6d. each. Eggs, 1s. per dozen. Oranges, 3d. to 8d.; lemons, 4d., per dozen; loquats, 4s. to 4s. 6d. per basket; gooseberries, 1s. to 1s. per bushel. Cabbages, 1s. 6d. to 3s., pumpkins, 1s. to 4s. per dozen; turnips, 1s. 3d., carrots, 1s. 6d. per dozen bunches; Peas 5s., broad beans 5s. per bushel. Onions, 15s. to 20s. per cwt.

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

(From our Correspondents.)

WINDSOR.

POLICE COURT.—SATURDAY.—Before Messrs. Scarvell and Ascough, J.P's.

WEIGHTS.—The five remaining cases, in which summonses had been required to be issued, were heard this day. The first four were easily settled, by the parties pleading guilty, when they were respectively fined in the sum of 5s. for each weight, and 13s. 2d. costs; which included the cost of the summons, it having been necessary to summon them afresh, in consequence of their not appearing on the first day. The fifth and last case, was that of the examiner of weights against one Samuel Armour, shopkeeper, of Windsor, who was charged with having three false weights. Mr. Lambton appeared on behalf of the examiner of weights, and Mr. Coley for the defendant. As the case occupied the space of four hours and upwards, and involved several important points which were warmly contested, we give a more full account of it than we should otherwise do. The counsel for the prosecution, without any preliminary remarks, called Mr. Samuel Callaway, who produced the appointment of Mr. Hobbs as examiner of weights, which bore date the 4th of April last. Witness also produced the warrant authorising Mr. Hobbs to act in such capacity, dated in the month of October last; witness stated that the weights or moulds produced had been forwarded by direction of the then Colonial Secretary, Mr. Alexander M'Leay, in the year 1833; that since that time they had been in the custody of the several successive clerks of Petty Sessions, and were kept in a box, the key of which was always locked up in a press, where the records of the Court are kept; that there are only two keys to this press, one of which is kept by the Clerk of the Court and the other by witness; that the weights in question were deposited in the private room of the Police Court, from whence he produced them; witness also produced a letter from a Mr. Blanch, in Sydney, accompanying the weights which Mr. B. had forwarded, as it appeared, by the direction of the Colonial Secretary, to Mr. North, then Police Magistrate of Windsor; that witness and Mr. North were both present when the boxes containing the weights and measures were opened; that those produced were the same, with the exception of one 4lb. weight, which, it appeared, by mistake had been sent to Goulburn, in consequence of which a flat weight had been sent as a substitute. That about six months after this the proper weight had been received. Witness also produced a letter from the then Colonial Secretary, that the weights had been forwarded to Mr. North by his direction. Witness also proved that the defendant's weights produced were deficient in their respective quantities. Cross-examined: I have been in this office ever since the standard weights or moulds now before the Court were received here; I believe the letter now produced and bearing the signature of Alexander M'Leay to be a genuine document; I was not near enough to see him sign it, but I believe it to be the signature of that gentleman. (The witness here underwent a long and rigid cross-examination, both as to the genuineness of the signature of the Colonial Secretary and also as to the 4lb. weight, the custody of the whole weights from the time of their reception, and other matters, but without shaking his testimony.) The next witness called was Constable William Philips, who deposed as to having accompanied the examiner of weights to the shop of the defendant on the 30th of October last, when the examiner seized three false weights which he carried away; that constables Williams and Cottar were along with witness; that the defendant is a shopkeeper and sells by weight; that he assisted to take the weights to the Court House; that each weight as it was received was put on the top of the other, and all enclosed in a piece of paper, the name marked on it by the examiner, and handed over to constable Williams, who put them in a basket, which was carried in a wheelbarrow. This witness underwent a like cross-examination with the former without any contradictory result. Constable Frederick Williams being called, his evidence traced the weights, from the time of their seizure until their delivery in the private room of the Court House, in presence of his worship Mr. J. L. Scarvell and Mr. Callaway, but it having appeared that this witness had lost sight of them for a short space of time, during which time he left constable Cottar in charge. Mr. Lambton found it necessary to call constable Cottar, who deposed that during the time the last witness and the examiner were absent witness never lost sight of the barrow containing the weights; that he accompanied the examiner along with the rest until they saw the weights safely lodged in the private room of the Police Court. On cross-examination he stated he had seen the examiner (Mr. Hobbs) mark the weights in question with the name of Samuel Armour, &c., and that he had no doubt whatever that those produced were the same as those seized as the property of Samuel Armour; he also without hesitation recognised the paper as that in which the weights had been enfolded. This was the case for the prosecution. Mr. Coley then entered upon the defence, and commenced by asking their Worships if there was any case for him to defend. Their Worships thought there was a case; Mr. Coley therefore proceeded, first, as to the information itself; secondly, that there was no proof as to the identity of the weights; and thirdly, that the length of time at which it had been proved by one of the witnesses that he had bought "potatoes" of the defendant, viz.:—eleven months, was not sufficient evidence to convict him. The first objection as to the information was, that the word "false" only applied to *balances* and not to weights and measures, and that as one of Mr. Armour's weights was over, and the Act only intended to apply to deficient weights, his client could not come within the range of any penalty for excessive weight. The bench, after making some pertinent remarks as to the benefit to be derived by either excess or deficiency in weight, overruled the objection. The bench took into consideration the third objection by Mr. Coley, but upon reference to the evidence taken, the bench having found the words, "he *sells* by retail and by weight, he *sells* potatoes, butter, and other goods," their Worships overruled that objection, and returned to the second point, which was an argument on the merits, namely, the identification of the weights. A very long argument here ensued, which was put an end to by their Worships recalling Mr. Callaway, and questioning him as to the state of security in which the weights had been kept since the 30th October. The evidence on this point having most satisfactorily been given, and Mr. Callaway having undergone a long cross-examination by Mr. Coley, the bench stated that, under the circumstances, the identification could not have been more clearly made out, and found a verdict for the examiner, with 13s. 2d. costs.

ASSAULT.—Henry Pacey, a labourer, residing in Windsor, appeared upon summons to answer the charge of Henry James Winton, for assaulting him in the streets of Windsor. It appeared that the plaintiff had been playing cricket in a bye-street in Windsor, when the defendant came out of his house, and told him to be off; the plaintiff then said, "I have as good right to the street as you have;" the plaintiff then went into his house, and returned with a stick, in shape like the leg of a chair, and struck the plaintiff a blow with it on the head, which rendered him senseless. He also struck him several blows on the back with the same weapon; the case was clearly proved, and Pacey having nothing to say in his defence, he was sentenced to pay a fine of 40s. and costs, or in default of payment, to be imprisoned in Parramatta gaol for one calendar month.

CAUTION TO WOODCUTTERS.—On the 22nd October last, a man in the employ of Mr. Single, of the Nepean, whilst cutting wood, unfortunately allowed the axe to slip, so as to glance off the log, and inflict a severe wound on the pan of the knee. Little was thought of it at the time, but appearances taking a serious as ect, Drs. Dowe and Day were called in and resolved upon performing an operation as speedily as possible. Accordingly, last Friday week, Drs. Dowe, White, and Day, (having previously got the man removed to the hospital), amputated the limb above the knee, but without success, as the man died on Tuesday last. We are informed that mortification was allowed to proceed too far to derive any benefit from surgical aid.

THE WEATHER.—Since our last, during Saturday, Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday, the weather was exceedingly cold. Saturday also was extremely cold and gloomy; during Sunday we were visited with very heavy cold showers; Wednesday was very mild; and today, Thursday, we have a hot wind and a hot sun.

THE CROPS.—We regret to state we can only enlarge upon the disastrous accounts contained in our last. In the immediate vicinity of Windsor there are instances of luxuriant crops which have not suffered, but even there some farmers have suffered most materially. With regard to part of the farms about Pitt Town, Colo, and the Kurrajong, many will be obliged to burn down, instead of reaping their wheat. One farmer informed us that although, previously to the late floods, his farm promised a return of forty bushels of wheat to the acre, there is not now a *grain* in it; the cattle refuse to eat the straw; and he shall be obliged to burn it.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—The enclosed statement, in reference to a paragraph in your issue of the 19th instant, has been handed to us by Mr. S. Pearce, foreman of the inquest, in the case of the late George Buss, who died in this town from intemperance.

As Mr. Makin has for many years rendered the Benevolent Society of this town his gratuitous services, and we, as well as the townspeople, feel much indebted to him for his benevolent exertions in behalf of the poor, we will feel obliged to you by giving insertion to Mr. Pearce's note, thereby correcting the error contained in the said paragraph.

J. HOSKINS, Treasurer, as above.
RICHARD SADLEIR, Secretary,
Liverpool Benevolent Society.

TO THE COMMITTEE OF THE LIVERPOOL BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

Gentlemen,—In the *Sydney Morning Herald* of yesterday appears the following paragraph in an account of an inquest held here, upon Thursday last, upon the body of George Buss, a pauper, receiving assistance from the Liverpool Benevolent Asylum:—"But it happened afterwards that the jury were not satisfied as to the cause of death, and requested to have a post mortem examination by some duly qualified medical practitioner, &c., &c."

Now, as foreman of the jury, I beg to inform you that no such language was made use of, either by the jury or the coroner, consequently the statement is incorrect. The truth is, Mr. Makin was requested by the coroner to perform the operation, which he declined; hence the circumstance of another medical gentleman being called upon.

STEPHEN PEARCE.

November 20.

SEA-WEED.—It appears that the miserable food resorted to by the starving peasantry on the sea-coasts of Ireland, the common "seaweed," is becoming, even in this country, extensively used by the poor for food. It is now forwarded by rail from Shields to Manchester and Leeds, by women who gather it from the rocks at Tynemouth; and on arrival at its destination, it is regularly sold in the market for from 3d. to 4d. per pound.—*Newcastle Journal.* [All sea-weed is not necessarily "miserable food." Some of the mucilaginous sorts contain more nutrient matter than equal weights of well known culinary vegetables.]

BIRTH.

At Wollongong, on the 16th October, 1850, Mrs. Samuel Parke, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

On the 21st instant, by special license, at Macquarie-street Chapel, Parramatta, by the Rev. N. Turner, William, eldest son of the late Mr. William Davis, Brisbane Water, to Isabella, third daughter of Mr. Samuel Jeffcot.

DIED.

On the 20th April last, Mary, daughter of the late John Milner, Esq., of Coatflatt Hall, in the county of Westmoreland, and sister of the Rev. John Milner, B.A., Chaplain of H.M.S. Havannah, aged nineteen years.

Near Sacramento, California, about the end of July or beginning of August last, George Archibald, son of J. E. Stacy, Esq., J.P., of Newcastle, aged 22 years.

THE friends of Mr. Richard Hayes will meet again on Monday Evening, the 25th instant, at Douglas' Hotel, corner of Pitt and Market streets, when the Committee will report progress. 9438

BISCUIT POWDER.

G. HAMILTON solicits the attention of the public to the above preparation, so highly recommended by the medical profession as a valuable and nutritious article of diet for invalids and children.

This preparation, so useful to the invalid and the nursery, is made from biscuit of the finest quality, baked and kiln dried; which latter process completely destroys all chance of further fermentation, and thereby renders the Powder incapable of the slightest acidity, or having any tendency to form a pasty substance in the stomach—is of easy digestion to the most enfeebled, and strongly conducive to the restoration of strength after a long prostration from disease.

Sold wholesale, retail, and for exportation, by G. Hamilton, bread and biscuit baker, 27, Hunter-street, Sydney, and all the Grocers in Town, in 1lb. cannisters, at 1s. each. 8932

ANCHORS. ANCHORS.

BEST ANCHORS, from two to four cwt. A few left at the Stores of the undersigned.

IREDALE AND CO.,
9095 Iron Stores, 371, George-street.

TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS.

IREDALE AND CO. have received an addition to their stock of castings, consisting of—
Round rain pipes, 2, 2½, 3, and 3½ inch, 3 and 6 feet lengths
Octagon cisterns, 2, 2½, 3, and 3½ inch
Discharging pipes, 2, 2½, 3, and 3½ inch
Rain gutter, 6 feet x 3½, 4, and 4½ inch
Sash weights, 4, 4½, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 12 lbs.
Sham air bricks
Truck wheels
Barrow ditto
Oven doors and frames
Half register stoves (modern patterns)
Register ditto ditto
Kentish cottage grates
Camp ovens, iron pots, iron boilers
Bow handled fryingpans
Best Carron boxes

The whole of the above are of a superior quality, having been imported, by the undersigned, direct from the *Carron* and *Falkirk* Companies.

IREDALE AND CO.,
9097 Iron Stores, 371, George-street.

FOR SALE, at the stores of the undersigned, Circular Wharf—
Best London navy canvas, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5
Superior three-ply flax sewing twine
Ditto woolpacks, 9½ to 10 lbs.
Letter, note paper, and envelopes
Charles Wix and Son's oilman's stores

N.B.—Pickles cured in the best malt vinegar.
Sparkling white champagne, pints and quarts.
"Warlick's" Patent *Welsh* Fuel.
8565 J. B. AND G. WERE.

BAR IRON.

ROUND, SQUARE, and FLAT, all sizes
Nail-rod, steel, &c.
Sheet Lead, 3, 4, 5, and 6 lb.
Roman Cement, first quality
Sheet Zinc, tin plates
Raw and boiled Oil
Sperm and black Oil

On sale by
W. S. FRIEND,
Iron Stores,
7539 York-street.

TOMB RAILING.

THE undersigned have just received a few sets of TOMB RAILING, sizes 5¼ feet x 8¼, 6 x 9, 6¼ x 9¼ (chaste patterns).

IREDALE AND CO.,
9094 Iron Stores, 371, George-street.

FLAX.

NEW ZEALAND FLAX on sale, by
JOHN MACNAMARA,
9416 Queen-street.

OILS.

TALLOW OILS, superior to any Sperm or Black Oil; it gives a beautiful bright light, free from smoke or smell, and better for machinery than fish oil, as it has no gelatinous matter to clog the friction. At present on sale at

W. B. ALLEN'S,
Soap Manufactory,
14619 Sussex-street.

FOR SALE.—Seven tons of best Hobart Town Potatoes, at £4 10s. per ton, or 5s. per cwt., at

WILLIAM BROWN'S,
9384 Corner of Druitt and Sussex streets.

DRIED FRUITS.

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—
Patras currants, in carpteels
Raisins, Valentia, in boxes
Ditto, in barrels
Ditto, Muscatel, in boxes
Turkey figs, in quarter-drums
Jordan almonds
Barcelona nuts, &c.

E. C. WEEKES AND CO.,
9429 450, George-street.

NOVELTY IN COLONIAL TOBACCO.—Just received from Mr. Boydell's factory, a very superior article of Colonial Tobacco, in boxes, twenty figs to the pound; also, in kegs and half-kegs, on sale at the Stores of HENRY FERRIS, Pitt-street, near the Theatre.

November 21. 9306

BOOTH'S CORDIAL GIN.

THE undersigned, to close the consignment, and suit the convenience of families, are selling this favourite spirit by the single dozen.

E. C. WEEKES AND CO.,
8930 450, George-street.

ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned, ex Phœnician—
Real Devonshire cider, of excellent flavour, in hogsheads
Marzetti's bottled ditto (in four dozen casks)

J. B. RUNDLE.
Queen's-place, October 30. 7829

PAGE'S PORT,
EX LADY CLARK.

ON SALE by the undersigned—
400 Cases Page's Port Wine.

This favourite wine is bottled and packed in Oporto, in one dozen cases, and to suit the convenience of families will be sold by the single case.

E. C. WEEKES AND CO.,
450, George-street,
Near the Post Office.

WINE AND SPIRIT STORE, AT THE HAYMARKET, SYDNEY.

MR. A. COOPER begs to intimate to country publicans, storekeepers, and settlers, that he will supply them with all kinds of spirits, wines, and beer, in draught and bottle, and all other articles in the trade of the best quality, and at very moderate prices. He will collect money orders in Sydney free of charge, and receive produce of small bulk in exchange for goods.

George-street, Haymarket,
Corner of Sussex-street.
November 23. 9417

IMPORTANT TO SHIPPERS TO CALIFORNIA, PRIVATE FAMILIES, AND OTHERS.

BOTTLED and Draught Beers, London bottled Porter, brown stout and pale Indian Ale, 7s. 6d. per dozen
Just landed, ale and porter of the best quality, in hogsheads, at reduced prices
Good port and sherry, at 14s. per dozen
Excellent ditto ditto, 16s. ditto
Best quality ditto ditto, 18s. ditto
Marsala, 12s. per dozen; ginger wine, 11s. per dozen
Hunt's double diamond port, in 1 dozen cases, for 18s., warranted
London bottled port, 15s. per dozen, in cases
Draught port and sherry, at 3s. per gallon, or 2s. 6d. by the quarter-cask
Very superior ditto ditto, at 4s. 6d. per gallon, or 4s. by the quarter-cask
Cherry brandy, rum shrub, lemon syrup, peppermint, and cloves, cordials, &c., &c., also spirits of the best quality

If parties, wishing to combine economy with judgment, will be kind enough to call and try the above articles, they will find it greatly to their advantage to purchase of the undersigned.

LUCAS AND BAILEY,
No. 2, Harrington-street, first turning to the right from George-street, Church Hill, Sydney.

N. B.—All goods delivered free of expense, within three miles of the General Post Office. 9419

WINE CELLARS.—Buyers of Wines can suit themselves with every description of Wine, in wood, draught, and bottle, at the extensive cellars of the undersigned. Old port, ten years in the colony and two years in bottle, at 25s. per dozen. Sherry equally good and cheap. Dinner wines very reasonable. Spirits, and bottled ale and porter, best brands.

S. PEEK AND CO.,
8914 Wine Merchants

SUMMER WINES.

CLARET at from 10 to 40 shillings per dozen
Sauterne, Hock, Bucellas
Champagne, in quarts and pints
Colonial white wine / Ditto red wine } of 1845 and 1846
Clouzeau's Cognac brandy
Port, Sherry, Marsala, in bottles and quarter casks
Bottled ale and porter
Masdeu, in pipes, hogsheads and quarters.

D. N. JOUBERT,
8084 589, George-street.

ON SALE.—BASS'S No. 3 Burton Ale, October brewing.
2600 THACKER AND CO.

NEGROHEAD AND CAVENDISH TOBACCO, FOR EXPORT.
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

COMMANDERS of Vessels furnished with wines and spirits, in small packages, direct from bond, at an hour's notice.

E. H. POLLARD, Bonded Stores.
Queen's-place, November 19.
N.B. A 1200 gallon new Vat for sale. 9167

FOR SALE, at the Stores of the Undersigned—

BEER.

Byass's bottled Ale, in six dozen original packages, suitable for the Californian market
Ditto ditto Porter, ditto ditto
Ditto ditto ditto, 4 ditto ditto
Ditto ditto Ale, 4 ditto ditto
Tennant's ditto East India Beer
Ditto ditto strong Ale
Ditto ditto Porter
Ditto ditto ditto in hogsheads

SPIRITS.

Brandy, superior pale, in 1 dozen cases
Ditto, Hennessy, in hogsheads
Ditto, U. V. Company, ditto, vintage 48
Rum, W. I., 30 to 36 O.P.
Whiskey, in quarter-casks
Geneva, in cases

WINES.

Pale Amonbellado Sherry, in quarter-casks
Brown Sherry, ditto
Port, in quarter-hogsheads and pipes
Teneriffe, in hogsheads and pipes

SUNDRIES.

Best 22 vinegar, in quarters and hogsheads
Moreton Bay beef, in tierces
Sodo ash, (Muspratt's)
Sheepshears, (Wilkinson's)
Woolpacks, (strong and heavy)
Good dry sugar
Hysonskin tea, in chests and halves
Half-pint sauces
Split peas
An invoice of combs.

MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.
7948

TO COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS AND SETTLERS.

HENRY FISHER, in returning thanks for the support he has received from his country friends for nearly TWENTY YEARS past, begs to assure them, the season now being in, he is prepared to execute their orders satisfactorily, and is determined to meet these times of competition by a scale of prices as low as possible with a due regard to the quality of the article, and trusts his customers will make it up to him in an increased business.

Amongst the articles to be had are—
Rum, best West India, from 8 to 30 over proof, in or out of bond
Brandy, Martell's or Hennessy's, in hogsheads or by the two gallons and upwards
Geneva, in whole or half cases, key brand, in or out of bond
English Gin, or Old Tom, in wood or bottle
Prime old Scotch Whiskey, in or out of bond
East India Rum, in hogsheads, 33 over proof
Port Wine, in pipes, hogsheads, and quarters
Sherry, fine pale, in wood or bottle
Madeira, Lisbon, Burgundy, Sauterne
Pale Brandy, in one dozen cases
Martell's pale Brandy, by the dozen
Anchor brand golden Sherry, in octaves 14 gallons each. This delicious wine is peculiarly adapted for private families
Constantia, red and white, in half-aums or bottle
Noyeau, in bottle
Cherry Brandy and Maraschino
Good draught pale Sherry
Marsala, Pontac, and Red Wine
Byass' bottled Ale and Porter, 4 dozen casks, very reasonable
Marzetti's bottled Ale and Porter, ditto, ditto
Holt's bottled Ale and Porter, in 3 dozen casks
Spirits of Wine, by the two gallons
Mauritius fine grocers' Sugar
Pampanga Sugar, in small mats
Rice, Java, in bags
Van Diemen's Land Seconds Flour, in sacks, very superior
Cordials of all descriptions
Ginger Wine / Lemon Syrup / Peppermint } in one dozen cases
Hysonskin Tea, in chests and halves
Congou, in chests and halves
Bass' No. 3 Ale, fresh landed in hogsheads
Hunt's Port, in pints
Tobacco, negrohead, in kegs
Tobacco, cavendish, in boxes
Foreign Rum, for ships' stores
Scotch Oatmeal, in barrels
Champagne, Claret
Van Diemen's Land Oats and Potatoes
And many other articles, too numerous for the limits of an advertisement.

HENRY FISHER,
City Depôt, 480, George-street,
Wholesale Wine and Spirit Stores,
Two doors south of Bank of New South Wales.
November 23. 9393

HOBART TOWN TRUMPETERS, (equal to the best kipper salmon)
Scotch smoked salmon
Pickled salmon, mackerel, mullet, herrings, &c.; smoked schnapper, tailors, bream, &c.; Newfoundland cod, Port Phillip smoked mutton hams and tongues
Fresh fish every day.

N.B. Shipping and country stores supplied.
WILSON AND INNES,
9448 300, Pitt-street.

TO EPICURES.

FISH.

THE following descriptions of Fish in small packages are on Sale at Elliott's Shipping Depôt, Lower George-street:—
Salt spiced salmon, in kits, 5s. 6d. each
Cods' tongues and sounds, ditto, 5s. 6d. ditto
No. 1 mackerel, ditto, 5s. ditto
Salmon in 1 and 2 lb. tins, ditto
Cod fish, (genuine Newfoundland)
100 Tins red herrings
200 Ditto Sardines
Any portion of the above will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers. 9261

GROCERY AND TEA WAREHOUSE, 200, PITT-STREET, OPPOSITE THE SCHOOL OF ARTS.

THE attention of the public is requested to the present stock of fine Teas, Coffee, and general Groceries.
Fine black tea (1s. per lb.), one shilling per lb.
Fine hysonskin (1s.), one shilling
Fine, strong, full-flavoured mixed tea (1s.), one shilling
Sugar—good bright, 2d. per lb.
" refined, No. 1 pieces, 3d. per lb.
New Fruits—figs, raisins, currants, prunes, Jordan almonds, Barcelona nuts
Bottled fruits, pickles, mustard, and sauces, in great variety
Concentrated mould candles, and Price's patent sperm
Coffee, best quality (1s. per lb.) one shilling; and every other article in the trade at unprecedented low prices
Wollongong butter, 6d. per lb.
Cheese, very superior

J. CALDWELL,
9435 200, Pitt-street.

CAPTAINS AND TRADERS TO CALIFORNIA.

300,000 (THREE Hundred Thousand) Van Zan Dyke's superior Kyongee SEGARS, in chests of 50 boxes, each 250, 12½ mille per chest. Recent advices from California, quote Segars very high and scarce, and this description much sought after. Packages in first-rate order.

HENRY FISHER,
City Depôt, 480, George-street.
November 23. 9392

2500 MATS SUGAR for sale, principally ration sugar; also the usual large assortment of groceries.

S. PEEK AND CO.,
8913 Importers and Dealers.

MAURITIUS SUGAR.

ON SALE, BY THE UNDERSIGNED,—
25 Tons bright grocers' and ration sugar, ex North Esk

D. N. JOUBERT,
8085 589, George-street.

ZEBU SUGAR, for sale at the stores of the undersigned, in lots to suit purchasers.
8890 SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO.

NOW LANDING, EX KATE, ROYAL SAXON, AND GANGES.

317 PACKAGES of goods, consisting of currants in caroteels and barrels, elme raisins, in boxes, pimento refined saltpetre, castor oil in large and small tins, and in bottles of quarts, pints, and half pints, olive oil in 20 gallon jars, Spanish annatto, in small packages, roll sulphur, bleached ginger, lump alum, candle cotton in bales, 2 and 3 thread, blue stone, Durham mustard, in large and small tins, Sir Robert Burnett's vinegar, in hogsheads and casks, together with every other article connected with the trade of a wholesale grocer.

ALEXANDER CAMERON,
9217 350, George-street.

EX WATERLOO.

THE undersigned have received by the Waterloo, a small shipment consisting of 100 York Hams, 10 cwt. pine cheese, and 14 cwt. of chedder cheese.

The above having been selected in London with particular care, are recommended as very superior to the generality of shipments to this colony.

S. PEEK AND CO.,
Importers and Dealers.
China Preserves, Muscatells, Jordan Almonds, &c., &c. 9365

TEA, SUGAR, ROCK SALT, LIVERPOOL SALT, NEGROHEAD TOBACCO, SOAP, &c., &c.

THE undersigned requests the attention of SETTLERS, STOREKEEPERS, and others to the above goods. They have been carefully selected, and are such as he can confidently recommend. The prices are as low as in any house in Sydney—he would not insult common sense by saying 25 per cent. less; but at all events, they will be found such as they are represented to be—GOOD and CHEAP.

JOHN CALDWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
9436 200, Pitt-street.

CHRISTMAS SUPPLIES.
ON SALE.
Currants, in caroteels and barrels
Raisins, in casks
Rice (best patna)
Pampanga sugar
China ditto
Hysonskin tea, ex Terror, Caster, &c.
Congou teas, ex Arabia, Caldew, Juliana, &c.
Three-bushel bags, 14s. 6d. and 18s. per dozen
Pickles, mustards, sauces, &c.
WINES AND SPIRITS of the best brands
Bottled ale, porter, champagne, &c., &c.

WOODS AND MEEHAN,
Wine and Spirit Stores,
Reiby Cottage, near the Post Office,
George-street.
Sydney, November 23. 9406

COALS FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Twenty Tons of best Coals for sale, in lots of forty tons, or the whole.

SAMUEL D. GORDON,
9407 3, Bridge-street, Sydney.

MEDICAL PRACTICE FOR DISPOSAL.

FOR DISPOSAL, an Old Established Practice, in the town of Launceston, Van Diemen's Land, producing at the present time from £800 to £1000 per annum. Any reasonable introduction will be given for a proportionate premium.

Attached to the Practice is the attendance and management of an Hospital, capable of accommodating from thirty to forty patients, and usually having nearly twenty beds occupied.

The Residence and buildings attached have been erected by the proprietor with a view to the efficient conduct of his profession, and combine every comfort and convenience of an English residence, with more than the usual appliances to be found in the establishments of general Practitioners. A large Laboratory and Dispensary are attached to the dwelling.

The above affords a favourable opportunity to any married gentleman who may be desirous to prosecute his profession, and to whom the climate of other Australian colonies may present objections. The only motive of the advertiser in offering his Practice is a desire to remove to Australia.

For further particulars apply to Dr. PUGH, Launceston; or to E. P. BEDFORD, Esq., Hobart Town. 9229

FOR sale by private contract, the remaining Allotments in Fitz Roy Terrace, Camperdown, fronting the Parramatta Road, upon liberal terms. Apply to E. PHILLIPS, Sydney Railway House, 299, Pitt-street.
November 20. 9371

ELIGIBLE SITES FOR VILLAS.
MARKET GARDEN ALLOTMENTS TO LET.

FOR SALE, beautiful and healthy *sites for country villas* on the Petersham Estate, near Newtown, Cook's River, and Parramatta Road, from £12 to £20 per acre. *Excellent land for Market Gardens* on clearing leases, at ten shillings an acre, for seven years, and for such further term as may be agreed on. Apply at Mr. T. J. FISHER'S, King-street; or to Mr. C. LANGLEY, Surveyor, Pitt-street North. 9611

TO SHIP BUILDERS AND BOAT BUILDERS.

FOR SALE, an allotment of Land, between four and five acres, situate within a few minutes row of the dry dock, now forming at Cockatoo Island. It was originally laid out by Government as a boat building allotment; has deep water frontage, and is good land for cultivation, possessing a plentiful supply of fresh water. Further particulars may be learned at the Office of R. J. WANT, Esq., Pitt-street, Sydney. 9391

MUTTON HAMS. MUTTON HAMS.

FOR SALE, by the undersigned, prime Mutton Hams, at 6s. per dozen, at
PICKERING AND LUCAS,
9442 Auctioneers, King-street.

WOOL, TALLOW, HIDES, AND SKINS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS

HAS to acquaint his friends and the public, that his Stores are now open for the reception of WOOL, TALLOW, HIDES, AND SKINS, and whilst acknowledging past favours, can assure them that on being favoured with their patronage no effort shall be wanting on his part to obtain for his employers the highest price of the day at all seasons.

WOOL OR TALLOW STORED RENT FREE FOR THREE MONTHS.
COMMISSION ON SALES, 1 PER CENT.
CASH ADVANCED IF REQUIRED.
*** *Store-room and cool Cellarage for the above in any quantity.*
☞ A SALE WILL BE HELD WEEKLY ON TUESDAY.

PERSONS BRINGING CALIFORNIAN GOLD TO SYDNEY.

AT M. BIRNSTINGL'S Bullion Office—to prevent imposition—sellers of Californian gold can have their gold weighed GRATIS, by the correct Troy weight, before offering it for sale to others. This is said because certain buyers give a higher price, but a very short weight.

The transactions at M. B.'s enable to give the highest price for dollars, doubloons, &c.

N.B.—Dollars, doubloons, eagles, and half-eagles always on hand for sale. 9433

THE undersigned are purchasers of TALLOW, for Cash.
MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.
7947

MESSRS. J. B. AND G. WERE are purchasers of Wool and Tallow, and will make advances upon the same under consignment to their agents, Messrs. FREDERICK HUTH AND CO., London and Liverpool.
Circular Wharf. 8566

GOLD DUST.

THE undersigned are purchasers of Gold Dust and Doubloons, in any quantities.
8386 THACKER AND CO.

GOLD DUST.

THE undersigned will give the full market value for any quantity of California Gold.

GEORGE A. LLOYD,
9413 City Mart, 474, George-street.

SPANISH DOLLARS.

THE undersigned will purchase Spanish Dollars for cash.
MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.
Sydney, November 20. 9226

CALIFORNIA GOLD,

DOUBLOONS AND DOLLARS purchased in any quantities, by
COHEN AND SON,
Gold and Silversmiths, Watchmakers, &c.,
Temple of Fashion,
9410 479, George-street.

TO BE LENT, £2000 and upwards, in several sums, on the security of approved city property. Apply to ALLEN AND SON, Solicitors. 9387

TO CAPTAINS AND SHIP AGENTS.

THE Undersigned is a cash purchaser of Water Casks and Oil Casks.
JOHN WILLIAMS,
942 Cooperage, 614, Lower George-street.

ESTATE OF JOHN WRIGHT, OF DUCK RIVER BRIDGE, DECEASED.

CLAIMANTS are required forthwith to furnish particulars to Mr. JOHN FRANCIS, Square and Compass Inn, Brickfield-hill, Sydney, in order to the examination and liquidation thereof.
November 20. 9224

SHOULD this meet the eye of Thomas Gourlay, formerly of Geelong, and lately in the employ of A. Berry, Esq., M.C., he is requested to forward his address to Mr. THOMAS WOOLLEY, 430 and 432, George-street, Sydney. 9366

BARQUE SALSETTE.

SHIPPERS by this vessel are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for signature, and pass their Entries This Day; and all accounts must be rendered in duplicate by noon on Monday, to

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
700, George-street.
November 23. 9409

THE Public are hereby cautioned against negotiating the following cheque, the same having been lost by me:—
Dated Tarcutta, 7th May, 1850, drawn by Mr. Thos. H. Mate on the Commercial Bank, in favour of Dean or bearer, for £12.

SAMUEL SCOTT.
Gilmore Creek, November, 1850. 9396

NOTICE.
NEWTOWN AND COOK'S RIVER ROAD.

SEALED Tenders are hereby invited for the lease of the Tolls on the Cook's River Road, from the 1st January to the 31st December, 1851. Tenders to be left at the Office of Mr. KETTLE, Druitt-street, on or before Monday, the 25th November, at noon.

The Rent to be paid monthly in advance.

Parties tendering will be required to be in attendance and to deposit one month's rent in advance on the Tender being accepted, and to find two sureties to be approved by the Trustees. 8622

TO BELLHANGERS.

SEVERAL parties in the town and district of Bathurst require bells hung in their houses, &c., and alterations made in bellhangers' work: any competent tradesman who may be inclined to proceed to Bathurst and perform the work, may obtain particulars by applying to Mr. JOHN BIBB, Architect, Macquarie-street, Sydney. 9241

TO BUILDERS.—Persons willing to contract for the erection of a New Banking House and Offices for the Bank of New South Wales, may see the plans and specifications at the office of Mr. Hilly, 354, Pitt-street. Tenders are to be delivered under cover to the care of the undersigned, on or before the 19th day of December.

Security will be required for the due performance of the contract.

J. BAILLIE, Secretary.
Bank of New South Wales,
Sydney, November 21. 9326

WANTED, a Boy accustomed to house work, who has a knowledge of the city, and of good character. Apply between the hours of 9 and 10 in the morning. P. F. MORGAN, Chemist, &c., 271, Pitt-street. 9449

SYDNEY ROAD TRUST.

TENDERS are required to be addressed to the undersigned, on or before the 23rd instant, at 3 o'clock P.M., for the erection of a bridge, dam, &c., across Iron Cove Creek, on the Parramatta Road.

The plans, specifications, &c., can be seen, and all other information obtained, on application to the Road Surveyor, at the Office of the Trust.

By order of the Commissioners,
EDWIN W. HOLLINWORTH,
Secretary.
Sydney Road Trust Office, Pitt-street, 11th November. 8588

TO BUILDERS.—Tenders are invited for the erection of a dwelling-house and offices on the west side of Bourke-street, near its junction with William-street. Plans and specifications may be seen at the residence of the proprietor, to whom tenders are to be delivered by the 29th November instant. The acceptance of the lowest tender will be optional, and security will be required. Mr. STEEL, No. 188, Pitt-street. 9399

TO STONEMASONS AND BRICKLAYERS.—Tenders are invited for excavations, stone and brick works for additional buildings at the Australian Brewery. The plans, specification, and schedule, may be seen at the office of Mr. JOHN BIBB, Architect, Macquarie-street, to whom Tenders are to be delivered on or before the 4th day of December next.
November 22. 9380

HOUSE SERVANTS,
FARM SERVANTS,
EDUCATED PERSONS,

AND OTHERS, (male and female, married as well as single), of every description, can be obtained at this office, either for town or country, of good character, and at moderate wages.

☞ The unemployed seeking employment should apply. Various servants wanted.

H. F. BRIMMER,
Servants' Registry Office,
Opposite the Royal Hotel, George-street.
Open from 9 till 5. 9400

PRIVATE TUITION.—Wanted in a Clergyman's family as private tutor, a young gentleman, a member of the Church of England, of quiet and studious habits. The most satisfactory references will be required. Address to the care of GEORGE L. ROBINSON, Esq., 416, George-street. 9388

TO COAL MINERS.

WANTED, by the Australian Agricultural Company, for their Mines at Newcastle, able and willing Colliers. Liberal wages given. Apply to W. CROASDILL, Esq., Superintendent, at Newcastle; or to F. EBSWORTH, Esq., Queen-street, Sydney.

J. EDWARD EBSWORTH,
Commissioner for the A. A. Company.
August 24. 3578

WANTED, an in-door Servant, who perfectly understands his business, and can give satisfactory references as to character and ability. Apply at Messrs. THACKER AND CO.'s, George-street. 9331

WANTED, a Wet Nurse. Apply between nine and ten in the morning, to ARTHUR A'BECKETT, Esq., Surgeon, Castlereagh-street. 9383

WANTED, a Master for the Schooner Cygnet, in the Wollongong trade. Apply to THOMAS CROFT, Commercial Wharf. 9372

WANTED, a male and female servants, respectable references indispensable, liberal wages. Apply to A. DREUTLER, 433, George-street, before ten o'clock, A.M. 9370

GROOM WANTED.—Wanted, a steady active man as Groom. Apply to Dr. BENNETT, 115, Elizabeth-street, between the hours of nine and eleven, A.M. 9386

WANTED, a Nursemaid. Apply to Mrs. THORNE, Ecclesbourne; or at the Office of Messrs. GEORGE THORNE AND Co., 591, George-street, before ten o'clock.
November 23. 9373

WANTED, a respectable young person as Housemaid and Laundress in a small family. Apply to Miss WALKER, Fort-street. 9401

WANTED, a strong active man as Porter, one accustomed to the Wine and Spirit Trade would be preferred.

WOODS AND MEEHAN,
Wine and Spirit Stores, George-street, near the Post Office.
Sydney, November 23. 9405

WANTED, on the 1st December, a good Female Cook. Respectable references will be required. Apply to Mrs. MEREWETHER, Cumberland-place. 9418

SERVANT WANTED.—Wanted, a respectable person as plain Cook and Laundress. References required. Enquire at the private door of 567, George-street North. 9430

CHARCOAL.—Wanted immediately, 200 Bushels.

J. B. METCALFE,
Macquarie-place.
November 23. 9389

FOR SALE, or to LET, that fine commodious cottage, situate in Bathurst-street, and adjoining the cedar yard at the corner of Pitt-street, comprising eight rooms, together with detached kitchen, coach house, stable, paved yard, as likewise having the water laid on, with every other convenience. The above premises being situate in a delightful part of the city, near to the Race Course, enjoys the salubrity of the fresh air from thence, and will be found to be a comfortable mansion for any respectable family requiring a commodious dwelling. The premises being in complete repair, can be entered upon immediately, and all further particulars obtained on application to Mr. THOMAS SMIDMORE, relative either to sale or rental thereof. 9088

TO LET, a House, in Kent-street North, containing seven rooms, with a beautiful view of the harbour—at present occupied by Mr. John Tugwell. Apply on the premises, or to Mrs. PALMER, next door. Rent moderate. Water laid on, and rates paid.
923

TO LET, two Houses in Horbury Terrace. Immediate possession can be given. Apply to GEORGE KING, No. 397, Pitt-street. 9248

TO LET, the House (commanding an extensive trade) at present occupied by Mr. Andress, Pork Butcher, George-street South. Possession will be given on 1st December. Apply to W. P. WILSHIRE, Pitt-street South. 9078

GROCERY BUSINESS.

TO LET, in Parramatta-street, opposite the Australian Inn, an old established Grocer's Shop, with fittings complete. The house is large and convenient, kitchen detached, good well of water with pump; also, stabling and shed; the yard enclosed with a brick wall. Rent to a permanent tenant will be very low.

BAKER'S SHOP.—To let, adjoining the above, an old established Baker's Shop. House large and convenient, kitchen detached, good oven and bakehouse, and yard enclosed. Rent moderate. For further particulars apply to Mr. JOHN STIRLING, 559, George-street, opposite Bridge-street. 9082

TO LET, the whole or part of a House, situated at the corner of Cleveland and George streets, Redfern, containing nine rooms and a kitchen, having a spacious yard, with a two-stall stable, coach house, wash house, &c.—also a good well of water. For particulars enquire of Mrs. COCKERELL, on the premises. Rent moderate. 9383

National Library of Australia
http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1510218

TO LET, Retreat Cottage, Retreat, Newtown, adjoining Leitrim, the residence of Felix Wilson, Esq., (at present in the occupation of Dr. Coleman), containing six rooms, with attached kitchen, stables, and out-houses, with garden, and right of run of a four-acre paddock; also a well of never-failing good water. Possession can be given on the 10th December proximo. Apply at Retreat, adjoining the Cottage. 9375

TO BE LET, a large commodious House, in the city of Newcastle, close to the Queen's Wharf, with or without two small houses in the rear. Possession can be given the 1st of January, 1851. Apply to B. Hudson, Newcastle.
November 21. 9376

TO LET, Kent Cottage, Enmore, Newtown, a six-roomed Verandah Cottage, with convenient out-houses, good water, and large garden. Rent moderate.
The above is splendidly situated, near the residence of J. F. Josephson, Esq., and only five minutes' walk from the Cook's River Road. The House and Garden are in excellent order, and a good carriage road to the House. A Milch Cow and Poultry may be had with the Cottage. Apply on the premises, or to
MR. HALE,
9394 Watchmaker, King-street, Sydney.

SALES BY AUCTION.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Grand Square Pianoforte, with repeater action, by Collard and Collard
Jaunting Car, Horse, Harness, Bridles, and Saddles.

MR. JOHN RICKARDS
Has received instructions to sell by auction, at the residence of JAMES C. HANLEY, Esq., Royal Engineer Department, NITHSDALE COTTAGE, Elizabeth-street South, between Liverpool and Goulburn streets,
On WEDNESDAY, November 27,
At 11 o'clock precisely,

THE whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of—
Carved Pedestal Sideboard
Drawing, Dining, and Bedroom Tables
Ditto, ditto, and Hall Chairs
Brussels Carpets and Hearth Rugs
Iron and Wooden Bedsteads and Palliasses
Hair, Wool, and Flax Mattrasses
Tea, Coffee, and Dinner Services, Dish Covers, &c.
Plated Dinner and Bedchamber Candlesticks, Snuffers and Stands
Plated Cruet Frames, Cake Basket, Toast Rack, and Liquor Stand
Balance-handle Knives and Forks, and Culinary Utensils
A Powerful Grey Horse, perfectly quiet—a first-rate Coach, Gig, and Saddle Horse
Jaunting Car and Harness, Saddles and Bridles
And a good Cow.
Grand Square PIANOFORTE, by COLLARD and COLLARD, with patent Metallic Plate, repeater action, and all the modern improvements. There is not in the Colony a better Instrument.
The Furniture, Piano, &c., can be inspected the day previous, and morning of sale.
Terms—Cash. 9437

TO DRAPERS, STOREKEEPERS, AND SHIPPERS.

30 PACKAGES OF SUMMER AND SPRING GOODS.

Now landing from the Emerald Isle.

MR. JOHN RICKARDS will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
Without reserve,
On TUESDAY, November 26,
At 11 o'clock precisely.
The undermentioned assortment of seasonable drapery, fancy goods, ribbons, gloves, parasols, &c., &c.
1 Cases balzorine de laine dresses
2 ditto ditto muslin ditto
1 ditto organdi ditto ditto
2 ditto 9-8 printed muslins
1 ditto 9-8 Hoyle's light plates
2 ditto 5-4 garment prints
2 ditto 7-8 plate and fancy ditto
1 ditto 5-4 navy blue ditto
1 ditto 36-inch black Bandanna and Brussels handkerchiefs
ditto fancy silk handkerchiefs
Printed corah and silk Bandannas
Ladies' fancy silk neck-ties
1 ditto 16d. and 20d. white and fancy bonnet ribbons
French satin and gauze ditto
10 and 12 black sarcenet ditto
1 ditto brown and fancy silk and satin parasols
1 ditto habits, pearl, black, and coloured silk gloves
Habits, white and coloured kid ditto
Men's black and coloured kid and silk ditto
1 ditto printed cashmere and lama shawls and scarfs
Sewn muslin habit shirts, collars
1 ditto Egyptian laces and edgings
Scotch and French cambric handkerchiefs
1 ditto fancy lace check muslin dresses
Jaconet, check and book muslins
1 ditto steel and fancy doeskins, tweeds, alpacca cloths, crape, plaids
Terms at sale. 9360

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

MESSRS. PICKERING AND LUCAS will sell by auction, at their Mart, King-street,
THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
The usual collection of Household Furniture, &c., comprising—
Loo and other tables, chests drawers, cane and wood seated chairs, bedsteads, child's cot, sideboard, chiffonier, looking glasses, pictures, ornaments, crockery, clocks, 100 dozen half-pint tumblers. Building materials, comprising shop front with shelves complete, and other articles too numerous to mention.
Terms—Cash. 9443

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES.

MESSRS. PICKERING AND LUCAS will sell by auction,
On MONDAY next, November 25,
The undermentioned Unredeemed Pledges, pawned with Mr. Robert Appleton, of 131, Bathurst-street, opposite Wright's Brewery, on the dates specified:—
July 13—Plaid coat, two pair white trousers, and dress
16—Tin case of sundries, two hats, and leather boxes
17—Silk dress and Newmarket coat
20—Three vests
22—Suit of clothes
25—Two lockets and telescope
26—Jacket and two shirts, two boas and feather, four pair trousers, two vests, four vest pieces and boy's jacket, coffee teapot and egg boiler
29—Two pair Wellington boots
30—Shawl and dress, lace visite and hat
31—Bundle of sundries, silk bonnet and veil, eight pictures, brass fender, and two chairs
August 1—Crape shawl, fancy bag, purse, and cross, satin dress
2—Plaid shawl
5—Dress and shawl, two dresses, Victorine and cuffs
Boy's suit of clothes
6—Silver watch, 2256
9—Three vests, shawl, and dress coat, and vest
10—Table lamp and shade
12—Frock coat, pair trousers, and three shirts, three vests
Large music box
14—Silk velvet cloak
Satin shawl and lace visite
Two pair trousers, satin shawl, buckskin coat, vest, and trousers
Pair tweed trousers and vest.
Also, sundry pledges under five shillings.
8958

CHURCH ORGAN.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Is instructed to sell by private contract,
A MAGNIFICENT ORGAN,
Built by
CHARLES CADBY,
Liquorpond-street, London.
It has all the recent improvements, and is pronounced by competent judges to be a most superior instrument. It may be inspected and tried at the rooms of the auctioneer. 9202



MARIAN WATSON.

THE FIRST-CLASS BRITISH BUILT SCHOONER, BURTHEN 200 TONS.
Well known in these colonies as the Hobart Town trader, recently returned from a trip to California.

It is a matter of regret that the vendor's instructions do not allow of the sale being known in the neighbouring colonies in sufficient time for any purchasers to come forward; consequently, if brought for re-sale in any of these markets, she would unquestionably repay a handsome profit.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Has been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
On THURSDAY next, 28th instant,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
THE fine fast-sailing British built schooner
MARIAN WATSON,
registering 145 tons, burthen 200 tons, with all her gear, spars, sails, boats, and stores, as she now lies in Darling Harbour.
The Marian Watson is built of British oak, and is as sound as ship can be; about eighteen months since she was re-trenailed all over, and all her sails and spars are in excellent order. Her sailing qualities are well known in these seas, and she was noted whilst in the Van Diemen's Land trade for her quick passages and safe delivery of cargo.
She now lies at Mackenzie's Wharf, Sussex-street, where she can be inspected by intending purchasers any time previous to the sale, and an inventory of her stores can be seen at the Auctioneer's Rooms.
Terms, liberal. 3536

FIFTY BALES AND CASES DRAPERY AND FANCY GOODS.

JUST LANDED EX WATERLOO.
Being a selection from the first British houses, by a person intimately acquainted with the colonial trade, consequently can be relied upon as expressly adapted to the wants of the colony. For unreserved sale.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Has been favoured with instructions from the Importers, to sell by auction, at the City Mart,
On WEDNESDAY next, November 27,
At 11 o'clock,
50 CASES and Bales New Goods, now landing, ex Waterloo, consisting of
Black and white balzorine
Printed organdie muslins
French printed worsted barege
Balzorine dresses
Chintz dresses
White ground chintz de laines
Fancy printed muslin dresses
White ground barege shawls
French barege shawl scarfs
Fancy checked lutestring ribbons, 12 by 20
Figured and striped ditto
Figured and checked ditto
Coloured and figured gauze ribbons
27-Inch coloured shaded ginghams
27-Inch black and white striped ditto
Shot lustre ginghams
Fancy print dresses
Printed barege long shawls
Fancy prints
Cotton Tweeds
Printed moles
Printed stout moles
Linen huckaback
5-4 White calico
9-8 Grey calico
40-Inch grey calico
Maids' batiste bonnets
Women's ditto ditto
Women's drawn silk ditto
Girls' straw bonnets
Fine palm leaf hats
Fine coloured ditto
Boys' felt hats
Men's felt hats
Printed oil table covers, assorted
Circular and bronze ditto
Chequered leather reticules
Nests carriage baskets
Nests fancy baskets
Berlin baskets
German baskets
Ribbed baskets in nests
Swing handle ditto
Square market baskets
Cross bar paper baskets
Work baskets
Tidy baskets in nests
Swing handle baskets
German nest baskets
Toy reticules
Polka balls
&c., &c., &c.
As these goods are of the very best description, and will be sold without reserve, the sale offers an excellent opportunity to the trade for purchasing.
Terms — Liberal. 9421

POSITIVE SALE BY AUCTION OF
FAIRVIEW COTTAGE.

BY MR. W. G. MOORE, who has received instructions to offer to competition, on
TUESDAY MORNING Next, November 26,
At eleven o'clock,
THIS DELIGHTFUL PROPERTY, situate at Botany, between 2 and 3 miles from Sydney, containing four rooms, viz.,—one room 15 feet square, 2 others 15 x 12 each, and 1 large attic over the abovementioned rooms 35 feet by 15; and detached kitchen, good yard, and every convenience; together with a never-failing supply of excellent water on the premises.
The Cottage is well and substantially built of weather-board, and shingled and plastered throughout, and is capable of great improvement at a very trifling outlay. It is admirably adapted for an invalid or family requiring the sea breeze, as it is not more than half-a-mile from the sea beach, which renders it exceedingly healthy. The soil is good, and well adapted for a garden.
Omnibusses pass and re-pass to and from Sydney hourly, within half-a-mile of the house.
Terms at sale. 9439

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF SPLENDID JEWELLERY, Gold and Silver Watches, Silver Articles, Elegant Inlaid Papier Maché Tables, Silver Mounted Plated Ware, Spectacles, Bead Work, and various fancy goods.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON
Has received instructions from the consignees to sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on
TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY,
10th and 11th December,
Commencing at 11 o'clock, each day,
WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE.
AN entirely new and fashionable selection of splendid jewellery and watches, &c., together with
A great variety of jewellery, plated ware and fancy articles.
To close sundry consignments.
Full particulars of the whole of which will appear in a future advertisement.
☞ The trade generally are recommended, to withhold purchasing until this sale, as a greater variety of good and saleable articles will then be submitted for unreserved competition than has ever yet been offered at one time in the colony.
Terms liberal—at sale. 447

MORETON BAY PINE.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at the Commercial Wharf,
On MONDAY, November 25, at half-past 10 o'clock,
6000 Feet of Moreton Bay Pine.
Terms—Cash. 9446

NEW AND ELEGANT SHEFFIELD PLATED WARE,

JUST LANDED.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
On WEDNESDAY, November 27,
At 11 o'clock,
Without reserve,
A small but elegant selection of new and elegant Sheffield Plated Articles, consisting of—
Richly silver mounted tea and coffee services
Liqueur and cruet frames, with handsome bottles
New pattern cake baskets and salvers
Handsome tea urn and spirit lamp
Silver knife, fork, and spoon, in case
Butter coolers, mustard pots, vases
Toast-racks, tea-caddies, muffineers, &c.
☞ The whole will be on view the day preceding the sale.
Terms at sale. 9445

TO THE MUSICAL.

MR. JAMES SIMMONS has the honour to inform ladies and gentlemen who are desirous of obtaining a really first-rate pianoforte that he has had placed in his hands for private sale the undermentioned, which, as regards, beauty, elegance, and tone, are not to be surpassed in the colony—
No. 1.—A new patent round six and three-quarter octave, oblique, eighty keys, C to G, kept action, width four feet nine inches, in jacaranda, elegantly finished, with turned legs, tuning key and fork—by C. H. Schroder.
No. 2.—One elegant jacaranda cottage cabinet pianoforte, patent check action, panels fretworked, carved legs, &c., &c., polished—C. H. Schroder—with tuning key and fork.
No. 3.—One elegant rosewood square semi-grand pianoforte, six and three-quarter octave, to G, with new patent repeater, grand action, raised top fretwork, and carved legs, &c., &c., polished—by C. H. Schroder—with tuning key and fork.
No. 4.—Same as No. 3.
Terms liberal. 9287

A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT TABLE AND CANDLE LAMPS, READING AND GOTHIC SIDEBOARD LAMPS, PIER AND OFFICE LAMPS, ELECTRO-PLATED CUTLET, PRESERVING, AND STEW PANS.
To Furnishing Ironmongers, Storekeepers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms 490, George-street,
On MONDAY next, November 25,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
A superior assortment of table and candle lamps, in opal, bronze, green, dome glasses
Shades and chimneys
Gothic sideboard offiee
Large and small pier lamps
Electro-plated cutlet pans, frying and preserving pans, stewpans and covers, bell-metal preserving pans and saucepans
Copper stewpans and covers
Tea boiler
Large and small solar lamp cottons
Ditto French sperm cottons.
Terms at sale. 9296

PETERSHAM VILLAGE, ON LONG COVE CREEK.

(BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE, WITH CONSENT OF THE MORTGAGOR.)

MR. ROBERTS will sell by auction, at his Mart, 336, George-street, on MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 12 o'clock,
Without any reserve,
3½ Acres in the above Village, about 2½ miles on the Parramatta Road from the City boundary, and bounded by the Canterbury Road to the Sugar Works and Long Cove Creek, on either side. This property is admirably adapted for a wool-washing, or other such business requiring an abundant supply of water, or is pleasantly situated for a gentleman's suburban retreat, it being excellent garden ground. There is a fine Stone Quarry on the land, and the proposed Railway line passes within a few yards of it.
The land will be submitted in three lots. Afterwards will be sold a number of Cottage Allotments, situate on the same Creek, adjoining the above property.
Terms—20 per cent. cash deposit, and remainder by three, six, and nine months' approved bills. 9432

DAMAGED DRAPERY GOODS.

On account of whom it may concern, ex Emerald Isle, Holt, Master, from London, damaged by Sea Water.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Rooms, 481, George-street, on
MONDAY, November 25,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
B
O O intersected by a cross.
B
§ 108—Part bale
28 Pieces 30-inch sheeting, much damaged
" § 106—Part bale
15 Pieces 4-4 Forfars, much damaged
" § 107—Part bale
12 Pieces 4-4 Forfars, much damaged
" § 105—Part bale
9 Pieces 36-inch Forfars, slightly damaged
" § 104—Part bale
5 Pieces 36-inch Forfars, slightly damaged
" § 103—Part bale
8 Pieces 36-inch Forfars, much damaged
" § 102—Part bale
7 Pieces 36-inch Forfars, slightly damaged
" § 100—Part bale
5 Pieces 36-inch Forfars, slightly damaged
W in circle.
§ 35—Part bale
7 Pieces 72-inch sheeting, much damaged
" § 36—Part bale
7 Pieces 72-inch sheeting, much damaged.
Terms—Cash. 9349

30 PACKAGES BOOTS AND SHOES,

JUST LANDED.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,
On TUESDAY, 26th November,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
30 Packages Davis and Son's Boots and Shoes, just landed, of the following excellent assortment:—
Ladies' best patent calf slippers
Ladies' ditto enamel seal ditto
Ladies' ditto Spanish leather ditto
Ladies' ditto lasting slippers
Ladies' second and third quality lasting slippers
Ladies' second and third quality enamel seal ditto
Ladies' best cashmere boots, patent fronts
Ladies' ditto lasting ditto, ditto
Ladies' black cloth boots
Ladies' Venetian and roan slippers
Girls' enamel seal shoes, 10 to 13
Ditto black cloth boots, 10 to 13
Ditto enamel seal shoes, 5 to 9
Ditto black cloth boots, 5 to 9
Children's lasting and cashmere boots, 2 to 9
Children's enamel seal shoes, 2 to 9
Men's Cossack boots
Men's Oxonian shoes
Men's light walking shoes
Men's calf pumps
Men's buck and roan slippers, &c.
Terms at sale 9284

DAMAGED DRAPERY GOODS.

On account of whom it may concern, ex Agricola, Bell, master, from London, damaged by sea water.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Rooms, 481, George-street,
On MONDAY, November 25,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
BR in diamond.
§54—Part case.
22 Pieces 9-8 shirting, much damaged
§55—Part case.
10 Pieces 9-8 shirting, slightly damaged
H in diamond.
§11—Part case.
21 Pieces 9-8 Horrock's long-cloth, slightly damaged
M in diamond.
§14—Part case.
26 Pieces 9-8 Horrock's longcloth, slightly damaged
A §19—Part case.
14 Pieces 9-8 Horrock's longcloth, slightly damaged
B §20—Part case.
23 Pieces 9-8 Horrock's longcloth, slightly damaged
M in diamond.
T §15—Case.
25 Pieces 9-8 Horrock's longcloth, much damaged
Terms—Cash. 9350

NEW PRODUCE STORE,

CIRCULAR WHARF.

THE above extensive premises will be open to receive Colonial Produce on and after the 1st day of December. The first sale will be held there on Thursday, December the 5th.
8409 MORT AND BROWN, Auctioneers

50 ACRE FARM,

IN THE BEAUTIFUL DISTRICT OF ILLAWARA, WITH COTTAGE, DAIRY, &c.

MORT AND BROWN
Will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, George-street,
On MONDAY, 9th December,
At 11 o'clock,
A DAIRY FARM, situate on the Cordeaux River, within 8 miles of Wollongong, seven acres of which is fenced in and cropped with wheat, and 15 acres has the timber felled upon it. There is a
SLAB COTTAGE OF FOUR ROOMS
very substantially built,
SMALL DAIRY, &c., &c.
The farm is most abundantly watered in all seasons, and it commands an extensive back run.
TITLE, GRANT FROM THE CROWN.
The Terms Cash, and no Reserve. 9430

VERY VALUABLE FREEHOLDS

IN THE
CITY OF SYDNEY,
PRODUCING A STEADY AND CERTAIN RENTAL!

MORT AND BROWN
Are instructed by the proprietor, (who is about proceeding to England) to submit to public competition, at their Rooms, George-street,
On MONDAY, December 9,
At 11 o'clock,
THE undermentioned most valuable Freehold properties, situate in very important thoroughfares, and which will be disposed of in the following order, viz:—
Lot 1.
THE MUSEUM HOTEL,
now in full trade, situate in William-street, near Hyde Park corner, being a handsome, substantial, and newly built brick and stone house, 30 feet square from out to out, containing on the ground floor a spacious Bar, two parlours and a sitting-room, from thence ascending by a good staircase to the first floor, which has a Ball or Assembly Room, 28 feet 4 inches, by 13 feet 4 inches, with corniced and centred ceiling, &c., and two rooms opening into a balcony in the rear, overlooking the harbour of Port Jackson. On the floor underneath the ground story are three bedrooms and a kitchen, and underneath those again, are two spacious cellars, there is also an excellent yard 60 feet in length, having its entrance from Riley-street. No expense was spared in the erection of this building; the doors being varnished and the sashes hanging on pullies, and on the premises there are fixed one register and four half-register stoves, and kitchen range; and Cowpasture and stone mantel-pieces. A well of good water is also on the premises. The property is leased for five years, to a respectable and responsible tenant, at £2 10s. per week, or £130 per annum.
Lots 2, 3, 4, 5,
ARE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, ADJOINING THE HOTEL.
The two first of which have each twenty feet frontage; and the others, twenty-two feet each to William-street, by depths at right angles of ninety feet each, to a sixteen feet road, which they also front. The two first of these are at present occupied as a garden.
Lot 6.
A DOUBLY FRONTED NEWLY BUILT STONE AND BRICK HOUSE,
Containing four handsome rooms, store-room, pantry, laundry, &c.; the principal rooms fitted with half-register stoves, and the kitchen with range. There is a most excellent garden and orchard, containing splendid vines and fruit trees, and a well of good water. This property is situate in William-street North, to which it has a frontage of eighty-one feet six inches, and is also bounded by another street not named; East, by Lower Riley-street, ninety-six feet; and on the West by a thick wall, separating it from Hyde Park; it has also, on the North side, a balcony overlooking the Government Domain, North Shore, and the harbour.
This property is much underlet, to a respectable tenant, at twelve shillings per week; but it is worth at least £1 per week.
Lot 7.
IS A SPACIOUS PIECE OF LAND,
Having upwards of 100 feet fronted by a stone wall, dividing it from Hyde Park; a frontage of about seventy feet to a twelve feet road, and about fifty feet to a sixteen feet road. Upon it stands erected a brick and stone cottage, containing two rooms, with a well of good water. The cottage yields six shillings per week rent. As this lot will be divided into allotments, before sale, reference to the plan will show every particular; but in the first place it will be offered for sale in one block. The whole of these allotments constitute part and parcel of the "Riley Estate."
Lot 8,
IS A PIECE OF LAND,
Having a frontage of 29 feet 8 inches to a very important thoroughfare, part of George-street South, immediately fronting "the Benevolent Asylum," by 41 feet 9 inches frontage to Hillson-place; on it stands erected a brick-built cottage, kitchen, stable, &c., rented at nine shillings per week.
Lot 9 comprises
SEVEN DOUBLE STORIED BRICK-BUILT HOUSES.
The frontage to Hillson-place being 86 feet. They are let to tenants at four shillings per week each, or £1 8s. per week for the whole.
The importance of the site of this block of land (a part of the Ultimo Estate) cannot be too highly appreciated, as the junction of Pitt and George street fronts it, and it is within gun-shot of the railway terminus, which will for ever hereafter stamp it and its immediate neighbourhood one of the best parts of the City of Sydney.
Lot 10.
3 acres and 8 perches of RICH LAND.
On the banks of Prospect Creek, near Kenyon's celebrated orchard, being part of the Estate of Smithfield; bounded on the south by Victoria-street 264 feet, and on the north by the creek first named. It is fenced, and immediate possession can be given up, as well as of all the other properties herein enumerated.
The Architect's and Surveyor's plans lie for inspection at the Rooms of the Auctioneers, where full and further particulars relative to titles, &c., which are unexceptionable, may be ascertained. And in the meantime the public are requested to inspect the various properties.
☞ The terms may be obtained on application to the Auctioneers. 6821

☞ To Builders, Carpenters, Shippers to Victoria, South Australia, &c.

MORETON BAY PINE.

MORT AND BROWN
Will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, on MONDAY, November 25, at 11 o'clock,
54,000 FEET MORETON BAY PINE (in lots to suit purchasers), namely—
Ex Ann Mary, lying at the Bethel Wharf, Eight thousand feet.

Ex Beaver, at the Commercial Wharf, Seventeen thousand feet.

Ex Favorite, at the Albion Wharf, Twenty-nine thousand feet, a very superior sample.

Intending purchasers are invited to inspect the timber prior to the day of sale.
Terms:
Under £20, cash; £20 and over, approved bill at three months. 9277



SABRINA.

A Baltimore clipper, barque, 308 tons register—will carry 400 tons.

MORT AND BROWN
Have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms,
On *
Without reserve,
THE SPLENDID BARQUE
SABRINA,
308 tons register, and 400 tons burthen.
This superior ship was built in Baltimore in 1845 for the Mediterranean fruit trade, and consequently combines carrying capacity with the great speed which has given to vessels of her build the famous appellation of
BALTIMORE CLIPPERS.
She is built of the best materials, is coppered and copper fastened, has
SPLENDID CABIN ACCOMMODATIONS,
And has been pronounced by competent persons as one of the finest vessels ever constructed in the United States.
It is not, however, the wish of the vendors that parties should bid for the ship without every opportunity of inspecting her, and so confident are they that the character which we now give her on their authority, will be fully borne out by careful survey, that they have determined to place the vessel on the
PATENT SLIP
On *
On which day an inspection of her is particularly invited.

☞ To parties engaged in the eastern trade, as well as to those who may be desirous of placing wools early in the London market, the sale of this craft is particular worthy of attention.
An inventory of stores is in course of preparation.
Terms at sale.

** In consequence of the prior engagements for the PATENT SLIP, the sale of the Sabrina is unavoidably postponed for a few days. Due notice will be given in a future advertisement of the day of sale, meanwhile the vessel will be on view at the wharf of the Patent Slip.* 9027

TO CAPITALISTS AND PARTIES HAVING MONEY TO INVEST.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.
ABOUT Six Years' Interest in a Leasehold Property, situate in the best part of the city, from which there is a weekly rental of Ten Pounds, the property being subject to a ground rent of four pounds ten shillings per week, leaving a surplus income of two hundred and eighty-six pounds per annum.

☞ This is a first-rate investment, as will be found upon application to the undersigned, who are prepared to furnish all particulars.
8938 MORT AND BROWN.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 25.

TO SPIRIT MERCHANTS, PUBLICANS, GROCERS, SHIPPERS, AND OTHERS.

MARZETTI'S BOTTLED DEVONSHIRE CIDER, DUNBAR'S BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER, ARRACK IN HOGSHEADS, TOBACCO IN TIERCES, PAMPANGA SUGAR, BRAZIL AND BARCELONA NUTS, WALNUTS, AND SOFT SHELL ALMONDS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS
Will sell by auction, at his Mart,
On MONDAY, the 25th instant,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
209 BAGS PAMPANGA SUGAR
43 Casks Dunbar's bottled porter, each four dozen
10 Casks ditto ditto ale, each four dozen
16 Casks Marzetti's bottled cider, each four dozen
8 Hogsheads arrack } in bond.
3 Tierces tobacco }
5 Casks Brazil nuts
4 Ditto walnuts
7 Ditto Barcelona nuts
8 Ditto soft shell almonds
Terms at sale. 9104

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27.

By order of the Proprietor.

TWO ALLOTMENTS OF LAND AT O'CONNELL TOWN, NEWTOWN-ROAD.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION,
BY MR. SAMUEL LYONS
At his Mart,
On WEDNESDAY, 27th November,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
As per plan on view at the auction room.
"**ALL** that piece or parcel of land, situate in the parish of Petersham, county of Cumberland, and colony of New South Wales, being lot No. 1 of block 7 of the township called O'Connell Town, as set forth in the map of the said township, now in the possession of the said William Henry Chapman, and bounded on or towards the north by a line bearing west 77 feet 6 inches, dividing it from allotment No. 2, sold to Samuel Jones, on or toward the west by Hordern-street bearing south 26 feet, on or towards the south by Brick-street, bearing east 77 feet 6 inches, and on or towards the east by a line bearing north 26 feet to the point of commencement.
And, also,
All that piece or parcel of land, situate in the said parish of Petersham, being allotment No. 10 of block 5 of the said township called O'Connell Town, as set forth in the said map, and bounded on or towards the north by a line bearing west 88 feet, dividing it from allotment No. 9, sold to Francis Clarke, on or towards the west by a reserved passage bearing south 26 feet, on or towards the south by a line bearing east 88 feet, dividing it from allotment No 11, sold to Rossiter, and on or towards the east by Hordern-street 26 feet to the point of commencement, be the said several dimensions respectively, a little more or less, which said two pieces or parcels of land intended to be hereby appointed and released, or otherwise assured, form part and parcel of 10 acres, 1 rood, and 18 perches of land, which by indenture bearing date on or about 23rd day of October, A.D. 1841, were conveyed by Charles Hallett and Felix Slade to John Davis, in trust for Daniel Egan, to uses to bar dower with ultimate remainder to said Daniel Egan in fee, and which said lands and hereditaments hereby appointed and released, or intended so to be, were together with part of the said ten acres, one rood, and eighteen perches, appointed and released by said Daniel Egan to said William Henry Chapman in fee, by indenture bearing date on or about the 26th day of August, A.D., 1843.
Terms at sale. 9327

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

55 BALES WOOL.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS
Will sell by auction, at his Mart,
On TUESDAY, the 26th instant,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
25 BALES SCOURED FLEECE AND FINE WOOL.
30 Bales Wool in the grease.
Terms—Cash. 9329

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27,

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

AN ALLOTMENT OF LAND AT O'CONNELL TOWN, NEWTOWN ROAD,

WITH TWO TENEMENTS THEREON.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION
BY MR. SAMUEL LYONS,
At his Mart,
On WEDNESDAY, 27th Instant,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
AS PER PLAN ON VIEW AT THE AUCTION ROOMS.
"**ALL** that parcel of land, situate in the district of Petersham-hill, county of Cumberland, and colony of New South Wales, at Camperdown; bounded on the north by lot No. 6, 88 feet; on the west by Egan-street, 26 feet; on the south by lot No. 4, 88 feet; and on the east by a reserved lane 6 feet wide 26 feet, to the commencing corner, which said parcel of land forms allotment No. 5, of section No. 8, of the O'Connell Town property, on a plan of the same, made by the order and direction of the said Daniel Egan, and exhibited at the time of sale."
TOGETHER WITH THE TWO TENEMENTS THEREON.
Terms at sale. 9328

WOOL AND SHEEPSKINS.

MR. J. H. ATKINSON will sell by auction, at his Stores, Circular Wharf,
On WEDNESDAY next, the 26th instant,
At 11 o'clock
55 Bales Wool
1300 Sheepskins.
Terms at Sale. 9385

THE SPLENDID ESTATE OF "LENNOXTON,"

COMPRISING 600 ACRES RICH ARABLE AND PASTORAL LAND,
Favoured with an extensive river frontage, and unsurpassed for fertility in the great agricultural district of the Paterson.

MR. JEREMIAH LEDSAM has received instructions from Frederick Ebsworth, Esq., to sell by auction, on the Ground, on
MONDAY, November 25, at 11 o'clock,
THE SPLENDID ESTATE OF "LENNOXTON,"
"Containing by admeasurement six hundred acres of land (be the same more or less), situate, lying, and being, in the county of Durham, and parish of Houghton, in the territory of New South Wales, commencing on Paterson River, opposite the line which divides the grants of George and James Adair, and bounded on the east by a south line of 14 chains; on the south by a west line of 80 chains; on the west by a north line of 113 chains; on the north by an east line of 28 chains and 70 links to Paterson River; and on the north-east by Paterson River"—six miles from the Paterson township, the "Shipping Port," with a good road thereto; and having a magnificent fresh water frontage, bounded by the Paterson River for nearly two miles.

The Estate has been subdivided, and will be submitted in the following lots.—
Lot 1.
Comprising 210 Acres, 95½ acres of which is rich cultivation land, including a magnificent GARDEN, VINEYARD, AND ORCHARD, spreading over an area of 7 Acres, in a high degree of perfection, stocked with the choicest Fruit Trees in full bearing, Vines of the best selection, and ornamented with grand and stately willows, the admiration of the beholder.
On which is erected, a neat and comfortable HOMESTEAD, of the following dimensions:—
Length, 53 feet 6 inches; depth, 32 feet
Front verandah supported by fluted columns, 53 feet 6 inches by 8 feet; the front and ends tastefully enclosed by lattice-work
Back verandah, 27 feet 6 inches by 8 feet 7 inches
The House contains ten rooms, viz.:

	FT.	IN.		FT.	IN.
Drawing-room	17	6	by	13	6
Front parlour	13	1	"	13	6
Sitting-room	12	3	"	9	6
Office-room	9	5	"	12	7
No. 1—Bed-room	9	5	"	8	9
No. 2—Bed-room	13	2	"	7	7
No. 3—Bed-room	13	3	"	7	6
No. 4—Bed-room	9	8	"	8	6
No. 5—Verandah Bed-room	11	4	"	8	
No. 6—Verandah Bed-room	11	4	"	8	
Hall	9		"	4	
Wine Cellar	11	4	"	7	2

Detached are the under-mentioned BUILDINGS, &c.:
Store-house (shingle roof), 20 feet 8 inches by 13 feet 7 inches
Kitchen, 17 feet 5 inches by 12 feet
Servant's Room, 10 feet by 12 feet.
A range of SLAB BUILDINGS (shingle roof), 54 feet by 27 feet, with a longitudinal division placed in the centre. Front range, furnished with Verandah, contains 4 compartments—
One Wine or Tobacco Press-room
Two Grape Sorting-rooms
One Fowl-house
Back range sub-divided into three compartments—
One first-rate 5-stalled Stable
One loose Box for an entire horse
Old Harness-room.
Contiguously is erected:
One Wine-Store, 30 feet by 11 feet 8 inches
Excellent Stockyard
Men's Huts
One Garden House for implements of husbandry.
Lot. 2.
175 Acres, 32 acres of which is good cultivation; residue pasture land; with a good substantial DWELLING-HOUSE, BARN, &c.
Lot 3.
180 Acres, 27 acres of which is good cultivation; residue pasture land; with DWELLING-HOUSE and other BUILDINGS.
Lot 4.
35½ Acres, 12 acres of which is good cultivation; residue pasturage ground.
Title Unexceptionable.
Immediate possession will be given.

Mr. Ledsam respectfully invites the attention of Capitalists, Agriculturists, and others, and the public generally, to the sale now advertised.
The Estate of "Lennoxton" is proverbial for its fertility and beauty.
The Homestead is erected on a beautiful site, and so commodious as to be admirably adapted to and suitable for a family of the first respectability; in front of which is a splendid Garden, Vineyard, and Orchard, bearing in rich profusion fruit of every description—apples, apricots, loquats, lemons, pears, peaches, plums, oranges, grapes of the choicest vines, &c. The fruits of the garden this season, simply considered, will realize about £60.
The land in cultivation is first-rate, peculiarly adapted to the growth of wheat, maize, tobacco, cotton, &c.—abundantly supplied with fresh water, and sheltered from the southerly winds by Mount Johnson, and from the west and north-west winds by Mount George. In a word, the Estate of "Lennoxton," consisting of rich agricultural and pastoral lands, stands unrivalled amid the varied splendours everywhere beheld in the magnificent district of the Paterson—"The Garden of New South Wales."
Terms of Sale:
20 per cent. cash deposit on the fall of the hammer; residue by bills at 3, 6, 9, and 12 months, with security on the property if required—the two last bills bearing bank interest.
Refreshments provided. 9233

PRELIMINARY NOTICE OF SALE.

MR. JEREMIAH LEDSAM has received instructions from Augustus Dreutler, Esq., to sell by public auction, on an early day.
The following VALUABLE PROPERTIES, namely,
11 ALLOTMENTS OF LAND, comprising from 3½ acres to 6½ acres, being a portion of the celebrated Horse-shoe Bend.
The whole of the allotments, with one exception have frontage to the magnificent river Hunter; and is first-rate land, proverbial for its amazing productiveness, adapted for growing wheat, maize, tobacco, cotton, and will answer well for vegetable gardens, or small paddocks for growing lucerne, barley, &c.
These cultivation allotments, unrivalled for situation, in the centre of the town of West Maitland, and rear of the extensive stores of Messrs. D. and J. Dickson, were originally purchased at prices varying from £30 to £73 per acre; they will now be sold, by order of the proprietor, without reserve.
60 ACRES OF LAND, situate within half mile of West Maitland, lying between the properties of the Rev. Dean Lynch, Telarah, and John Eales, Esq., known as Walka.
The land is cleared and fenced; an unfailing supply of water is attainable by the outlay of a nominal sum in the construction of a dam; and, from its proximity to Maitland, most valuable and advantageous to stock-owners and others.
3 ALLOTMENTS OF LAND, situate and lying in the town of East Maitland.
400 ACRES on Wallis' Creek, about 9 miles from West Maitland, known as Blackburn's grant. A great portion of this land is cleared, fenced, and in cultivation.
1840 Eighteen Hundred and Forty Acres of pasture land, adjoining the above.
2240

Upon this splendid estate, comprising 2240 acres of agricultural and pastoral land, an immense amount of labour has been expended in the erection of good substantial fences, stock-yards, dwellings, &c., during the last four years.
The property is favoured with an abundant supply of pure water; and will be sold either in one or three lots, to suit intending purchasers.
The whole of the respective properties will be sold on liberal terms, and without reserve.
TITLE UNEXCEPTIONABLE.
Full particulars in future advertisement. 9235

TO AGRICULTURISTS, GRAZIERS, AND OTHERS.

THE SPLENDID ESTATE OF "TORYBURN," ALLYN RIVER,

COMPRISING FOUR THOUSAND ACRES.

MR. A. DODDS has received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Northumberland Hotel, West Maitland, on THURSDAY, the 28th November, at Twelve o'clock,
The Magnificent Estate of TORYBURN, situated on the Allyn River, adjoining property belonging to Messrs. Park, Dalgleish, and others.
Lot 1
Consists of 2000 acres, adjoining Mr. Dalgleish's, with 1½ miles, or thereabouts, frontage to the Allyn River. A considerable quantity of this is excellent cultivation land, part of which has been under tillage, and yielded abundant crops; the remaining portion is first-rate pasturage.
Lot 2
Comprises 2000 acres, adjoining A. Park's, Esq., with 1½ miles, or thereabouts, frontage to the Allyn River. A great portion of this lot is well adapted for farming purposes; the residue being rich grazing land.
This valuable estate is luxuriantly grassed, abundantly watered, and capable of depasturing 2000 head of cattle, or sheep in proportion. Its fattening qualities are superior to any in the neighbourhood. It is distant from Maitland about twenty miles, and from the head of navigation seven miles. It abounds with limestone, good timber for building or fencing purposes, and the whole of the estate is fine open land.
There are secured, by *pre-emptive right*, 6450 acres, thereby making it an extensive grazing establishment; with an abundance of cultivation land on the estate for the growth of tobacco, wheat, maize, barley, and the vine.
The Government land is well watered.
Quit-rent Redeemed.—Title Unexceptionable.
Terms liberal. 8010

HORSES
COLTS
MARES.

MR. STEWART will sell by auction, at the Horse Bazaar, 298, Pitt-street,
THIS DAY, at eleven o'clock.
A pair of very stout ready-made carriage horses
A pair of splendid grey colts, broke to ride, would make a beautiful pair, by Young Gratis
A magnificent saddle mare, by Cap-a-Pie
A lady's mare, by Vagabond
Five stout well-bred mares, by Young Gratis
Eight colts and three mares, well-bred
Three dray horses, one very large
About twenty other horses, all broken in
A dray, dray harness, cart, gig, phaeton
Carriage harness, four-in-hand harness, &c.
9417

TO STAND THIS SEASON AT BUNGARRABBEE.

THE well-known imported thorough bred English horse
CAMEL,
Also, the celebrated high caste Arab,
GLENDOWER,
Terms:—For a single mare £3 3s., an allowance where a number sent.
Good paddocks provided, and every care taken, but no responsibility incurred.
All mares to be paid for and removed on or before the 1st January, 1851. 6883

TO STAND, at Lake House, Peterborough, Illawarra, the thorough-bred colonial horse
TYRIUS,
by Tros, dam by Skeleton out of Poppet, by Selim. Poppet was imported from General Grosvenor's stud, bred by George M'Leay, Esq., of Brownlow-hill.
This horse is the sire of the winner of the late £50 Belford Stud Plate.
Terms—£2 2s. for each mare; groomage included.

ALSO, THE ENTIRE HORSE
BACCHUS.
Sire, the imported horse "Cantab," dam out of a Satellite mare, and got by a celebrated imported horse, by the late Potter M'Queen, Esq., (thorough-bred) out of either a Hector or Model mare. This horse cost 1000 guineas at home, and was purchased for the use of his own stud.
Terms—£1 10s. for each mare; groomage included. 8091

TO STAND THIS SEASON, at Mr. Osborne's Station, Wagara, near Gundagai, the imported thorough-bred Entire Horse
MERRY PEBBLES,
Imported by Benjamin Boyd, Esq.
PEDIGREE.
Bred in 1837, got by Saracen, out of Lady Canford by Cattero, Croille, Hambletonian, Shuttle, Overton, Beningbrough's dam by Herold, Pyrrah by Matchem, Dutchess by Whitenose, Miss Slamerkin. Saracen was got by the Mount Falcon Arab, out of Hebe by Meteor, Nancy by Long Rendrow, Nancy's dam also by Young Rendrow, Matilda by King Fergus.

Terms:—£2 5s. for a single mare; £1 15s. each for three or more, groomage included; good and secure paddocks found, and every care taken, but no responsibility incurred; all mares to be paid for, and removed on or before the 1st of January, 1851. 5675

Printed and Published by Charles Kemp *and* John Fairfax, *at the* Morning Herald *Printing Office, Lower George-street, Sydney, New South Wales, Saturday, November 23, 1850.*

Supplement
TO THE
SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1850.

AUXILIARY BIBLE SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

SABBATH SCHOOLS OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

A SUPPLY of Bibles and Testaments has just been received for gratuitous distribution among Sabbath Schools.

Applications for grants to be made by letter (post paid) addressed to the Secretary, Miller's Point, Sydney, on or before 26th November next, stating—

When the School was established?
Where it is situated?
Distinguished by any name?, or connected with any Religious body?
What has been the average number of children attending it during the last three months?
What number of Bibles and Testaments are required for immediate use?
How they are to be forwarded?

It is respectfully intimated to applicants and to the public generally, that while these Bibles and Testaments are given gratuitously, subscriptions and donations of any amount will be thankfully received by the Treasurer, G. W. Allen, Esq.; or by

JAMES COMRIE, Secretary,
Miller's Point, Sydney.

October 29. 7880

SYDNEY MARINE ASSURANCE OFFICE.

Conducted according to the usage at Lloyd's under the direction of a Committee of Underwriters.

LYONS BUILDINGS, 567, GEORGE-STREET.
Hours of attendance from 10 to 4.

SAMUEL H. SMYTH,
Sydney, November 8. Broker.

THE AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.

437, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY,
Opposite the Barrack Gate.

TRUSTEES.
Gilbert Elliott, Esq.
W. H. Kerr, Esq.
T. S. Mort, Esq.

DIRECTORS.
Thomas Holt, Jun., Esq., Chairman.
M. H. Marnin, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
F. Ebsworth, Esq. | John Fairfax Esq.
W. H. Christie, Esq. | M. Metcalfe, Esq.

MOST OF THE CLERKS OF PETTY SESSIONS IN THE COUNTRY TOWNS ARE APPOINTED AGENTS.

The business of this Company is threefold.

1ST. LIFE INSURANCE, which enables persons to provide for the widowed, orphans, or others, at their decease.

2ND. DEFERRED ANNUITIES, which enables persons to secure for themselves, or their nominees, an independence in their old age, by means of an annuity punctually paid as long as they may live.

3RD. ENDOWMENTS for children, payable at the ages of 14, 20, and 21, to enable persons to provide for the education and establishment in life of their children.

INSURANCE BRANCH.

BY the payment of a small annual Subscription a person is enabled to provide for his family at his death as securely as if he left them houses or land. Life Assurance has become almost universal in Great Britain, and numerous families are constantly being saved from absolute ruin by the forethought and providence of their parents in insuring their lives.

ANNUITY BRANCH.

Deferred Annuities, or Annuities payable in old age, are purchased by small contributions, payable monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or annually. They are eminently calculated for this colony, where all classes are enabled to save a little from their incomes, beyond providing themselves with a liberal provision for the present time. *Through the instrumentality of this Society, these Annuities, and the Subscriptions for them, are protected by Act of Council, 14 Victoria, No. 11, from being levied upon by the Judgment of any Courts of Law in the Colony, and are therefore equivalent to Government Pensions,*—thus enabling the provident man to make the declining years of his life comfortable, by laying aside in his youth a small portion of his income.

ENDOWMENT BRANCH.

Endowments, or sums payable to persons at the age of 14, 20, and 21, are purchased in the same way as Deferred Annuities. These are very desirable for parents, whose limited incomes prevent them securing sufficient to set their children out in life, or to educate them at the proposed University, or other superior schools.

Females, whether married or single, are eligible for any of the above branches.

The profits are to be divided among the members every five years.

Forms of proposal, and all information, may be obtained at the offices of the Society from 10 to 4 daily.

WILLIAM PERRY,
5676 Secretary.

JNO. GIBLETT, Tanner, Currier, and Harness-maker, 361, George-street, Sydney,

OPPOSITE THE MARKET.

Merchants, Captains, and Country Stores, supplied at wholesale prices. 770

THE AUSTRALASIAN COLONIAL AND GENERAL LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITY COMPANY.

No. 1, Leadenhall-street, London,
443, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY.

CAPITAL—£200,000 in 2000 shares.

DIRECTORS.

Edward Barnard, Esq. | John B. Elin, Esq.
Robert Brooks, Esq. | C. E Mangles, Esq.
Henry Buckle, Esq. | Richard Onslow, Esq.
John H. Capper, Esq. | William Walker, Esq.

TRUSTEES
Edward Barnard, Esq. | J. H. Capper, Esq.
Edward Thomson, Esq.

BANKERS.
Union Bank of London.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs. Maples, Pearse, Stephens, and Maples.

ACTUARY AND SECRETARY.
Edward Ryley, Esq.

DIRECTORS AND TRUSTEES FOR SYDNEY.
John Thacker, Esq., Hon. C. D. Riddell, M.C.
A. W. Young, Esq.

AUDITORS.
George Richard Griffiths, Esq.
Geoffrey Eagar, Esq.

PHYSICIAN.
Dr. Wallace.

SOLICITOR.
James Norton, Esq.

SECRETARY
Robert Styles, Esq.

BANKERS.
For Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide, Launceston, and Hobart Town,—Bank of Australasia.

AGENTS AND MEDICAL REFEREES.

Maitland—Joseph Chambers, Esq., Agent; David Sloan, Esq., Medical Referee. *Merton and Cassilis*—Michael M'Cartney, Esq., Medical Referee. *Goulburn*—John Gerard, Esq., Medical Referee. *Bathurst* — Richard Machattie, Esq., Medical Referee. *Melbourne*—Captain G. W. Cole, Agent; D. J. Thomas, Esq., Medical Referee. *Launceston*—Messrs. Gleadow and Henty, Agents; Dr. Pugh, Medical Referee. *Hobart Town*—Messrs. Aliport and Roberts, Agents; E. S. P. Bedford, Esq., Medical Referee, *Adelaide*—E. L. Montefiore, Esq., Agent; J. Woodford, Esq., Medical Referee.

ADVANTAGES OF THE INSTITUTION.

A large subscribed capital in England, and ample funds to pay losses in the colony.

Very low rates of premium, without profits, per Table No. 4, and a Table of Rates, No. 1, with profits.

No extra premium for one voyage to Europe and back, or for voyages in approved vessels to, or residence in, any part of Australasia, in approved situations.

Policies may be made payable in Australasia or in London, and altered by indorsement.

SPECIMEN OF RATES WITHOUT PROFITS.
TABLE No. IV.

AGE.	ONE YEAR. £ s. d.	SEVEN YEARS. £ s. d.	LIFE. £ s. d.
25	1 0 3	1 2 8	1 16 8
30	1 5 3	1 7 1	2 2 7
35	1 8 5	1 10 4	2 9 4
40	1 12 1	1 14 5	2 18 2
45	1 16 5	2 1 1	3 9 10
50	2 5 3	2 14 8	4 5 9

SPECIMEN OF RATES WITH PROFITS, PER TABLE NO. 1. FOR THE WHOLE OF LIFE.

AGE.	LIFE. £ s. d.	AGE.	LIFE. £ s. d.	AGE.	LIFE. £ s. d.
25	2 2 1	35	3 15 2	45	3 16 6
30	2 8 2	40	3 4 0	50	4 11 8

An extra premium of £1 per cent. per annum, will be charged for risk of death from casualty by collision with the aborigines, which may be assured or not, at the option of the assurer.

Prospectuses, with full table of rates, and all needful information, may be obtained at the office.

ROBERT STYLES,
2990 Secretary.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF SYDNEY.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition numerously and respectably signed by the electors of Sydney, requesting me to come forward as a candidate for the office of Mayor, for the ensuing year, I beg to express my readiness to accept the office, if it should be your pleasure to elect me thereto.

I have greater confidence in presenting myself before you, as I have already received a similar requisition from a large number of the Council—and also the promise of the present Mayor to vote for me—showing that the body over whom, if elected, I shall have to preside, are disposed to look favourably upon my claims.

I have now been in the City Council seven years—five years of which I have had the honour of acting as Alderman; and from the active part I have taken on all questions which have occupied the attention of the Council, it is needless to state my views and principles on this occasion; but I may perhaps have other opportunities of doing so before the day of election arrives.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Your faithful servant,
W. THURLOW.

Bligh-street, Sydney, November 19. 9186

TO THE RIGHT WORSHIPFUL GEORGE HILL, ESQUIRE, MAYOR OF THE CITY OF SYDNEY

SIR,—We, the undersigned, Citizens of the City of Sydney, beg to request that you will allow yourself to be placed in nomination for the office of Mayor during the year 1851, and we pledge ourselves to use our best endeavours to secure your Election.

Here follows the signature of Moses Joseph, Esq., and upwards of 1000 signatures of the Citizens.

GENTLEMEN,—I feel much gratified and highly honoured by the receipt of the requisition you have now presented to me, and in cheerfully responding to the call of so numerous a body of my fellow-citizens, I can only pledge myself, if elected, to discharge the duties of my office to the utmost of my ability.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
G. HILL.

To Moses Joseph, Esq., and the Citizens signing the requisition. 9146

DR. LANG'S EMIGRATION LIABILITIES.

THE Subscription Lists in aid of the fund to be raised for liquidating the above liabilities are now ready, and the Public are respectfully informed that none are genuine unless signed by the Chairman, Treasurers, and Secretary of the Committee. Persons subscribing are cautioned against imposition. On each list is written the name of the person authorised to receive subscriptions.

9274 J. M. GRANT, Hon. Sec.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES,

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF COUNCIL,
FOR ISSUING NOTES,
RECEIVING DEPOSITS, DISCOUNTING BILLS,
MAKING ADVANCES ON APPROVED SECURITIES,
GRANTING CASH CREDITS,
AND
Transacting every other description of Banking Business.

Commencing Capital, £125,000, with power to increase to £1,000,000.

DIRECTORS.

John Thacker, Esq., J.P., President.
D. Larnach, Esq., J. P. | W. R. Scott, Esq.
R. Campbell, Esq. | D. Cooper, jun., Esq., M.C.
Robert Towns, Esq., J.P.

AUDITORS.

James Milson, jun., Esq. | E. C. Weekes, Esq.

John Black, Esq., Cashier.

IN order to meet the growing wants of the Northern Districts of the Colony, the Directors have now established a Branch Bank at North Brisbane, Moreton Bay, under the management of Mr. William Richardson, where every department of Banking business will be conducted.

The Bank has also established Agencies in London, Adelaide, Hobart Town and Calcutta; and will purchase approved Bills, at the current rates of Exchange, or will undertake the collection of Bills payable at any place in the United Kingdom, in the adjacent colonies of Van Diemen's Land and South Australia, or in India or China.

The Bank will issue Drafts on the London Joint Stock Bank, at the current rates of Exchange. Letters of Credit will also be granted on such terms as may be agreed on.

Cash Credit Accounts will be granted to respectable parties on personal or other security, satisfactory to the Bank.

Bills will be Discounted at the current rates.

The Board meets for Discount every Tuesday and Friday. All Bills for Discount must be lodged before 11 o'clock A.M. on these days, and an answer will be given by 2 o'clock P.M.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept on the usual terms. Dividends received, and local Bills collected for customers, free of charge.

The Corporation being empowered to increase its capital from time to time, by the creation and allotment of New Shares, it is proposed in future allotments of shares to secure a preference after the then existing proprietors, to such depositors as may be desirous of becoming proprietors, according to the priority of their several applications.

The Bank will close for the half yearly Settlements on the 1st and 2nd April and 1st and 2nd October.

The only holidays will be Christmas Day, Good Friday, the Queen's Birth-day, and the Anniversary of the Colony.

Hours of public business, from 10 o'clock A.M. to 3 o'clock P.M.

By order of the Board of Directors,
J. BAILLIE,
7786 Secretary.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. HENRY MARSH, Importer of Pianofortes and Music, &c., begs to announce that he has removed his business from his private residence in Jamison-street, to No. 67, Hunter-street, opposite to the Union Bank.

6, Jamison-street, November 16. 9204

NOTICE.—MR. CUTHILL, Surgeon, has removed from Hancock's to Jenkins's Buildings, No. 73, George-street, opposite the English Church.

November 6. 8152

METROPOLITAN AND COUNTIES PERMANENT INVESTMENT AND BUILDING SOCIETY.

HEAD OFFICE, NO. 486, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY,
OVER J. T. GROCOTT'S MUSIC SALOON.

TRUSTEES:—
Messrs. David Jones
Edward Hunt
R. M. Robey.

DIRECTORS:—
Messrs. David Jones, Chairman
Edward Hunt, Deputy Chairman
R. M. Robey — G. E. R. Lingard
A. Campbell Brown — Ambrose Foss
Rowand Ronald — John Brise Rundle
George Chisholm.

SOLICITORS:—
Messrs. Young and Billyard.

STANDING COUNSEL:—
George Smyth, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.

SURVEYOR:—
Mr. John Bibb.

CONSULTING ACTUARY.
Mr. Archibald Campbell.

BANKERS
The Commercial Bank.

MANAGER.
Mr. Robt. A. Fitzgerald.

THE GENERAL OBJECTS OF THIS SOCIETY ARE:—

To raise a fund by the monthly payments of the Shareholders which shall be available to each as may be required.

1st. For the purchase of their own business premises, or private dwellings, or other property, or the erection of buildings, or the purchase of land for buildings.

2nd. *For the paying off any mortgage already existing on their property.*

3rd. To provide an accumulating investment for depositors not requiring advances.

No liability is attached to Shareholders beyond payment of their shares.

THE serious objections to terminable Societies do not apply to this Society. Its leading features are—

1. The Society being a *permanent one*, persons may become shareholders at any time, and *no back subscriptions or increased entrance fees* can be demanded.
2. The subscriptions on investing shares of £100 each are 13s. per month, for *ten years certain*, at the end of which period the shares of each member are paid in full, with *a bonus out of the profits*, in addition to *compound* interest at the rate of £6 per cent. per annum. Shares of £50 and £25 each are also issued for proportionate monthly payments.
3. Members wishing to cancel their shares can do so (*without fine*) any time after the first year of their membership.
4. *Advances are made to Members* to the FULL AMOUNT OF THEIR SHARES, less a commission not exceeding five per cent., such advances being repayable by fixed monthly or quarterly instalments, during five, seven, ten, twelve, or fourteen years. No commission charged if there be a competition for advances.
5. Mortgages to this Society may be redeemed at any time.
6. A Guarantee Fund *for the security of Shareholders*, will be formed

Subscription Meetings will be held on the *first Monday* in every month, between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock P.M., at the head office of the Society.

Detailed Prospectuses and Rules, (the latter 1s. each), may be obtained on application to

ROBT. A. FITZGERALD.
Manager.

8879

WOOLBROKER AND AUCTIONEER.
CIRCULAR QUAY.

THE undersigned begs to inform woolgrowers, merchants, and the public generally, that he has commenced the business of Woolbroker and Auctioneer in the stores lately occupied by R. Campbell, Esq., on the Circular Wharf, where it is intended to hold weekly public sales of wool and other colonial produce, at the usual commission of one per cent.

The stores, being very extensive and well adapted for wool, tallow, and other produce, will afford accommodation for a large quantity, where it can be placed so as to admit of proper examination.

From my experience in the wool trade, I should strongly recommend private sale, in many cases, as more conducive to the interests of the seller, and also more in accordance with the wishes of many extensive buyers. Having a thorough knowledge of the value of wool, I feel no hesitation in soliciting support from all classes of producers; and, in order to ensure success in this business, I intend to give my undivided attention to the sale, privately or by auction, of colonial produce.

J. H. ATKINSON.
Circular Wharf, 11th November.

Cash advances made on produce consigned for either public or private sale. 8867

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1510220

R. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by

TO UNITARIANS.

THE members of the Unitarian Faith resident in Sydney, having long experienced the necessity for a place of religious worship, and a committee having been appointed for the purpose of endeavouring to supply this want, it is hereby notified for the information of those who may feel interested in the above object, that a subscription has been entered into, and an adequate sum forwarded to England for the payment of the passage of a minister to this city. It being desirable, too, that Unitarians residing in the interior should be informed respecting such steps as have already been taken, and it being further necessary that the probable number of persons who may constitute the future congregation should be ascertained, it is hereby requested that all parties to whom this notice may apply will forward their names either to

WILLIAM JAMES, Secretary,
Spring-street;

Or to any of the Members of the Committee, whose names are subscribed:—

ARTHUR M. A'BECKETT, 351, Castlereagh-street North.
WILLIAM MAC DONNELL, 488, George-street.
JOHN WILLIAMS, 614, George-street.
HENRY FREEMAN, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.
A. CAMPBELL BROWN, Glebe.
FREDERICK PIPER, Glebe. 8093

SYDNEY ROAD TRUST.

ON Wednesday, the 11th day of December next, at the Government Sale Room in the Old Military Barracks, Sydney, after the sale at 12 o'clock of the Government Tolls and Ferry Dues, the Commissioners of the Sydney Road Trust, appointed under the Act of Council, 18th Victoria, No. 41, will cause to be put up to auction the lease for one year, commencing on the 1st day of January, 1851, of the Tolls and Dues to be collected at a gate to be erected on the Parramatta-road, at the entrance to the cut through Grose Farm, and near to the Water Reserve at the City Boundary. Upset price £2000.

A bond (in double the amount of the rent), with two responsible sureties, will be required for the due observance of the conditions of the lease, and the regular payment of the rent by equal monthly instalments before the expiration of seven days after the termination of each month.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned, at the Office of the Trust.

By order of the Commissioners,
EDWIN W. HOLLINWORTH,
Secretary.

Sydney Road Trust Office, Pitt-street, 11th November. 8570

NOTICE.—LACHLAN MILLS.—

The undersigned have leased the Lachlan Mills Woolwashing and Fellmongering Establishment from Mr. J. H. Atkinson. They have also taken the business of Commission Woolstaplers, as lately carried on by him at the Stores, 376, Pitt-street; and intend to carry on both in the same liberal manner in which they have hitherto been conducted.

The premises at Lachlan Mills are very extensive, and in first-rate working order, several alterations and additions having been lately made. They are now capable of washing a greater quantity of wool than any other premises in the colony. All wools committed to their care will be got up in a correct manner, and at the usual charges.

MAUD AND STEPHENS.
376, Pitt-street, Sydney, November 11. 866

NOTICE.—M. BRODZIAK, Watch-

maker and Jeweller, No. 106, King-street East, being under engagement to leave his shop at the end of next month, begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he will sell off his stock, consisting of gold and silver watches of every description, ladies' gold neck chains, gent's curb and fancy pattern gold guards, a good selection of plain and pearl studs set in fine gold, a few sets of gold vest buttons, fine gold signet and fancy rings, a great variety of cameo and other brooches, gold earrings, lockets, pins, gold and silver pencil cases, toothpicks, silver thimbles, guards, &c.

M. B. begs also to introduce to the notice of the public his Sheffield plated tea and coffee services (admitted to be the handsomest in the colony), cruet, liqueur, hock, and soy frames, toast-racks, egg stands with gilt cups, bread and cake baskets, salvers, candlesticks, snuffers, and trays, tankards (richly chased), goblets, mugs, &c. The whole of which are the best silver plated, having been imported by the advertiser from the manufacturer direct; and he feels confident when he offers them at English cost price, that they must defy competition. He has also on hand a few bracket striking clocks, handsome skeleton and other clocks; they are warranted to perform well, and will be sold at the lowest possible rate; and the public will be able to discern a genuine SELLING OFF to the general puffing system. Observe the address—106, King-street East, opposite the Rainbow Tavern.

N.B.—All persons having repairs at his shop will oblige him by fetching the same before the 31st December next. 8571

WATCHES, &c.

CASH AND NO BOOKING.

RICHARD LAMB, 454, George-street, has much pleasure in informing gentlemen that he has on sale the very best and unusually flat ¾ Plate Lever Watches imported into the colony, now ready for delivery, price only £7 10s., with two years' warranty.

Also, good eight-day Clocks, thoroughly cleaned and regulated, 2s6. each.

The best Eau de Cologne one shilling per bottle.

Watches filled with glasses—

Common	0s. 6d.	each.
Flat	0 9	,,
Bull's Eyes and Lunettes	1 0	,,

N.B.—Parties wishing to have pure California gold worked up, are invited to attend the operation at his work rooms 8726

MUNTZ'S PATENT METAL, from

14oz., upwards
Also, TANKS containing from 400 to 750 gallons.

LANE AND CO., Ship Chandlers,
8590 Lower George-street.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF SYDNEY,

AND THE SURROUNDING DISTRICTS.

THE Undersigned takes this opportunity of informing the above, that he has received, ex Princess Victoria and Phœnician, direct from the London and Paris manufacturers, a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, (upwards of 1500) consisting of every variety in modern use; they are all of very superior finish. Prices fully 30 per cent. below any other house. Persons requiring a really good timekeeper will do well to give the undersigned a call, where they may select from by far the largest and best finished stock of watches in the colony.

	£	s.	d.
Silver Patent Levers, in double-backed cases, capped and jewelled, detached escapements, maintaining power, and all the latest improvements	4	10	0
Silver Horizontal Watches, jewelled in four holes, in neatly engine-turned double-backed cases, set hands at back, with going barrel to continue the action while winding	3	15	0
Silver Hunting Watches, in extra strong double-backed engine-turned cases, of the very best finish, made expressly for *Bush Use*	5	5	0
A Variety of Second-hand Silver Watches, suitable for Shepherds, Bushmen, Farm Servants, and others, all in good going order	2	2	0
A large assortment of very superior *Gold Horizontal and Patent Lever Watches*, in double-backed hunting and open face cases, jewelled in four holes, enamelled and gold dials, sunk seconds, set hands at back, detached escapements, maintaining power, and all the latest improvements, by some of the most eminent makers in London and Paris, from	6	10	0

The whole of the above Watches are warranted not to vary more than one minute per week.

Every watch sold at this establishment is warranted for two years, and a written guarantee given, should the watch require *fresh* oil, regulation, or other attention, within the period of warranty, it will be done free of charge; after that time it will be cleaned and adjusted on the payment of 2s. 6d., if of the vertical construction; or 3s. 6d., if of the lever or horizontal; and no further charge will be made for attention during the then succeeding two years. Any extra cost in case of accident may be known on enquiry when the watch is left.

Customers in the interior are informed, that should any accident or defect appear within the two years of purchase, the carriage from any part will be paid, the error rectified free of charge, and the purchaser only allowed to be at the expense of the carriage back to his residence.

The warrantry is considered void, should the watch with which it is given be put into the hands of another watchmaker. This regulation is necessary in consequence of the injury done to watches by incompetent workmen.

The undersigned having in his employ several first-rate London workmen, is in a position to pay strict attention to the practical part of his business. Every description of English and Foreign watches, clocks, &c., cleaned and repaired in a workmanlike manner at London prices.

The following scale of charges is respectfully submitted:—

Watches of the vertical construction, cleaned for	2s. 6d.
Ditto patent lever	3s. 6d.
Horizontal or Geneve	4s. 0s.

All Watches passing through this Establishment are properly regulated by the Astronomical Clock.

Best English lunette glasses fitted for One Shilling.

Sterling silver Guard Chains £0 12 6
Gold Chains, weighing three sovereigns, for 3 10 0

English Standard Gold Wedding and Keeper Rings, bearing the Goldsmiths' Company's well-known Standard Mark at the same prices as charged for those of colonial manufacture.

Observe, the address.—

D. DAVIS,
8026 475, George-street.

FANCY WARE DEPOT,

HUNTER-STREET.

THE Subscriber has lately received—

Bohemian glass vases, in great variety
China INKSTANDS and CARD BASKETS
Ivory buttons, various sizes
Accordeons, clarionets, and violins
VIOLIN and GUITAR STRINGS
Flutes, in cocoa, ebony, and boxwood, 1, 4, 6, 8, and 9 keys
Writing desks and work boxes
Violin bows, bridges, and screws
TOOTH and NAIL BRUSHES, very superior
Cloth, hat, hair, and shaving brushes
Ivory, tortoiseshell, and horn combs, of all kinds
Macassar oil and fancy soaps
Large size rocking horses
Boys' tool chests, toy pianofortes, cricket bats, Noah's arks, dissected maps, marble boards, tea and dinner sets, and an extensive assortment of new and curious toys
Life protectors and walking canes
CHESSMEN and chessboards
Backgammon ditto
Knitting pins, crotchet needles, and lucets
Silk, steel, bead, and leather purses
FANCY BASKETS
Gum rings, ivory whistles, humming tops, needle books, cups and balls, stilettos, pencil cases, razor strops, measuring tapes, smelling bottles, ring puzzles, napkins, rings, pin boxes, shirt studs, silver thimbles, and an immense quantity of small wares
Also, suitable for Country Shopkeepers, &c.—
200,000 stone marbles
100 dozen tin harmonicon trumpets
Fine composition dolls, all sizes
Painted China marbles and alleys
100 dozen glass bead necklaces
And a general assortment of Toy Goods.

HENRY PARKES,
Ivory Turning Manufactory and Fancy Ware Depôt, Hunter-street. 9276

READ! MARK! LEARN!

THE following are a few (out of hundreds) of the voluntary statements of parties who have experienced benefit from the use of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, IN THIS COLONY:—

A CURE OF FITS.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Henry Whiting, boot and shoemaker, Red Bank, Stonequarry, February, 1847.

SIR,—I have for many years past been troubled with a falling sickness, frequently dropping down at my work or in the street, and could get no relief from any one until I tried Holloway's Pills, and now, by the use of them, I am completely cured.

To Mr. J. K. Heydon

CURE OF THIRTY-FIVE ULCERS.

To Mr. J. K. HEYDON.

Molong, September 21, 1848.

SIR,—I owe a debt of gratitude to Professor Holloway, for my almost miraculous cure, after seven years of suffering, caused by exposure to wet and cold, and the undue use of mercurial medicines. When I first commenced to use the Pills and Ointment, I had thirty-five ulcers on my body, and a constant head-ache, and pains all over me. My throat had got so affected that I was obliged at last to live entirely on gruel. Having spent upwards of two hundred pounds in medicine and medical advice to no purpose, except that of making me worse, I tried Holloway's Pills and Ointment, by means of which, and the blessing of God, I am now in the enjoyment of excellent health. My feeling for others similarly circumstanced, as well as my gratitude to Mr. Holloway, compel me to send you this communication.—I am, sir, your obedient servant.

JEREMIAH REED.

P.S.—I am at present in the employment of Messrs. Syers, Brothers, Meadows, near Wellington.

CASE OF LIVER COMPLAINT.

Campelltown, April 21, 1848.

To Mr. HEYDON

SIR,—I feel it a duty incumbent on me to let the community at large know the wonderful cure that has been performed on me by the effects of Holloway's Medicine. I have for the last six months been afflicted with the liver complaint, and at last was compelled to take to my bed in a very low state, so bad that I did not think I would ever rise in health again. After trying medical aid and finding no relief, I was advised by Mr. William Bursill to try the medicine aforenamed, which I did, and after one or two doses of Holloway's Pills, and rubbing in the Ointment, I found great relief, and by strictly following the rules laid down by Mr. Holloway, and using his Pills and Ointment for six weeks, I find myself in the enjoyment of as good health as I ever possessed in my life. The truth of this statement is incontestible, as there is not one of my neighbours but could testify the same.—I remain, &c.

ROBERT ELKINS, Blacksmith.

ANOTHER CURE OF DISEASED LIVER.

To Mr. J. K. HEYDON.

SIR,—About eighteen months since, I was dangerously attacked with a liver complaint, for which I consulted the two medical men of the district, but derived no benefit from either of them; in fact, I was so bad that one of them told me "he could see no hopes of my recovery," and gave me up. I was afterwards advised to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which I did, and after the continued use of them for seven weeks (according to the directions accompanying the medicines) I am now entirely cured; and for the benefit of those that may be similarly affected, I have great pleasure in giving it publicity.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
WILLIAM RODGERS.

Ravensworth, Hunter's River,
January 7, 1849.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF A DESPERATE SKIN DISEASE IN INDIA.

The Editor of the *Mofussilite* (India) newspaper has inserted the following editorial article in his paper:—"We know for a fact, that Holloway's Pills and Ointment set in a most wonderful manner upon the constitution, as an eccentric Coolie, called Eliza, employed in our establishment, was affected with myriads of Ringworms, which defied all the Meerut Doctors, and promised to devour the poor man before he was under ground: we tried "Holloway" upon him, and in a month he was perfectly restored to his former condition and cleanliness of skin. The effect was miraculous."—[The gentleman who narrates this circumstance is a native of New South Wales, of the highest respectability, and has, in a communication to his relations in the colony, particularly called their attention to the merits of Holloway's medicines.]

This wonderful Medicine can be recommended with the greatest confidence for any of the following diseases:—

Ague	Jaundice
Asthma	Liver complaints
Bilious complaints	Lumbago
Blotches on the skin	Piles
Bowel complaints	Prickly heat
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of the bowels	Retention of urine
Consumption	Sore throats
Debility	Scrofula or King's evil
Dropsy	Stone and gravel
Dysentery	Secondary symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic doloreux
Female irregularities	Tumours
Fevers of all kinds	Turn of life
Fits	Ulcers
Gout	Venereal affections
Head-ache	Worms of all kinds
Indigestion	Weakness, from whatever causes
Inflammation	&c., &c., &c.

These truly invaluable Pills can be obtained at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, near Temple Bar, London; and of

J. K. HEYDON,
Wholesale Agent,
78, King-street, Sydney.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients, in every disorder, are affixed to each box.

SUB-AGENTS IN SYDNEY,
Sydney—Mr. Marshfield, tobacconist, Brickfield-hill; Mr. Cleary, shoemaker, King-street; Mr. Pinhey, chemist, Parramatta-street; Mr. M. Dalton, grocer, Parramatta-street; Mr. Marshall, chemist, William-street, Woolloomooloo; Mr. Watson, shoemaker, South Head Road; Mr. J. Beer, hairdresser and tobacconist, Lower George-street, four doors from the *Herald* Office. 6586

ROW'S

EMBROCATION, OR FARMER'S FRIEND,
An INFALLIBLE Remedy

For Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Galls with the Saddle or Collar, Broken Knees, Wounds, Lameness, Cracked Heels, Inflammation in either Horse or Bullock, &c., &c.

IN thus prominently introducing the above article to the Australian public, and more especially to those who are owners of Stock, the advertiser feels assured that he is bringing before their notice one of the most VALUABLE PREPARATIONS that has ever been discovered, and which, for its general utility and applicability, has never been surpassed by a single article selected from the very numerous list of nostrums which from time to time have filled the advertising columns of the English newspapers.

The EMBROCATION to which the undersigned would solicit the PARTICULAR and ESPECIAL ATTENTION of every SETTLER and STOCKHOLDER in the Colony, is one which, for a period of TWENTY YEARS, has been prepared exclusively and sold by his Father in England, during which time it has had an extensive circulation; and such has been the UNEQUALLED SUCCESS which has attended its use, that HUNDREDS of the most RESPECTABLE and influential individuals in the county have voluntarily forwarded to the Inventor numberless cases in which its superior efficacy has been fully realized.

The system of puffing which is now so generally adopted in the mother country in order to effect the sale of new preparations, has never been resorted to by the manufacturers of the "FARMER'S FRIEND," having allowed it for many years quietly to work its own way, and leaving those to recommend it who had been eye witnesses to the benefits which had resulted from its application. Had the proprietor availed himself of the advertising sheet as a means of publishing its celebrity, there can be no doubt but the sale of this preparation would have exceeded anything of the kind ever offered to the public, as, notwithstanding no effort of the kind being made, it has found a place in the establishment of almost EVERY FARMER in the county where it is manufactured.

The advertiser has, for nearly five years carried out the plan adopted by his father in the sale of the embrocation, and such have been the convincing proofs of its utility which he has received, that he has determined on thus bringing it into more immediate and public notice; and, in order that it may be easily obtained in all parts of the colony, AGENTS WILL BE APPOINTED in the various townships of the interior, the names of whom will appear in a future advertisement.

Sold in jars, three-shillings and sixpence each, by

JOHN ROW,
93, King-street, and
Corner of Liverpool and Pitt streets,
7413 Sydney.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

D. HOLBOROW will offer to-day 756 rich and beautiful shawls, commencing at 5s. 1d. to 14s. 11½d.

902 Muslin dresses, full length, warranted fast colour and perfect, from 4s. 5½d. to 5s. 5½d.

To be had at Bristol House, 512, George-street, opposite the Treasury.

The public may depend that these goods are great bargains; the proprietor only advertises when he has such to offer.—Mark,

D. HOLBOROW,
9342 Bristol House, near Hunter-street.

SLOPS.—SLOPS.

J. T. WOODS invites storekeepers, settlers, and others who will visit Sydney during the wool season, to inspect his well-selected stock of slops, blankets, &c., &c., consisting of—

Stout moleskin trousers, from 3s. 6d. per pair
Good double-stitched taped seams ditto, 5s. 6d. per pair
Extra stout strapped ditto, very cheap
Colonial tweed trousers, 8s. 6d. per pair
Napier moleskin ditto, 4s. 3d. ditto
Gambroon ditto, 5s. 9d. ditto
Pilot cloth ditto, 9s. 9d. ditto
Heavy Scotch twill shirts, 22s. 6d. per dozen
Ditto blue serge ditto, 39s. 6d. ditto
Ditto regatta ditto, 17s. 6d. ditto
Fine white ditto, 29s. 6d. ditto
Good pilot cloth coats, 9s. 6d. each
Superior ditto ditto, 12s. 6d. each
Colonial tweed ditto, 17s. 6d. each
Monkey jackets and pea coats
9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 blankets, rugs, counterpanes, &c., &c., &c.,

At Sydney House,
269, Pitt-street. 9143

EX THE LATE ARRIVALS.

B. MOUNTCASTLE begs to announce a large addition to his extensive stock,—the assortments are now complete, and on inspection will be found to contain all the latest London and Paris fashions, in

Beaver Hats, black and drab
French ventilated Hats, ditto ditto
Stuff Hats, ditto ditto
Shell Hats, ditto ditto
Felt Hats
Ladies' riding Hats

The largest assortment in Sydney of men's and boy's plain and fancy Caps
Capmakers supplied with materials.

Every description of hats manufactured to order in any quantity. A considerable allowance to country storekeepers.

Livery bands, cockades, naval and commissariat lace and ornaments, &c., &c.

French Hat Manufactory,
77, Market-street.

Fancy Cloth Cap Maker wanted. Apply as above. 633

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PARRAMATTA.

The Court of General Quarter Sessions for the districts of Parramatta, Windsor, Penrith, Liverpool, and Campbelltown, commenced here on Tuesday last, the 19th instant, before Samuel Raymond, Esq., Chairman, assisted by Mr. J. R. Hardy, P.M., and Messrs. Pearson and J. B. Sutton and Doctors Harris and Clarke.

The calendar was very light, not exceeding more than ten cases.

The first prisoner arraigned was John Green, an old man aged eighty-four years, charged with stealing a waistcoat, the property of William Hopkins, a dealer residing in Church-street. The prisoner pleaded guilty, and was sentenced three months to Parramatta Gaol.

George Simpson, late of Windsor, was charged with, first, beating, wounding, and ill-treating one William Hobbs, Chief Constable of Windsor; and, secondly, with a common assault. The prosecutor deposed: I know the prisoner; I first saw him on the 10th or 11th September last, standing on the footpath in George-street, at Windsor; the prisoner appeared to be ill; I came to him, and spoke mildly to him, to the following effect—"my good man, you had better go to the back of the house," to which the prisoner made a very indecent reply, and went into the public-house; I was on duty at the time as a constable, and said, "as you think fit to answer in that manner I will know who you are;" and I accordingly followed him in; I was not in a moment before I was struck a violent blow, and knocked down. William Gosber, a publican of Windsor, deposed to seeing Mr. Hobbs and the prisoner on the ground: he went to Mr. Hobbs' assistance, and had much difficulty in getting the prisoner off Mr. Hobbs. The prisoner called no witnesses, but handed in a written defence to the effect that he did not know Mr. Hobbs was chief constable, and that he had been some time in Gaol. The Jury found the prisoner guilty, and in consideration of his having been incarcerated he was fined one shilling.

John Elliott, late of Windsor, was arraigned on a charge of stealing sundry moneys the property of a person named Brew, of the town of Richmond. The prisoner pleaded guilty, and handed in several certificates of good character. The Court sentenced him to six months' hard labour in Parramatta Gaol.

Adam Moore was placed at the bar, charged with stealing and pawning a watch, the property of Mr. James Scott, of Berrima. The prisoner pleaded not guilty. It seems the prisoner is a watch-maker, and had travelled for the purpose of trade; in the month of August last he received the prosecutor's watch to repair, but left the district without returning it, and proceeded to Sydney, where he pawned the watch at Mr. Asher's, and returning to Liverpool, managed to get into the good graces of Mr. Roan, auctioneer of that place, to whom he, after several refusals on Mr. Roan's part, insisted on his acceptance of a duplicate of a watch, as the prisoner stated, for some acts of kindness done by Mr. Roan; the last mentioned person sent the duplicate to Sydney and redeemed the watch, the expenses amounted, with repairs, to thirteen shillings. The prisoner in his defence stated he had not pawned the watch, but that some other party had done so to whom he had given it for the purpose of putting in a glass; that he had been ten weeks in custody, having been taken to Berrima and then returned here. The Crown Prosecutor stated that his object in trying the prisoner in Parramatta was because the majority of the witnesses were in that district. The jury found the prisoner guilty, and he was sentenced to three months' hard labour in Parramatta Gaol.

John Higgins was next indicted for stealing two trowels and a whitewash brush on the 12th instant, the property of Messrs Belman and George Hopkins. The jury found the prisoner guilty, and the Court sentenced him to six months' hard labour in Parramatta Gaol. The Chairman called William Hopkins, the dealer with whom the brush was found, and he having admitted that he gave sixpence for it, with the understanding that the prisoner was to have it back upon the payment of a shilling, was severely reprimanded, and cautioned against the repetition of such a deed.

Jane Hart, late of Penrith, was arraigned upon a charge of stealing three pairs of socks, one piece of ribbon, and two cabbage tree hats, from the shop of Mr. John Perry, of Penrith. This case was recently reported in the *Herald*—guilty, to be imprisoned for five months.

William Gardner and William Fieldhouse, late of Camden, were placed at the bar charged with assault with intent to commit a rape on one Ellen Eaton, at the Cowpastures, in the month of July last. The prosecutor deposed that she was living with her parents at the time of the assault, but at the present time as general servant with Mr. Werby. I left my father's field at Narellan, where I was working, to go to Mr. Kearon's for some eye-water for my sister; on going back home I met the prisoner, who got hold of me by the shoulders; Gardner threw me down, broke my hair combs, used improper language, and threw clods at me; I got away, and was then met by the prisoner Fieldhouse; I called out and he let me go; I complained to my parents who were at supper; we saw a Justice of the Peace, Doctor Bransby, and the prisoners were taken next morning. The prisoners were undefended, and in their defence handed in several certificates of character. The Jury found Fieldhouse not guilty, and he was discharged. Gardner guilty. The Chairman addressed the prisoner at some length upon the heinousness of the crime, and fined him £5, or to go two months to Gaol.

Neil Johnston, of Sydney, was charged with stealing one pair of trousers, and one white dress, from the house of Mr. Barker, licensed publican, of Church-street. The property was sworn to by the prosecutor, and the sale of the same to a dealer clearly proved. Mr. Allen, the governor of the Parramatta Gaol, stated that the prisoner had been in gaol before under a sentence from the Supreme Court for burning a child, and Mr. Ryan stated the prisoner to be a most infamously bad character. The Jury found the prisoner guilty, and he was sentenced to six months' hard labour in Parramatta Gaol.

Joseph Boulton, a jobbing carpenter, of Parramatta, was charged with stealing bank notes to the amount of £88, on the 26th August last, the property of Mrs. Maria Willis. The prisoner pleaded not guilty, and challenged the whole of the Parramatta jurors. Mr. G. R. Nichols appeared to defend the prisoner. Mrs. Willis being sworn, deposed, I am the wife of Mr. James Willis, builder and undertaker of this town; I wrapped four twenty-pound notes and eight one-pound notes in a piece of paper, and put them inside of a pail, which I put into a box and locked up; this was on the 26th of August; the next day I lent the pail to the prisoner for the purpose of being used at the funeral of a girl who had died from burning; the prisoner returned the pail in an hour and a half; in a week after, I having occasion for some money went to the box, and for the first time discovered my loss; I told Mr. Ryan, we went to the prisoner's house and said to him, "did you not see a small parcel in the pail I lent you?" He said "no;" I said "are you quite sure?" He said "he was sure;" I went again next morning with Mr. Reid, and Mr. R. said "have you made up your mind to give up the money?" He said he he knew nothing about it; we thought he might be innocent; I said "I will give you £10 if you will see the parties and find the money." Prisoner went to Prospect; he said he opened the pail at Fitzsimmons', and that it could not have fallen out without his seeing it. The Crown Prosecutor handed Mrs. Willis twelve notes, which she made up into a parcel like the one lost, and said the largest size pair of gloves would not be so large as the paper. Mr. Patrick Corbory, of Prospect, deposed: I was at the funeral when the pail was opened; Jeffers was standing near the prisoner; I saw something fall out of the pail by his side; it was paper, and twisted at each end; Jeffers picked it up and gave it to the prisoner, saying, "is this yours;" he replied "yes," and put it into his pocket. John Jeffers, though evidently an unwilling witness, confirmed the statement of the previous witness. A long chain of evidence was adduced in proof of the case against the prisoner; after which Mr. Nichols called several highly respectable gentlemen, who gave the prisoner the best character up to that time. Mr. Nichols then addressed the Jury, and said that the present charge against the prisoner was no larceny, but in point of law a mere breach of trust. This line of argument was over-ruled by the learned Chairman, who said the point was, whether the prisoner knew, at the time he found the money, who the right owner was. The Jury found the prisoner guilty, and he was sentenced to five years' hard labour on the public roads of the colony.

Henry Hatley was charged with taking a letter containing money out of the Post Office at Penrith. The prisoner pleaded not guilty. A very material witness in this case was Thomas Keenen, who, on being called, was in a stupid state of intoxication, just able to speak. The Crown Prosecutor said, that the witnesses had been brought from a distance, among whom was the Postmaster of Penrith; and he thought that the witness, being a material one, the case could not safely proceed without him, and he ought to pay the expenses. The Chairman sentenced him to pay a fine of £5, and to be sent to gaol till the fine was paid. Thomas just lifted his head and replied, "good health to you Mr. Raymond," and was removed in custody. The trial consequently was put off till next session.

Inquests.—An inquiry took place at the dwelling house of Mr. James Long, at Baulkham Hills, on Wednesday last, before Mr. C. B. Lyons, coroner, on view of the body of a male adult, name not known, about the age of fifty years, dressed in a light tweed coat, black buttons, light brown cassimere trousers, red plush waistcoat, having with him two bundles, one containing some good apparel, the other a pair of boots and shaving apparatus. George Bushell, being sworn, stated, I am a carter in the service of Mr. James Miller, a carrier in Windsor; yesterday evening, about two o'clock, as I was coming from Sydney, and had got as far as James Kirwan's, the "Horse and Jockey," at Concord, I saw the man who is now lying dead in the waggon of John Wood, also a Windsor carrier; our two teams came on together as far as Finigan's, at Duck River Bridge, when as Wood's waggon was going the Black Town Road, the deceased asked me to give him a lift to M'Grath's Hill, near Windsor, which I agreed to do; we started together from Finigan's before daylight this morning, and parted at Parramatta, the deceased being in my waggon. After we passed the Brokenback Bridge toll-gate the deceased complained of being ill; he coughed, he said he had been ill in Sydney for a fortnight, that he had caught cold, and had had a blister on; he got worse, and as we came to Baulkham Hills he asked me to knock Mr. Barratt, the publican, up, as he thought a warm drink would do him good; he had a glass of warm rum and water, only one glass; he got a little better for a time, but when at the bottom of the hill he wanted to lie down in the waggon; he then rested his head on some bags and died directly; I got Brian Molley, who lives close by, to assist me in taking him out of the waggon, and place him where he now is; Mr. Suttor and Mr. M'Dougall were immediately informed, Mr. M'Dougall came up and had him searched; fifteen shillings and sixpence were found then, but I afterwards found two pound notes pinned to his pocket; the silver was in this bag; I did not find out his name; he said he had been in Sydney doing nothing for six weeks, and was going to Pitt Town to work; he had a good suit of clothes on, and good clothes in a bundle; there were no papers, nor any mark by which to ascertain who he was; there are no marks on his arms or chest; Philip Thorley, now present, overtook me, walking, about two miles from Parramatta, and rode in the waggon with the deceased; there was no accident to the waggon, and we were all perfectly sober. Philip Thorley confirmed the statement of the last witness. Alexander Gamack, having been sworn, stated, I am a legally qualified medical practitioner; at the request of the jury and the witnesses, George Bushell and Philip Thorley, I have made a careful *post mortem* examination of the body of the male adult now lying dead, and found extensive disease of the heart and lungs; the heart was nearly twice the natural size, and extensive ossification of its valves, particularly of the aorta, had taken place; I am of opinion that death was caused by disease of the heart, which must have been of long standing; there is the appearance of a blister on his chest, but not very recent; deceased appears to have been upwards of fifty years old. A verdict was returned, that deceased died of disease of the heart.—Another inquest was held the same day (Wednesday) at Mrs. Cadman's, the Steam Packet Inn, George-street, Parramatta, on view of the body of George Leverenge, an infant of the age of fifteen months. It appears that the mother of the deceased child was a most heartless, unfeeling woman, greatly addicted to drunkenness and had been seen to let the child fall; whilst in that condition, moreover, the child was teething and she had just before its death taken it to Mr. Surgeon Gwynne, who with his usual benevolence gave his advice and medicine, as in hundreds of other cases, without the slightest hope of remuneration. After the child's death the mother and her companions spread a report that Dr. Gwynne had killed the child; one woman went into a public house and said she would swear it; others attributed the death to a fall whilst the mother was drunk. Two witnesses were examined, who spoke of the child having fallen, and the mother was not able to walk; that a servant of Mrs. Walker's carried the child to its father. Doctor Gamack deposed, I have examined the body of the deceased child, and find no external marks of violence. I am of opinion from the evidence, and from the statement of Mr. Gwynne, that the child died from convulsions produced by teething; from the statement of the mother and the appearance of the child's gums, I am led to this conclusion. I have looked at the remains of two powders given by Dr. Gwynne, which could have nothing to do with the child's death. The Coroner called the mother, and severely reprimanded her for her drunkenness and gross neglect of her child, as also her base ingratitude to Dr. Gwynne, in raising such slanders, prejudicial to that gentleman's character. The Jury returned a verdict that the child died of convulsions from teething.

Committal.—Henry Smith, apprehended on suspicion of being concerned in the robbery, with violence, at Pennant Hills, was brought up, on Thursday last, for final examination, before J. R. Hardy, Esq., P.M. Mr. J. M. Gould appeared for the prisoner. Mr. John Ryan deposed as to the apprehension of the prisoner, and stated that the night he was apprehended he denied being in Parramatta the Sunday previously, nor yet two months ago; he also denied ever being on the Pennant Hill road; on Monday last, the prosecutor Smith, alias Pachy, came to the lock-up, and the prisoner was placed by me with two other persons, but immediately on Smith entering, he pointed to the prisoner, and said, "that is the man who robbed and ill-treated me." The prosecutor deposed; my name is Smith. I am called Pachy. I reside at Pennant Hills; I was robbed and ill treated at two o'clock of the morning of the 12th of September. A man named Brooting was sleeping in the house, my door was latched, and I was in bed; two men entered, and said, 'quiet, quiet, where is your money?" They both had pistols, the big fellow had a woman's mantle on and something over his face, the smallest man had something white on his face; they dragged me out of bed, kicked, beat, and treated me most unmercifully; they tied me with shoemakers' hemp; the big fellow said, "make a large fire and roast him;" they made a fire, and dragged me close to it, and said, "you have £300, and we must have it." They took a one-pound note and some silver, in all about £2, also a bank receipt for £20. I am sure the prisoner is the man who stood over me. I shall never be fit to do much work again. Mr. Gould cross examined the prosecutor at some length, but did not shake his evidence. Joseph Warby deposed; I saw the prisoner, the day before the robbery, on the Pennant Hill road; he asked the way to Pachy's; I gave him a ride in my cart two miles; at twelve o'clock I returned with wood, and met Pachy coming home from town, and afterwards met prisoner 200 yards behind him. Prisoner had dark trousers, brown coat, and a cabbage tree hat on. John Stow, schoolmaster, at Pennant Hills, deposed, I live a quarter of a mile from Smith or Pachy, I have no doubt the prisoner is the man who called at my house the day before the robbery. I noticed him because he was much like a relation of mine, he enquired about a man who carted wood with a chesnut horse, I said, "You mean Pachy;" I had no hesitation in picking him out on Monday morning last at the watch house. Mr. Ryan recalled, stated, the night I apprehended the prisoner, he told me he was a boot closer; the hemp cords found in the house are similar to those with which Smith was tied, used for boot closing. The prisoner was committed to take his trial at the Supreme Court on the 2nd of December next. Bail was refused.

The Bishop of New Zealand will preach at Saint John's Church, morning and evening, and at All Saints' Church in the afternoon, of Sunday next.

GUNDAGAI.

The Governor's Visit.—On Sunday, the 17th, his Excellency arrived in the neighbourhood of this township, about three P.M., and was met a short distance by every man capable of providing and mounting a horse. His Excellency was accompanied by Captain Fitz Roy, A.D.C., Mr. Commissioner Beckham, and Mr. Taaffe, who, with Mr. Jenkins, J.P., accompanied him to Bungus, the residence of the latter gentleman, where he dined and spent the night. On his Excellency's return, and on crossing the Murumbidgee to Gundagai, this morning, he was greeted with three hearty cheers, and on resting at the Rose Inn was waited upon by a deputation consisting of the following gentlemen: Mr. R. P. Jenkins, J.P., Mr. W. E. King, J.P., D. Waugh, J.P., Messrs. Broughton, Davis n, Turnbull, and Hunt, who presented a congratulatory and complimentary address, to which his Excellency made a gracious reply. His Excellency visited and inspected the National School, just finished, expressing his satisfaction and approval of the building, and the object to which it is to be devoted, and seemed in excellent spirits.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE AUSTRALIAN COLONIES.

House of Commons, July 25.

On the motion for going into Committee of Supply,

Lord Naas rose to move that an humble address be presented to Her Majesty, praying that she will be graciously pleased to order such measures to be taken as will ensure the immediate establishment of regular steam communication with her Australian colonies. The noble lord proceeded to call the attention of the house to the delay and uncertainty which arose in the transmission of intelligence from the Australian colonies to this country, and to the fact that the members of the Government were frequently indebted to the colonial newspapers for important information which reached this country before their own official despatches from those colonies. During last year on one occasion four or five months had elapsed without any communication between this country and the Australian colonies. In the year 1847 the average length of the passage was 121 days, and in 1848 it was 119 days. From this it would be seen that the ordinary time for conveying letters and communications from this country to Sydney varied from 120 to 130 days; but if the plan which he was about to propose now were adopted, or something like it, the passage would be reduced to 70 days. Three routes had been suggested for this steam communication. First, the western route by Panama, a distance of 11,600 miles; second, the southern route by the Cape of Good Hope, a distance of 13,630 miles; and, thirdly, the eastern route by Singapore, a distance of 12,099 miles. The first route, however, although the shortest, was objectionable on account of the want of trade on the Pacific, and the difficult sea voyage between Singapore and Australia. The second route in his opinion, was decidedly the best, as it would include many intermediate ports and places of importance, and would be the best adapted for the purposes of emigration. The third route by Singapore would take in the present overland mail to India, and it had this advantage over the others, that it placed India in direct communication with Australia; but really for his part, as the sea part of the passage would have to be performed by screw steamers, he could not see why both this and the Cape route could not be adopted together. The Legislature of New South Wales had voted some £6000 towards carrying out that scheme of postal transmission between that country and England, and calculated that the revenue which would be derived from such transmission would amount to £20,000. Van Diemen's Land was also ready to unite in the same object, in the full confidence of the great benefit which would result to that colony and the mother country, and so likewise in respect of the other colonies. A quicker and more regular communication with England, would prevent the markets of the colonies being overstocked with commodities, which was one of the greatest evils to which they could be subject. He thought it quite clear that the greatest advantages would result to this country as well as to the colonies, in a commercial point of view, if the regular and rapid steam communication which he proposed was established.

Lord J. Manners seconded the motion.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer said he should be obliged to oppose the motion of the noble lord, but he presumed his object had been effected in calling the attention of the house to the subject. The house was well aware that he was as desirous as any one to effect a rapid and regular communication with the colonies, and he only regretted that he would not be able before the end of the session to announce that some definite arrangement had been made to accomplish that object. Last autumn tenders had been called for, giving the greatest latitude as to the routes, the modes, and the means of effecting that communication; and several were sent in. But the route considered the most advantageous to this country, as well as to the colonies, was that by the East Indies; because not only would the communication sought for with the colonies be by that means obtained, but the trade between the Australian colonies and the East Indies and China would be also fostered and developed. This would be a triple object effected. The offer made by the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company on the subject was so advantageous to the country and the colonies, that he regretted exceedingly he was not able to accept it. There was already a line of steam communication in the hands of that company, which he (the Chancellor of the Exchequer) should call the Calcutta line. This service was carried on under a contract which would expire in two years. There was another line in their hands also, which he should call the Bombay line, which had been originally from Southampton to Bombay, but the Red Sea and Indian Ocean portion of which had been discontinued, the East India Company performing now the service from Suez in their own steamers. The payment for these services was £100,000—the cost being about £110,000—of which sum half was defrayed by the East India Company, the other half being contributed by her Majesty's Government. The offer of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company was to the effect that if the Bombay line was conceded to them they would carry the heavy mails, as they were termed, from Southampton by Alexandria to Suez and Bombay, thence to Singapore, where it would branch one line to Hong-Kong and another to include the whole of the Australian colonies. It then proposed to establish a line of packets to Calcutta. The whole to be performed for £105,000. The present arrangement, however, being made with the East India Company, no other could be entered into without their assent. He had been in communication with that body upon the subject since the beginning of the session; but he was sorry to say they had declined to assent to the arrangement proposed. The deputy chairman was in the house, and he, no doubt, would state the reasons which actuated them. At present there was great inefficiency in the existing arrangements as regarded the Indian mail. One ground of refusal was said to be the necessity for keeping up the Indian navy; but that was scarcely a valid argument. All through the correspondence which had taken place, he (the Chancellor of the Exchequer) had considered the interest of the India Company conjointly

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with that of this country and the colonies. He had proposed that the payments should be made two-thirds by her Majesty's Government, and one-third by the India Company. The only other objection was, that to give the service to the Peninsular and Oriental Navigation Company, would be to concede a monopoly. On that point, however, he reserved to himself the right of dealing with the Calcutta line as he chose, when the contract should expire. He could not sufficiently express his regret that he was not able to effect an arrangement so advantageous as that which was proposed; but he hoped that before the expiration of the existing contract the East India Company would be induced to reconsider their decision, and accept this arrangement. He had done the best he could, and he would continue to do so, to effect the object in view; if he should fail, the fault would not be his, but that of those with whom he had to deal in the transaction.

Sir. J. Hogg concurred with his noble friend the Chancellor of the Exchequer as to the advantages of steam communication with the Australian colonies; but he complained that the right honorable gentleman, instead of confining himself to the tenders that had been sent in to that effect, to the proposals that had been made on the subject, to the routes that had been laid down, and to the other matters in question, had, as regarded the East India Company, taken a course at once uncalled for, and he would add, unfair, (Hear, and Oh). When the correspondence that had taken place between the Government and the East India Company on the subject had been moved for on a former night, the right hon gentleman had refused the motion on the ground that this correspondence was confidential in its character. But the whole of the right hon. gentleman's speech on the present occasion was nothing but an *ex parte* statement of the contents of that correspondence, which he (Sir J. Hogg) should move for himself the first opportunity, and then leave the house to judge between the Government and the East India Company in the matter. When the right hon. gentleman made allusion to the proposition for having a line from Singapore to Bombay, he suppressed a most important fact. When steam communication to India by way of the Red Sea was first thought of, the first question was with whom the carrying out of the communication between Bombay and Singapore should rest? Political considerations of great importance were mixed up with the question. It was submitted to the cabinet of the day, and they determined, on account of the important considerations involved in the question, that the communication between Singapore and Bombay should rest in the hands of the East India Company, and be performed by the East India Company's navy. Upon that distinct understanding, that this should be the condition precedent, before the East India Company entertained the proposition, a steam navy was established for this service, the East India Company contributing largely towards the expense. Now, he asked, was it fair when granting this service to the East India Company as a condition precedent, that as soon as the communication was established that this company, assisted by Government, should try by indirect means to get rid of this condition with the East India Company? When the communication was first established, there were two what the right hon. gentleman called heavy mails. One was abandoned, and why? Not for the sake of the public, but because it was found to be a useless expense. The Peninsular and Oriental Company stated their case to Government, and the right hon gentleman assented to their petition, and the line was abandoned. He was glad to find that the communication with India had so much increased of late years as to render the resumption of a double communication necessary. The Peninsular and Oriental Navigation Company wished to have the communication; and he was glad of it, and he hoped the right hon. gentleman would give it them. He was glad this company was in a flourishing condition, for he considered that the public service was never better performed than when in the hands of such companies; but, then, let not the right hon. baronet import into the question the cry of the public service, when the main object was to get the two communications to India into the hands of one company. He would call attention to the time when the contract was first formed with the Peninsular and Oriental Company. At that time steam expenses were less understood than now, nor was the passenger traffic understood. It was supposed that traffic would always continue to go round by the Cape of Good Hope, and that the Peninsular and Oriental Company would have little benefit besides the mails—a few parcels and an occasional passenger. The contract was entered into on that understanding. The result, however, had been the reverse of that expected, and he was glad of it. All passengers now came by the company's fine steamers, and few by the Cape of Good Hope. He rejoiced that the Peninsular and Oriental Company had got a beneficial contract; the company was composed of enterprising men; they encountered a difficulty when the means of overcoming it were not well understood. They had reaped a fair reward, and had got a large profit from their contract. But as the company had enjoyed a good contract for so long a period, neither he, the House, nor the country, would be willing to subscribe to the proposition for extending the contract unaltered for ten years longer. In two years the contract would expire. The East India Company suggested that it should be renewed—but only after the terms were fairly discussed. Government ought to say they they were willing to give the company the preference in this new contract; but then they ought also to say, "As you have already had one good bargain, enter now fairly into the matter—make a fresh bargain and you shall have a fresh contract. But if you will not do this, then we will make it public, and throw the contract open to competition." The right hon. gentleman had told the House that the company were willing to do the additional service for £5000 a year if they got a renewal of their contract. Why if the company did the service for nothing, on that condition, they would have an admirable bargain. The meaning of offering this was that the company might continue to charge the same rate to Singapore. If the right hon. gentleman renewed the same rates to Singapore, the company could afford to go to the other parts for next to nothing. It was the renewal of the contract to Singapore, at the present rates, that the East India Company resisted, and would resist, and he trusted the House would support him in resisting anything of an indirect character. The East India Company said they would go heart and hand with the other company to effect a common object, but would resist a private object. The rates to Singapore was the gravamen of the case, and the great object in getting the contract to Singapore renewed for ten years was to be able to continue to charge these rates. The right hon. gentleman talked of giving the public the benefit of competition for the service to be performed for the short distance beyond Singapore. But he could not understand what that meant, nor could the right honorable gentleman have any clear idea of what he was stating. If the Peninsular and Oriental Company got four-fifths or, rather, five-sixths of the whole way without competition, what was the use of saying that, for the remaining one-sixth, competition should be established? The proposition was ridiculous. The East India Company were ready to accede to anything reasonable or fair. But this would not do for the right honorable baronet: he would *only* be content with having the contract renewed for ten years. The right honorable gentleman said Government were joint parties with the East India Company, and could not act without them. The right hon. gentleman had never told the chairman of the East India Company that he was in communication with parties on the question until he had adopted the particular route. Then it was he came to the chairman, and said that is the route I have decided upon, will you support me in it? The right hon. gentleman ought to have come to them, and said "We wish to have a certain route to China, India, and Australia, which is the best route?" But he did no such thing. He had forgotten to mention that when the Peninsular and Oriental Navigation Company abandoned one line to Singapore, that the East India Company built four or five additional steamers at their own expense for this service. The right hon. gentleman told them they need be at no expense—all they had to do was to give up their steamers—dismiss and pay off their establishment. Why no private gentleman would talk of discharging his grooms and servants in that way. The East India Company could not do as advised—they could not discharge their servants without expense—they must pension them off; and if the proposal were adopted, so far from effecting a saving, as stated by the right hon. gentleman, it would actually be an additional expense to the company of at least £85,000 a year. He again complained of this discussion having been raised without the correspondence having been first laid on the table. The right hon. gentleman appeared to have a curious idea of what was confidential, for he described the correspondence as confidential, and then gave a pretty full intimation of its purport. Now what was the communication that was to be established by the Peninsular and Oriental Navigation Company? It was only postal. He wanted to know whether such a communication would satisfy those parties on whose behalf petitions had been presented? There had been deputations from Liverpool and other great towns, stating that they were decidedly opposed to the scheme. They did not want postal communication only; but they wanted a merchandise and passage communication round by the Cape of Good Hope. No person of small means could go by the present route. He did not say the charge was too high for the route, but he said the charge was so high by that particular route no one could go by it to Australia. No merchandise was carried that way, and only a few parcels If the route was continued to Australia that way it was preposterous to suppose it could ever pay. What all disinterested parties wanted was to see the best line of communication established between Australia and this country. If the East India Company viewed the question in a selfish light they would rather have the route by Singapore—but they wished for the best, cheapest, and most efficacious route between India and Australia, and when such a route was proposed they would lend it all its aid. He complained that the Right Hon. gentleman had held up the East India Company to obloquy for frustrating his efforts to establish a steam communication with Australia Were there not other means of communication than the one proposed? Why did not the right hon. gentleman state all of them—why did he not lay all the particulars before the House, and thus let the House judge which project was best? The fact was, the right hon. gentleman had come forward with a pet project of his own, and was not in good temper with the East India Company because they would not fall in with his views. He admitted that the right honorable gentleman was competent to take his view of the question, but then let the East India Company, which in fact was all they asked, have a little bit of voice in a matter which concerned them deeply, and for which they had to pay. The East India Company had not seen a single tender; all they knew was that the right honorable gentleman had decided something, and that he wished the East India Company to adopt it. He should move to have the correspondence laid on the table, and when that was done he should call the attention of the House to the right honorable gentleman's argument, that everything was better done by a single company than by many companies. Now, in the public papers of that day he saw an Admiralty advertisement for a contract for a communication to the Cape. Why not let the two services, as a communication with Australia by the Cape was also desired, be done by one company, if one company can, as asserted, do the work cheaper? He avowed that the East India Company were ready and willing to cooperate with Government in all fair means of establishing a communication with Australia; but they could not help looking at the unfair way in which the right honorable gentleman sought to effect his own object. It was just the same as if parties wishing to make a line from London to York should say, if they got good terms for the project, they would make a line to Richmond at a cheap rate. He contended that the offer of the Peninsular Company had no connexion with the Australian route—and because the East India Company resisted it they had been held up to public odium as resisting a project for the public advantage. The East India Company never did oppose anything calculated to ensure public benefit; but they were not willing that that should be exacted which had been previously conceded to them on grave political considerations.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer explained that the hon. baronet was not correct in stating that no communication took place with the East India Company as soon as he had decided on the route.

Sir J. Hogg—Yes; when you made up your mind as to the route, but not before.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer conceived that Government were the proper parties to decide that point, and not the East India Company. As soon as the route had been determined upon, he communicated to the East India Company what he had done. He did not expect that the subject would have been discussed, otherwise he should have been prepared to go into a full statement of the case. He was quite willing to accede to the motion for the production of the correspondence.

Mr. Anderson, from his position with respect to the Peninsular and Oriental Navigation Company, must trouble the House with a few remarks on the statements made by the hon. baronet opposite (Sir J. Hogg). He first begged to say he corroborated the statement made by the right hon. baronet the Chancellor of the Exchequer relative to the proposal laid before Government by the company for establishing steam communication with Australia, for connecting colonies with India and the mother country by auxiliary lines of steam, which was considered to be likely to tend to the advantage of commerce. This proposal had no connection whatever with the existing lines of communication with Calcutta. The proposal was an entirely distinct and separate proposal. He could not hope to make the House fully comprehend the intricate details of the question, without a very large map to show what parts were to be connected, and why they were to be connected. He would explain why it was advisable to establish steam communication with Bombay, Singapore, and the Australian colonies. Proposals had been put forward, for the last three or four years, for establishing steam communication with Australia. The communication was found to be very expensive, owing to the conditions laid down by the Government. The difficulties were financial, and the question to be solved was, how the service could be performed cheaper. He might here remark, that the superior cheapness of contracts by steam vessels arose from the companies carrying goods and passengers with the mails. It was the duty of his colleagues and himself in looking at the question to see how best they could combine the greatest amount of goods and passenger traffic with the mails. To effect that object they proposed to establish auxiliary lines for postal communication with the Australian colonies and China—thus opening up new places for trade and merchandise. They determined to extend the lines to Bombay, and there the company stopped, because there the communication was in the hands of the East India Company, whose vessels were vessels of war. After consideration it was deemed advisable, in order to carry out the proposed plan, that the service from Singapore to Bombay should be performed at a cheaper rate. The right hon. baronet had stated that the communications established by the East India Company had a political object. Now he believed it would be found that those communications had been established on a recommendation of a committee of that house, of which committee Lord Glenelg was the chairman. The practicability of a route by the Red Sea was then considered very uncertain, and that it had better be left after a time to private enterprise. The East India Company only established the communication temporarily until such time as private enterprise could be induced to come forward. He did not see, therefore, that the East India Company had any just grounds of complaint in this matter. As far as regarded the charge of monopoly brought against the Peninsular Steam Company, and their alleged excessive profits, he would just state, that when those questions were raised some time ago, the company readily exposed their books and accounts to Government inspectors, who made a report thereon, showing that the allegations could not be sustained.

Sir J. Hogg denied that he had described the company as monopolists.

Mr. Anderson said the hon. baronet had said nearly the same thing when he called on the House not to extend a monopoly by acceding to the request of the petitioners. He begged to deny that any monopoly existed. The old route was open as before, and the public had the option of going by the East India Company's splendid vessels via Cape of Good Hope. So, in fact, the Peninsular Steam Company were throughout exposed to an active competition with a fine line of the East India Company's steamers. In order to meet that competition, the Peninsular Steam Company had been obliged to reduce their fares twenty per cent., and this would show that the public was in no great danger from monopoly. The company had offered to give 350,000 miles of steam communication for the same sum which it now cost Government to provide 75,000 miles; and the company, by their proposition, sought to effect much good to commerce by closely connecting Australia, India, and China, with the mother country.

Mr. Aglionby was not sure he could support the resolution in its present shape, though he was favourable to its principle. It would be better to avoid discussing the question until the papers were laid on the table of the House. If the noble lord would leave out the word "immediate," he would feel disposed to give the proposition his support.

Mr. Simeon regretted that the forms of the house would not permit him to lay on the table the numerous petitions on the subject with which he had been entrusted. The Australian colonies were strongly in favour of the proposition for communication with India and the mother country. If the right honorable gentleman found the difficulties in the way of communication insuperable, or likely to delay the boon sought by the colonies, he trusted he would turn his attention to some other mode of communication, either by the Cape or the Isthmus of Panama. (Hear.)

Mr. F. Scott regretted that the forms of the house prevented his laying on the table a petition most numerously signed, and containing the signatures of more influential parties in the city of London than perhaps were ever appended to any other petition. Four years ago he presided over a Committee, which sat many weeks, to consider the best line of communication between Australia and Great Britain, and the result was a memorial to the Government on the subject, and from that time to the present most pressing representations had frequently been made. Whilst he could not excuse the East India Company for the course they had pursued, neither did he think the Government had regarded the interests of this country to the extent they ought to have done in permitting such a long delay. The petitioners regretted that although there was a line of steam communication from this country to almost every other country, still that steam communication had not been extended to the Australian colonies, by the trade of which it is most imperatively required. When he considered the great importance of the wool trade of Australia, he could not but regret that the squabble between the Government and the East India Company should prevent that speedy communication which was so desirable, and that speedy knowledge of the state of the market which was of the utmost importance in a commercial point of view. He was not prejudiced in favour of any particular route. Although he thought the Cape line had its advantages, he thought the line suggested by the Government would afford the greatest number of advantages as a postal line of communication, and it had this further advantage, that it was altogether completed with the exception of that portion at the further end. The hon. baronet (Sir J. Hogg), in alluding to the large sums of money paid by the East India Company, took no notice of the vast sums which they received.

Sir J. Hogg.—The Government receive all the postage.

Mr. Scott.—But a considerable sum was paid by them for the conveyance of the mail between Suez and Bombay. He could not help thinking the position assumed by the East India Company was one calculated to make the House and the country inquire carefully into the renewal of their charter. (Hear, hear.) The interests of the Australian colonies were of too much importance to be juggled away by a dispute between the Government and the East India Company, and he trusted the Government would not allow the interposition of any delay in a matter of such importance, but that they would take immediate steps to overcome the obstacles which now existed.

Mr. Macgregor said a petition had been entrusted to him, which was signed by almost every commercial house in Glasgow, on the subject of a speedy communication with the Australian colonies. He thought the directors of the East India Company had not acted wisely in rejecting the offer of the Government, and trusted they would reconsider the question, and endeavour to do all in their power to extend steam navigation with Australia, the necessity of which was every day becoming more apparent. He thought the wisest course would be to leave the matter in the hands of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, believing he would take such measure as were best calculated to carry that communication into effect.

Mr. Henley did not think the economical arrangement of the Chancellor of the Exchequer perfectly satisfactory. The right hon. gentleman seemed to imagine that he had made an advantageous bargain on a comparison of the costs of carrying the mails to Suez and Bombay. Now, the cost of that portion of the conveyance was 24*s*. or 25*s*. a mile. It was hardly dealing fairly with the subject to say that £105,000 was an economical arrangement for the new service, solely because the other service cost so large a sum. He regretted that the motion had been brought forward. He thought it would have been much better if the matter had been left in the hands of the Government, because a pressure of this kind must incapacitate them in some measure from making such a good arrangement as they might otherwise be able to do. (Hear.)

Mr. Hume trusted that the correspondence would be laid before the house, in order that they might be able to judge correctly of the grounds on which the charge against the East India Company had been made. If possible he hoped it would be produced before Parliament separated for the recess.

Mr. Divett was glad to find that the public would have an opportunity of knowing why the East India Company placed itself as a stumbling block in the way of this important measure. It had generally been stated that the honorable Baronet was the great obstacle, and his speech fully confirmed the report.

Sir. J. Hogg explained that he was not acting in any official capacity at the time.

Mr. Wyld thought the line proposed by the Oriental Navigation Company, and sanctioned by the Government, possessed great advantages. The expense of a portion of the line was paid by the Mediterranean traffic. The traffic from Bombay to Suez belonged to the East India Company, and that was the only part of the line which presented any great obstruction to the carrying out of this important plan of steam communication.

Lord Naas, in reply, said he did not intend to divide.

The amendment was then negatived without a division.

One of the newspapers—the *Daily News*—had a curious insertion on Saturday. Right in the middle of the Parliamentary debates were to be found these mystical lines in large capitals:—

DONEVAN POLS.
DONEVAN POLS DOOGOOD.

The uninitiated must have been somewhat puzzled by this cabala. The fact is that Doogood, the reporter, put at the end of his slip the name of the reporter following; the second reporter put the same at the beginning of his own slip, and their names are always printed on the slips in large letters, to prevent errors in the reading on. By accident, these names were retained when the type was put together, and the paper sent to press.

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